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FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:55:33 ON 02 JUN 2006
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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 1 JUN 2006 HIGHEST RN 886490-27-3
 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 1 JUN 2006 HIGHEST RN 886490-27-3

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH January 6, 2006

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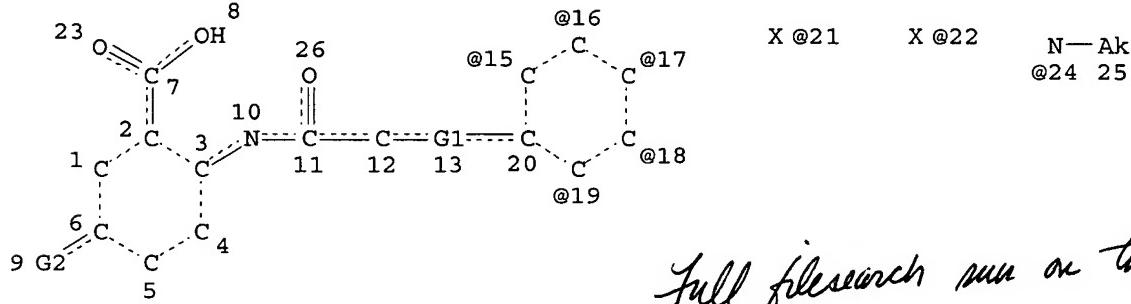
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* The CA roles and document type information have been removed from *
* the IDE default display format and the ED field has been added,   *
* effective March 20, 2005. A new display format, IDERL, is now      *
* available and contains the CA role and document type information. *
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Structure search iteration limits have been increased. See HELP SLIMITS for details.

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<http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/UG/regprops.html>

L2 STR



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VAR G1=24/N/O
VAR G2=H/OH
VPA 21-15/16/17/18/19 U
VPA 22-15/16/17/18/19 U
NODE ATTRIBUTES:
CONNECT IS E1 RC AT 25
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
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DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED
NUMBER OF NODES IS 25

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L5 56 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L2

100.0% PROCESSED 1902 ITERATIONS
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

56 ANSWERS

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FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:55:47 ON 02 JUN 2006
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.
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FILE COVERS 1907 - 2 Jun 2006 VOL 144 ISS 24
FILE LAST UPDATED: 1 Jun 2006 (20060601/ED)

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<http://www.cas.org/infopolicy.html>

L2 STR
L5 56 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L2
L6 9 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L5

=> (d ibib ed abs hitstr 16 1-9)

L6 ANSWER 1 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:158627 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:261304
TITLE: Preparation of anthranilic acid derivatives as selective agonists of the nicotinic acid receptor HM74A
INVENTOR(S): Campbell, Mathew; Hatley, Richard Jonathan; Heer, Jag Paul; Mason, Andrew McMurtrie; Nicholson, Neville Hubert; Pinto, Ivan Leo; Rahman, Shahzad Sharooq; Smith, Ian Edward David
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Smithkline Beecham Corporation, USA
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 69 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

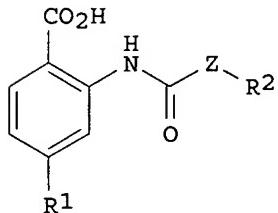
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PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: GB 2003-19124 A 20030814

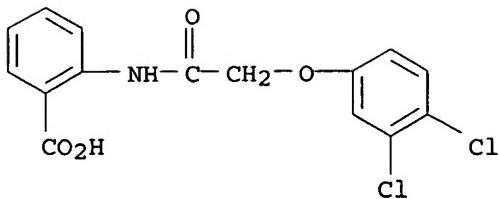
OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 142:261304

ED Entered STN: 24 Feb 2005

GI



- AB Therapeutically active anthranilic acid derivs. I [R1 = H, halo, alkyl; R2 = 5-6 membered aryl, heteroaryl, heterocycl, alicyclic ring; Z = (CH₂)_q, CH:CH, (CH₂)_nO, etc.; q = 1-4; n = 2-4], processes for the preparation of said compds. I, pharmaceutical formulations containing the active compds. and the use of the compds. in therapy, particularly in the treatment of diseases in which under-activation of the HM74A receptor contributes to the disease or in which activation of the receptor will be beneficial, are disclosed. Over sixty compds. I were prepared E.g., a 3-step synthesis of I [R1 = H; R2 = 3'-methoxybiphenyl; Z = CH₂O], starting from Me anthranilate, was given. The compds. I showed EC₅₀ of 5.0 or greater and efficacy of 30% or greater in HM74A in-vitro assays.
- IT 69764-13-2P
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (preparation of anthranilic acid derivs. as selective agonists of the nicotinic acid receptor HM74A for treating lipid metabolic diseases)
- RN 69764-13-2 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[3,4-dichlorophenoxy]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 2 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:902232 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:374691
 TITLE: Anthranilic acid derivatives useful in treating infection with hepatitis C virus
 INVENTOR(S): Bloom, Jonathan D.; Bailey, Thomas R.
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Wyeth, John, and Brother Ltd., USA; Viropharma Incorporated
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 38 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2004091724	A1	20041028	WO 2003-US32032	20031008
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
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AU 2003304040	A1	20041104	AU 2003-304040	20031008
US 2005004192	A1	20050106	US 2003-682647	20031008
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2002-416521P	P 20021008
			WO 2003-US32032	W 20031008

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 141:374691

ED Entered STN: 28 Oct 2004

AB The present invention provides pharmaceutical compns. comprising anthranilic acid derivs. useful in treating hepatitis C infection by virtue of their ability to inhibit hepatitis C polymerase (NS5B). The present invention also provides methods of treating hepatitis C infection by administering to a mammal the pharmaceutical compns. of the present invention.

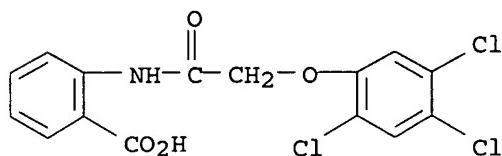
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 782482-47-7

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
 (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (anthranilic acid derivs. for treatment of hepatitis C virus infection)

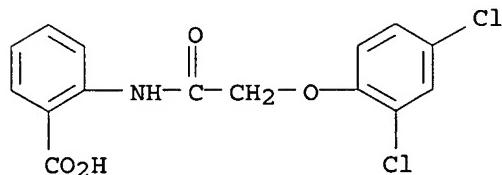
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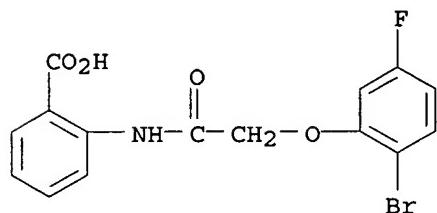
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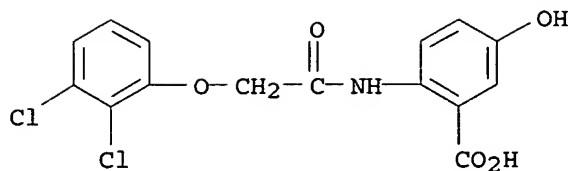
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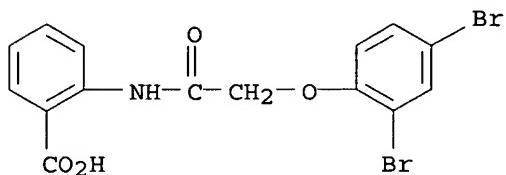


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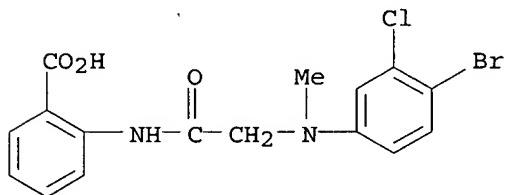
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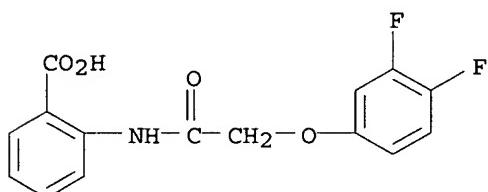
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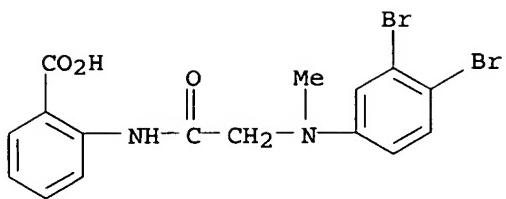
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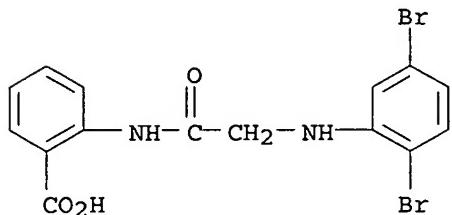
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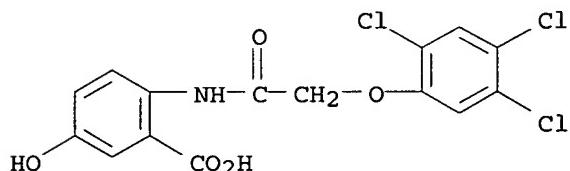
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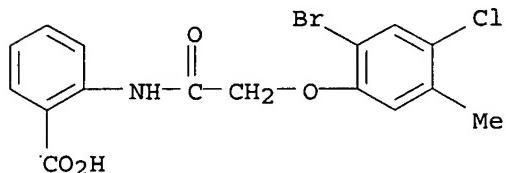
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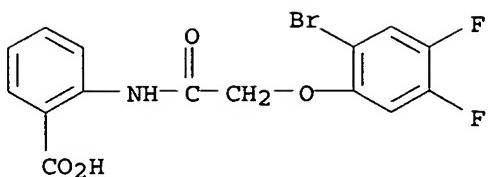
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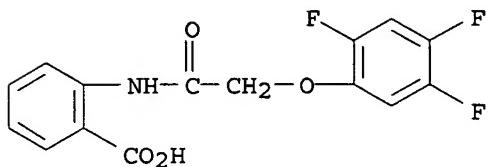
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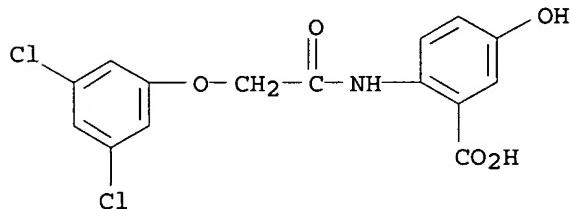
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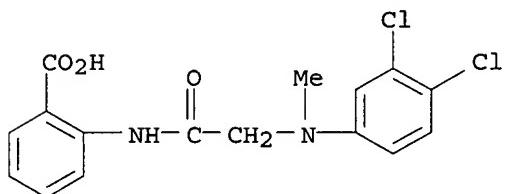
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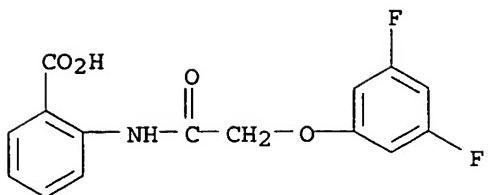
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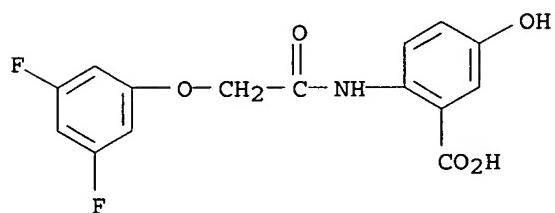
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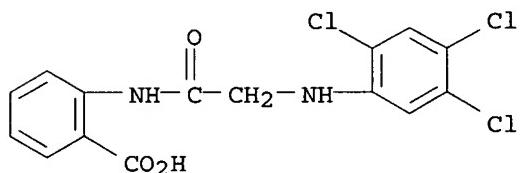
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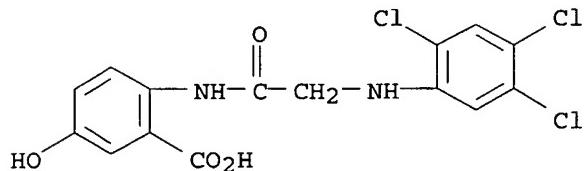
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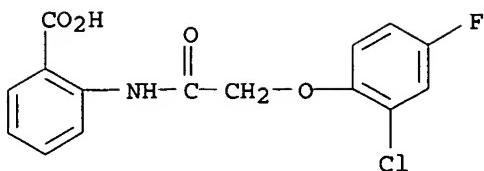
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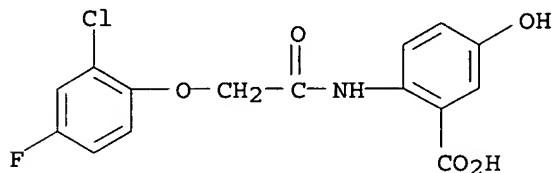
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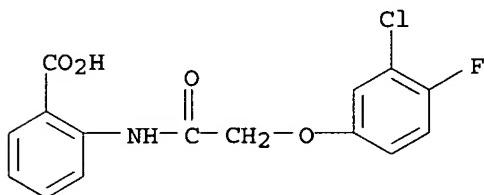
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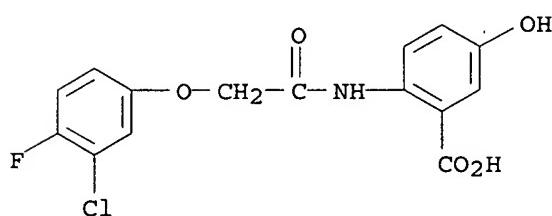
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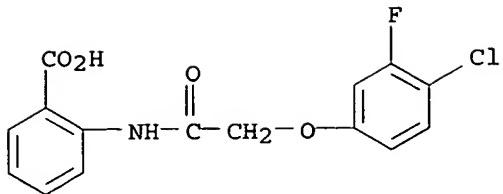
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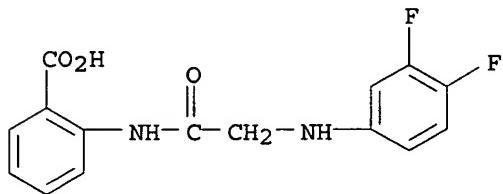
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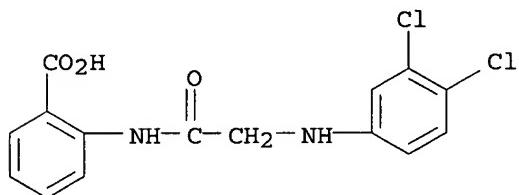
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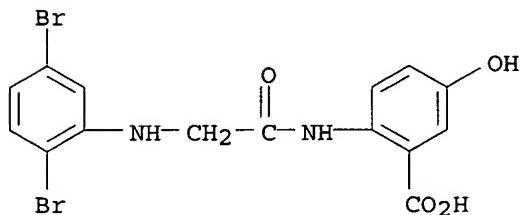
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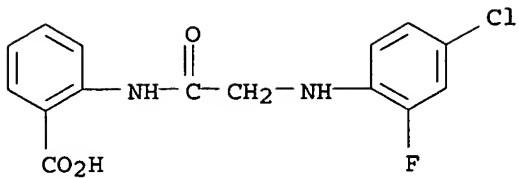
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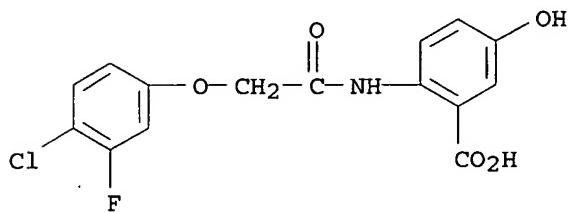
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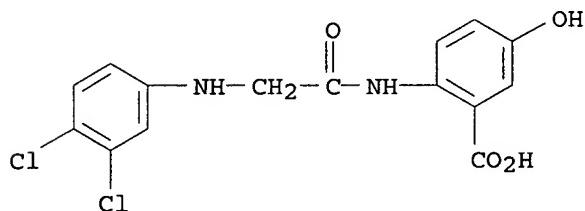
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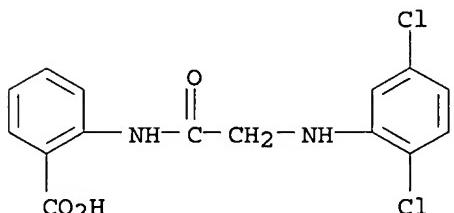
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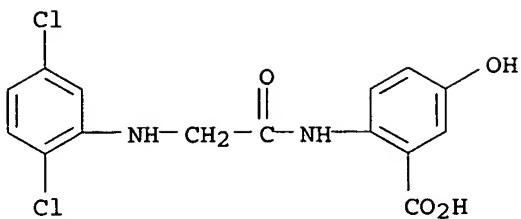
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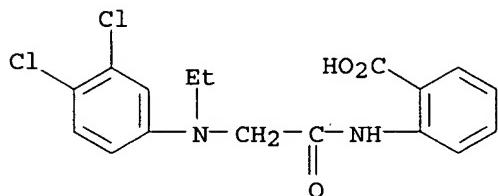
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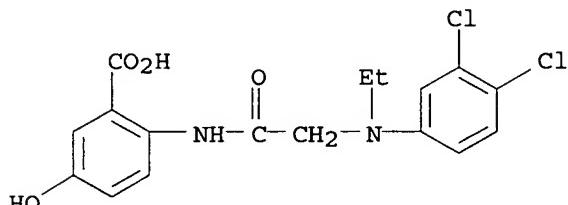
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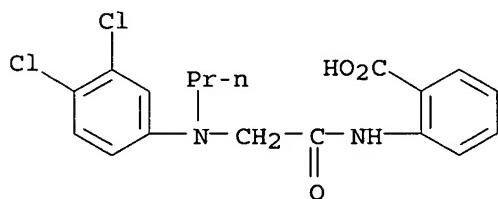
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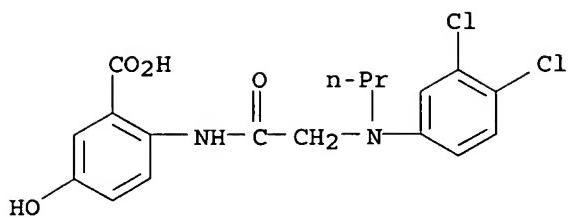
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 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[(3,4-dichlorophenyl)ethylamino]acetyl]amino]-5-hydroxy-
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



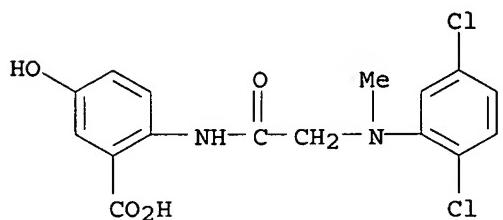
RN 782481-48-5 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[(3,4-dichlorophenyl)propylamino]acetyl]amino]- (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)



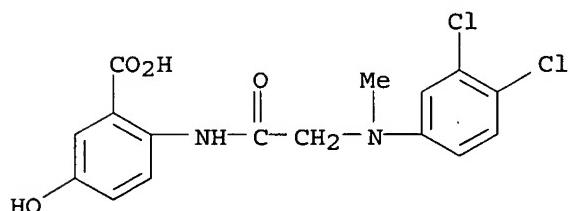
RN 782481-49-6 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[(3,4-dichlorophenyl)propylamino]acetyl]amino]-5-hydroxy-
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



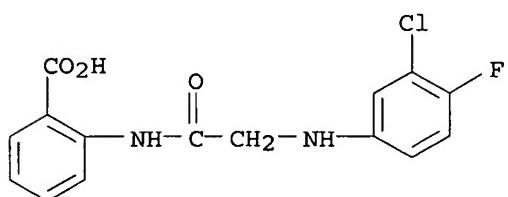
RN 782481-50-9 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[(2,5-dichlorophenyl)methylamino]acetyl]amino]-5-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



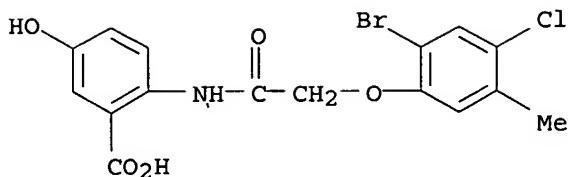
RN 782481-51-0 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[(3,4-dichlorophenyl)methylamino]acetyl]amino]-5-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 782481-52-1 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[(3-chloro-4-fluorophenyl)amino]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 782482-47-7 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[(2-bromo-4-chloro-5-methylphenoxy)acetyl]amino]-5-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 3 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:250738 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:294606

TITLE: Preparation of aniline derivatives having antihyperglycemic activity

INVENTOR(S): Bierer, Donald E.; Dubenko, Larisa G.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Shaman Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA

SOURCE: U.S., 41 pp.

CODEN: USXXAM

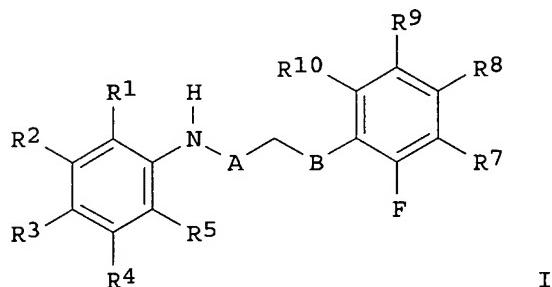
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

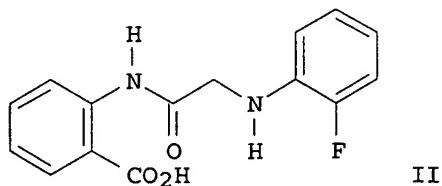
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 5741926	A	19980421	US 1997-799745	19970212
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:	US 1997-799745			
OTHER SOURCE(S):	MARPAT 128:294606			
ED Entered STN:	02 May 1998			
GI				



I



II

AB The title compds. [I; R1-R5 = H, halo, C1-6 alkyl, etc.; R7-R10 = H, halo, Ph, etc.; A = C(O), CH₂; B = NH, O, S], useful for the treatment of

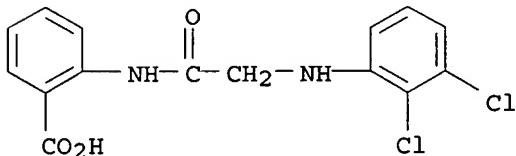
insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus (IDDM or Type I) and non-insulin dependent diabetes mellitus (NIDDM or Type II), were prepared. Thus, treatment of anthranilic acid with bromoacetyl bromide in DMF and dioxane followed by reaction of the resulting 2-[(2-bromoacetyl)amino]benzoic acid with o-fluoroaniline in DMF afforded the title compound II which showed stimulatory effect (128% basal) on 2-deoxy-D-glucose uptake in 3T3-L1 adipocytes in the absence of insulin.

IT 195393-04-5P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(preparation of aniline derivs. having antihyperglycemic activity)

RN 195393-04-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[(2,3-dichlorophenyl)amino]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 53 THERE ARE 53 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 4 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:563089 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 127:247927

TITLE: Aniline derivatives having antihyperglycemic activity

INVENTOR(S): Bierer, Donald E.; Dubenko, Larisa G.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Shaman Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 129 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

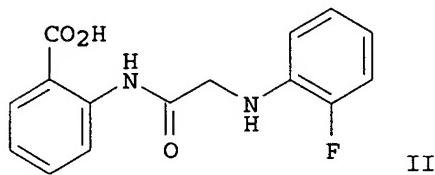
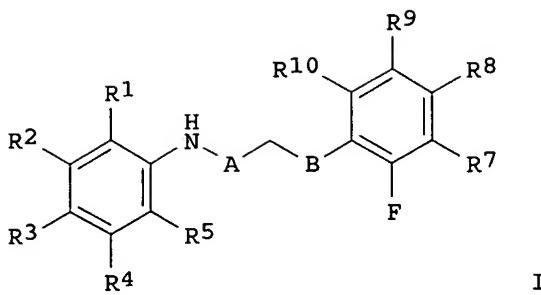
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9730019	A1	19970821	WO 1997-US2289	19970213
W: AL, AM, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CN, CU, CZ, EE, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LT, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, RU, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UZ, VN, YU, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
RW: KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
AU 9721241	A1	19970902	AU 1997-21241	19970213
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1996-600725	A 19960213
			WO 1997-US2289	W 19970213

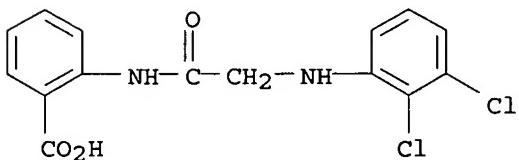
OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 127:247927

ED Entered STN: 04 Sep 1997

GI

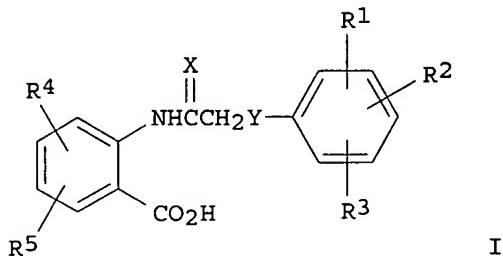


- AB Aniline derivs. useful as antihyperglycemic agents, pharmaceutical compns. comprising the aniline derivs., and methods for their use are described. For instance, the novel compds. I [R1-R5 = H, halo, OR11, CX3, alkyl, (CH₂)_nCH₂OH, (CH₂)_nCO₂R12, (CH₂)_nT; one and only one of R1-R5 = one of the latter 2 groups; R11, R12 = H, alkyl; X = halo; n = 0, 1; R7-R10 = H, halo, OR13, SR14, CY3, alkyl, Ph; R13, R14 = H, alkyl, Ph; Y = halo; A = CO, CH₂; B = NH, O, S; T = 5-tetrazolyl] are described. The aniline derivs. are useful for the treatment of insulin-dependent and non-insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus. For instance, amidation of anthranilic acid with BrCH₂COBr in DMF/dioxane (87.8% yield) and condensation of the intermediate bromo compound with o-fluoroaniline in DMF (85% yield) gave title compound II, a preferred compound At 100 mg/kg orally in diabetic db/db mice, II reduced blood glucose by 61.3 mg/dL at 27 h, vs. 116.4 mg/dL for metformin at the same dosage.
- IT 195393-04-5P, 2-[(2,3-Dichlorophenyl)amino]acetyl]amino]benzoic acid
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(preparation of aniline derivs. with antihyperglycemic activity)
- RN 195393-04-5 CAPLUS
- CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[(2,3-dichlorophenyl)amino]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

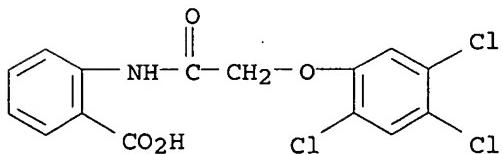


DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:242113
 TITLE: Benzoic acid derivative crystals and their polyvalent metal salts for thermal recording materials
 INVENTOR(S): Ootsuji, Atsuo; Motojima, Toshihiro; Kida, Jotaro; Nakatsuka, Masakatsu
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Mitsui Toatsu Chemicals, Japan; Yamamoto Chemicals Inc
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 12 pp.
 CODEN: JKXXAF
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Japanese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 07179411	A2	19950718	JP 1994-231620	19940927
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1993-246700	A 19931001
OTHER SOURCE(S):	MARPAT	123:242113		
ED	Entered STN:	23 Sep 1995		
GI				

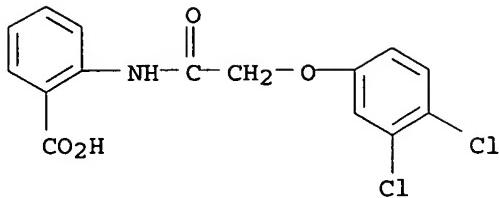


- AB Crystals of a benzoic acid derivative I ($R1-3 = H, \text{halo, alkyl, alkoxy, alkenyl, aralkyl, aryl}$; $R4-5 = H, \text{halo, alkyl, alkoxy}$; $X, Y = O, S$) are claimed. Metal salts of I are also claimed. The crystals and the metal salts are useful as electron acceptors of thermal recording materials. A thermal recording material containing I showed good background whiteness and heat resistance.
- IT 69764-11-0P 69764-13-2P 80913-76-4P
 RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (benzoic acid derivative crystals and their metal salts for thermal recording materials)
- RN 69764-11-0 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(2,4,5-trichlorophenoxy)acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

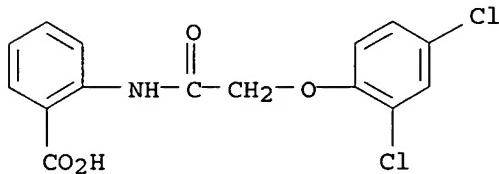


- RN 69764-13-2 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(3,4-dichlorophenoxy)acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX)

NAME)



RN 80913-76-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(2,4-dichlorophenoxy)acetyl]amino - (9CI) (CA INDEX
NAME)

L6 ANSWER 6 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1983:67121 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 98:67121

TITLE: Tri- or tetra-substituted phenoxy carboxylic acid anilides as herbicides

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Mitsubishi Petrochemical Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 42 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

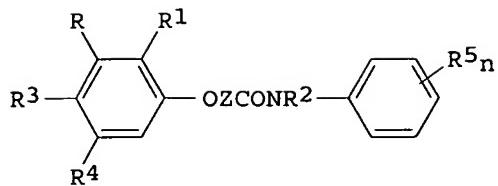
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 57171904	A2	19821022	JP 1981-55624	19810415
JP 01061083	B4	19891227		
US 4465507	A	19840814	US 1982-366422	19820407
BR 8202155	A	19830329	BR 1982-2155	19820414
AU 8282646	A1	19821021	AU 1982-82646	19820415
AU 544351	B2	19850523		
JP 02000143	A2	19900105	JP 1989-85660	19890406
JP 04022902	B4	19920420		

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1981-55624 A 19810415

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 98:67121; MARPAT 98:67121

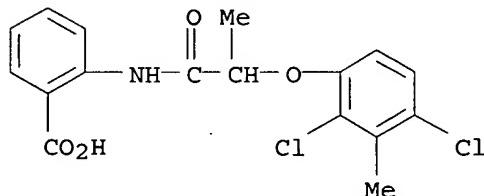
ED Entered STN: 12 May 1984

GI

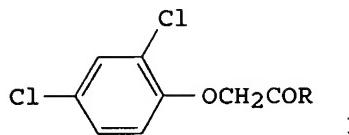


AB Tri- or tetra-substituted phenoxycarboxylic acid anilides I (R and R4 = H or Me; R1 = Me or halo; R2 = H, alkyl, alkoxy, or OH; R3 = halo; R5 = alkyl, halo, alkoxy, CN, imino, etc.; Z = alkylene or alkenylene; n = 0-4) are herbicides. Syntheses are described. Thus, 2-(2,4-dichloro-3-methylphenoxy)propionanilide [84496-56-0] at 25 g/10 are controlled Monochoria vaginalis, Rotala indica, Cyperus diformia, Scirpus hotarui, Sagittaria pygmaea, and other broad-leaf weeds on rice.

IT 84496-83-3P
 RL: AGR (Agricultural use); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (preparation and herbicidal activity of)
 RN 84496-83-3 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[2-(2,4-dichloro-3-methylphenoxy)-1-oxopropyl]amino]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L6 ANSWER 7 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1982:472722 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 97:72722
 TITLE: Tumor chemotherapy. XXXXII. Synthesis of 2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetyl derivatives of amino acids and their antitumor activity
 AUTHOR(S): Li, Liangquan; Gao, Yisheng; Kao, Yee Sheng
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Shanghai Inst. Mater. Med., Acad. Sin., Shanghai, Peop. Rep. China
 SOURCE: Yaoxue Xuebao (1981), 16(8), 625-7
 CODEN: YHHPAL; ISSN: 0513-4870
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: Chinese
 ED Entered STN: 12 May 1984
 GI

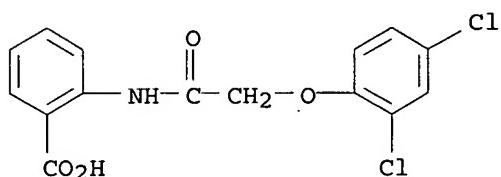


AB Twenty-three 2,4-Cl₂C₆H₄OCH₂CO-X-OH (X = amino acid residue, e.g., Gly, Ala, Leu, D-Leu,) were prepared by condensing 2,4-Cl₂C₆H₃OCH₂COCl with the appropriate amino acids in 20% NaOH at 15-20°. Some I were effective in inhibiting Sarcoma 37 in mice (no data).

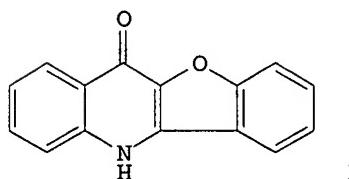
IT 80913-76-4P
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of, as antitumor agent)

RN 80913-76-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[2,4-dichlorophenoxy]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L6 ANSWER 8 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1979:137712 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 90:137712
 TITLE: Synthesis of benzofuro[3,2-b]quinolin-6(11H)one and derivatives
 AUTHOR(S): Sunder, Shyam; Peet, Norton P.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Pharm. Res., Dow Chem. Co., Indianapolis, IN, USA
 SOURCE: Journal of Heterocyclic Chemistry (1978), 15(8), 1379-82
 DOCUMENT TYPE: CODEN: JHTCAD; ISSN: 0022-152X
 LANGUAGE: Journal
 English
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 90:137712
 ED Entered STN: 12 May 1984
 GI



AB The benzofuro[3,2-b]quinolin-6(11H)-one (I) was prepared by treatment of o-HO₂CC₆H₄NHCOC₂OPh (II) with polyphosphoric acid. 2-(3-Benzofuranyl amino)benzoic acid was an intermediate in the reaction. An improved method for the synthesis of II was also described, which was used to prepare analogs of II. A 6-alkoxy derivative and 6-dialkylamino derivs. of benzofuro[3,2-b]quinoline were prepared from I.

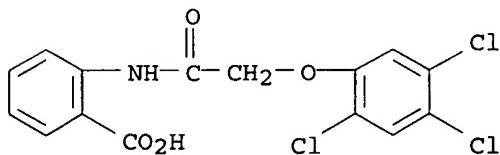
IT 69764-11-0P 69764-12-1P 69764-13-2P

69764-14-3P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of)

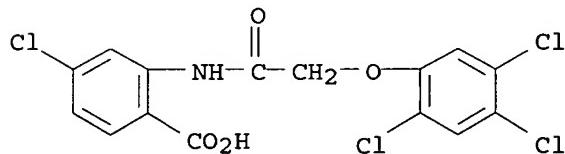
RN 69764-11-0 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(2,4,5-trichlorophenoxy)acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



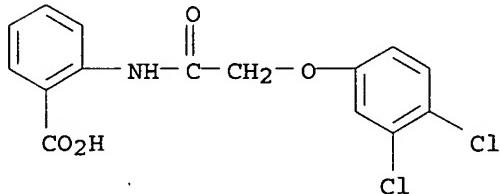
RN 69764-12-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-chloro-2-[(2,4,5-trichlorophenoxy)acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



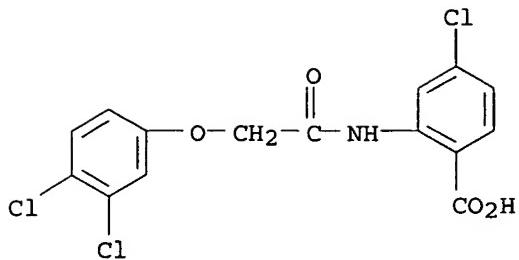
RN 69764-13-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(3,4-dichlorophenoxy)acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 69764-14-3 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-chloro-2-[(3,4-dichlorophenoxy)acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L6 ANSWER 9 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1960:50207 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 54:50207

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 54:9831f-i

TITLE: Some new acid amides: plant growth regulators

AUTHOR(S): Bokarev, K. S.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Plant Physiol., Moscow

SOURCE: Zhurnal Obshchey Khimii (1959), 29, 1358-63

CODEN: ZOKHA4; ISSN: 0044-460X

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Unavailable

ED Entered STN: 22 Apr 2001

AB Condensation of appropriate acyl chlorides with aminobenzoic acids in aqueous NaOH-C6H6 (or Et2O) gave: 84% 2,4-C12C6H3OCH2CONHC6H4CO2H-4, m.

267°; 74.7% 2,4-C12C6H3OCH2CONHC6H4CO2H-2, m. 219-19.5°; 79%

2,4,5-C13C6H2OCH2CONHC6H4CO2H-4, m. 289-90°; 2,4,5-

C13C6H2OCH2CONHC6H4CO2H-2, 76%, m. 278-80°; 86%

2,4,5-C13C6H2OCMe2CONHC6H4CO2H-4, m. 233°; 1-C10H7CH2CONHC6H4CO2H-

4, 78%, m. 271-2°; 1-C10H7CH2CONHC6H4CO2H-2, 57%, m. 220°;

2,3,5-I3C6H2CONHC6H4CO2H-4, 76%, decomposed 221°. Refluxing 20.18 g.

3,6-endoxohexahydrophthalic anhydride (I) with 13.71 g. 4-H2NC6H4CO2H (II) in C6H6 12 hrs. and heating the resulting product with Me2NCHO gave a low yield of exo-cis-3,6-endoxohexahydrophthalic acid N-(4-

carboxyphenyl)imide, m. 264°. Keeping 16.81 g. I with 13.71 g. II

in dioxane 1 hr. at room temperature, separating the resulting precipitate, extracting it with

Me2CO, and treating the insol. portion with Me2NCHO in CCl4 gave exo-cis-3,6-endoxohexahydrophthalic mono-4-carboxyanilide, m. 263°,

which heated passed into the imide above. Refluxing PhNCO with

4-H2NC6H4CO2Et in C6H6 gave 93.4% 4-PhNHCONHC6H4CO2Et (III), m.

163°. Similarly, PhNCS gave 4-PhNHCSNHC6H4CO2Et, m. 116°.

Refluxing III with KOH in aqueous MeOH gave 98.4% 4-PhNHCONHC6H4CO2H,

decomposed

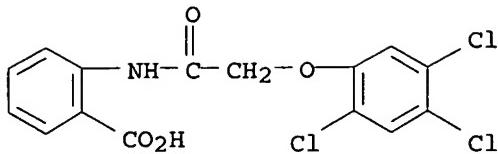
300°. 2,4,5-Trichlorophenoxy- α -isobutyryl chloride, prepared from the acid and SOCl2, b1 140-1°, m. 32°.

IT 69764-11-0, Anthranilic acid, N-[(2,4,5-trichlorophenoxy)acetyl]-
80913-76-4, Anthranilic acid, N-[(2,4-dichlorophenoxy)acetyl]-

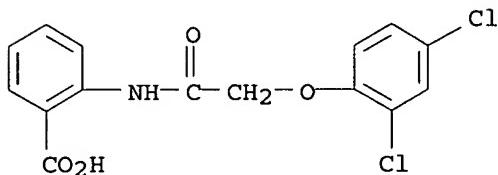
(preparation of)

RN 69764-11-0 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[{(2,4,5-trichlorophenoxy)acetyl}amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 80913-76-4 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(2,4-dichlorophenoxy)acetyl]amino- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



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~~JL7~~ 51 SEA FILE=CAOLD ABB=ON PLU=ON L5

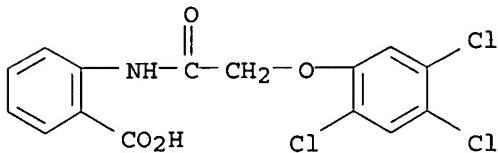
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L7 ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: CA54:9831f CAOLD
 TITLE: acid amides-plant growth regulators
 AUTHOR NAME: Bokarev, K. S.
 INDEX TERM: 6624-09-5 69764-11-0 80913-75-3
 80913-76-4 100541-45-5 100965-54-6 101090-92-0

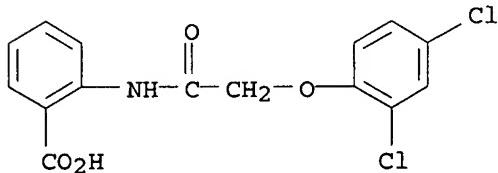
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L7 ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: CA54:9831f CAOLD
 TITLE: acid amides-plant growth regulators
 AUTHOR NAME: Bokarev, K. S.
 INDEX TERM: 6624-09-5 69764-11-0 80913-75-3
 80913-76-4 100541-45-5 100965-54-6 101090-92-0
 101443-99-6 101895-37-8 101895-38-9
 IT 69764-11-0 80913-76-4
 RN 69764-11-0 CAOLD
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(2,4,5-trichlorophenoxy)acetyl]amino- (9CI) (CA INDEX
 NAME)



RN 80913-76-4 CAOLD
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(2,4-dichlorophenoxy)acetyl]amino- (9CI) (CA INDEX
 NAME)



=> d his full

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(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 16:49:41 ON 02 JUN 2006)
D SAVED

FILE 'ZREGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:50:04 ON 02 JUN 2006
ACTIVATE VAL647ST/Q
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L1      STR
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L2      STR L1
L3      1 SEA SSS SAM L2
D SCAN

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:53:22 ON 02 JUN 2006
L4      1 SEA SSS SAM L2
D SCAN
L5      56 SEA SSS FUL L2
SAVE L5 VAL647FU/A TEMP

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:54:21 ON 02 JUN 2006
L6      9 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L5

FILE 'CAOLD' ENTERED AT 16:54:32 ON 02 JUN 2006
L7      1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L5

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:55:33 ON 02 JUN 2006
D STAT QUE L5

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:55:47 ON 02 JUN 2006
D QUE NOS L6
D IBIB ED ABS HITSTR L6 1-9

FILE 'CAOLD' ENTERED AT 16:56:14 ON 02 JUN 2006
D QUE NOS L7
D IALL L7 1
D IALL HITSTR L7 1
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FILE HOME

FILE ZREGISTRY

Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 1 JUN 2006 HIGHEST RN 886490-27-3
 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 1 JUN 2006 HIGHEST RN 886490-27-3

New CAS Information. Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH January 6, 2006

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

 *
 * The CA roles and document type information have been removed from *
 * the IDE default display format and the ED field has been added, *
 *

* effective March 20, 2005. A new display format, IDERL, is now *
* available and contains the CA role and document type information. *
*

Structure search iteration limits have been increased. See HELP SLIMITS
for details.

REGISTRY includes numerically searchable data for experimental and
predicted properties as well as tags indicating availability of
experimental property data in the original document. For information
on property searching in REGISTRY, refer to:

<http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/UG/regprops.html>

FILE REGISTRY

Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file
provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 1 JUN 2006 HIGHEST RN 886490-27-3
DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 1 JUN 2006 HIGHEST RN 886490-27-3

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH January 6, 2006

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when
conducting SmartSELECT searches.

*
* The CA roles and document type information have been removed from *
* the IDE default display format and the ED field has been added, *
* effective March 20, 2005. A new display format, IDERL, is now *
* available and contains the CA role and document type information. *
*

Structure search iteration limits have been increased. See HELP SLIMITS
for details.

REGISTRY includes numerically searchable data for experimental and
predicted properties as well as tags indicating availability of
experimental property data in the original document. For information
on property searching in REGISTRY, refer to:

<http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/UG/regprops.html>

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10/682,647 Valenrod

FILE COVERS 1907 - 2 Jun 2006 VOL 144 ISS 24
FILE LAST UPDATED: 1 Jun 2006 (20060601/ED)

Effective October 17, 2005, revised CAS Information Use Policies apply.
They are available for your review at:

<http://www.cas.org/infopolicy.html>

FILE CAOLD
FILE COVERS 1907-1966
FILE LAST UPDATED: 01 May 1997 (19970501/UP)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification. Title keywords, authors, patent assignees, and patent information, e.g., patent numbers, are now searchable from 1907-1966. TIFF images of CA abstracts printed between 1907-1966 are available in the PAGE display formats.

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

This file supports REGISTRY for direct browsing and searching of all substance data from the REGISTRY file. Enter HELP FIRST for more information.

=>

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 9 May 2006 VOL 144 ISS 20
 FILE LAST UPDATED: 8 May 2006 (20060508/ED)

Effective October 17, 2005, revised CAS Information Use Policies apply.
 They are available for your review at:

<http://www.cas.org/infopolicy.html>

L6 STR
 L8 475 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L6
 L9 74 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L8

L6 STR
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 L11 15624 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON (HEPATITIS OR HEP) (W) C
 L12 1 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L9 AND (L10 OR L11) *applicants work*

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 L9 74 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L8
 L13 574735 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON HEPATITIS OR LIVER
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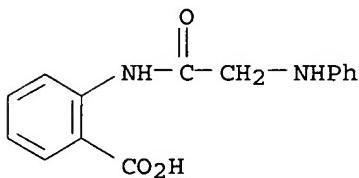
L9 ANSWER 1 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:58157 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:274445
 TITLE: Synthesis of novel halogenated cryptolepine analogues
 AUTHOR(S): Gouni, Srinivas Reddy; Carrington, S.; Wright, C. W.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: School of Pharmacy, University of Bradford, Bradford,
 BD7 1DP, UK
 SOURCE: Journal of Heterocyclic Chemistry (2006), 43(1),
 171-175
 CODEN: JHTCAD; ISSN: 0022-152X
 PUBLISHER: HeteroCorporation
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 ED Entered STN: 20 Jan 2006

AB Cryptolepine (5-N-methyl-10-H-indolo[3,2-b]quinoline) is an indoloquinoline alkaloid present in the roots of *Cryptolepis Sanguinolenta*. In its hydrochloride form the alkaloid presents a number of bioactivities. The alkaloid also has cytotoxic properties that are likely to be due to its abilities to intercalate into DNA and inhibit the enzyme topoisomerase II, as well as the synthesis of DNA. In this research project five novel analogs of cryptolepine were chosen for synthesis.

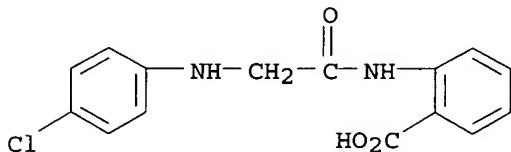
IT 80271-16-5P 131058-36-1P 367911-45-3P
 878092-21-8P
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (synthesis of novel halogenated cryptolepine analogs)

RN 80271-16-5 CAPLUS

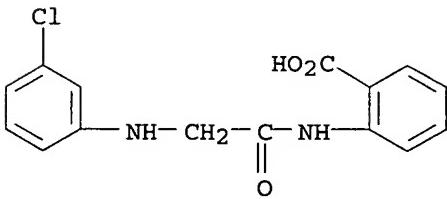
CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[(phenylamino)acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



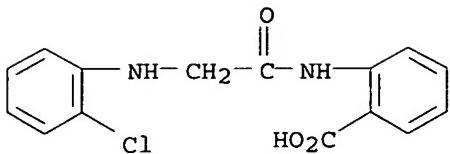
RN 131058-36-1 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[(4-chlorophenyl)amino]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 367911-45-3 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[(3-chlorophenyl)amino]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 878092-21-8 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[(2-chlorophenyl)amino]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 12 THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L9 ANSWER 2 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:1144478 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:51279

TITLE: Nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs and their analogues as inhibitors of aldo-keto reductase AKR1C3: New lead compounds for the development of anticancer agents

AUTHOR(S): Gobec, Stanislav; Brozic, Petra; Rizner, Tea Lanisnik

CORPORATE SOURCE: Faculty of Pharmacy, University of Ljubljana, Ljubljana, 1000, Slovenia

SOURCE: Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry Letters (2005), 15(23), 5170-5175

CODEN: BMCLE8; ISSN: 0960-894X

PUBLISHER: Elsevier B.V.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

ED Entered STN: 26 Oct 2005

AB Nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) like indomethacin, flufenamic acid, and related compds. have been recently identified as potent inhibitors of AKR1C3 [i.e., 15-hydroxy-11-(oxo)prostaglandin (human isoenzyme AKR1C3) reductase]. It is reported that some other NSAIDs (diclofenac and naproxen) also inhibit AKR1C3, with the IC₅₀ values in the low micromolar range. In order to obtain more information about the structure-activity relationship and to identify new leads, a series of compds. designed on the basis of NSAIDs were synthesized and screened on AKR1C3. The most active compds. were 2-[(2,2-diphenylacetyl)amino]benzoic acid (IC₅₀ = 11 μM) and 3-(phenoxy)benzoic acid (IC₅₀ = 0.68 μM). These compds. represent promising starting points for the development of new anticancer agents.

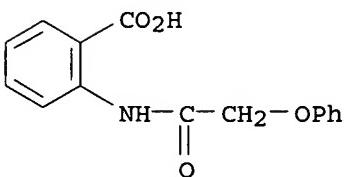
IT 18704-92-2P, N-(Phenoxyacetyl)anthranilic acid

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of (phenoxyacetyl)anthranilic acid and study of its activity as aldo-keto reductase AKR1C3 inhibitor and study of its applicability as agent for treatment or prevention of cancer)

RN 18704-92-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(phenoxyacetyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 46 THERE ARE 46 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L9 ANSWER 3 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:559888 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:172771
 TITLE: Preparation of quindolinamines,
 benzofuroquinolinamines and analogs as antitumor
 agents
 INVENTOR(S): Gu, Lianquan
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sun Yat-Sen University, Peop. Rep. China
 SOURCE: Faming Zhanli Shenqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, No pp.
 given
 CODEN: CNXKEV
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Chinese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

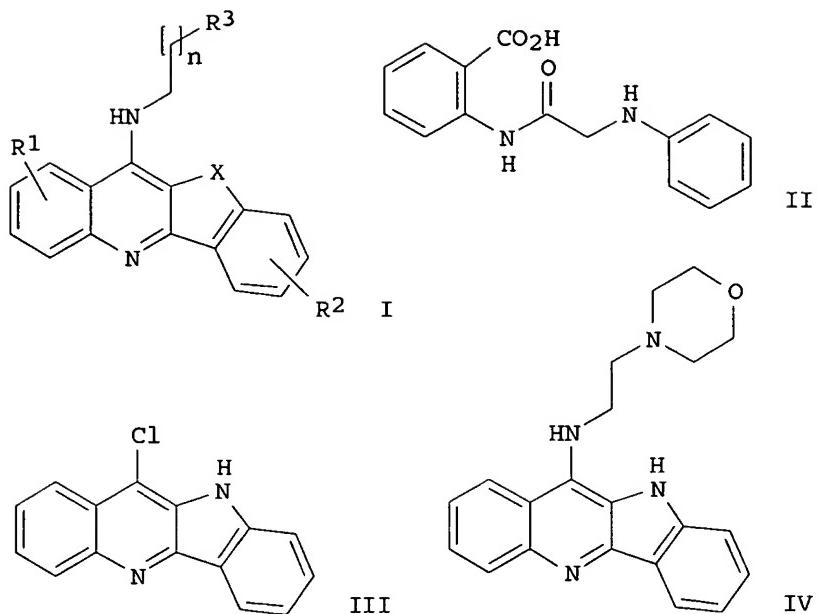
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
CN 1546473	A	20041117	CN 2003-10112457	20031205
WO 2005054203	A1	20050616	WO 2004-CN175	20040304
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: CN 2003-10112457 A 20031205

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 143:172771; MARPAT 143:172771

ED Entered STN: 29 Jun 2005

GI



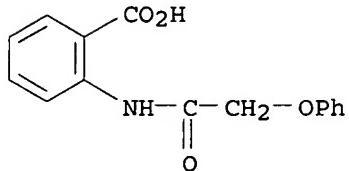
AB Title compds. I [wherein R1, R2 = H, halo or (cyclo)alkyl; R3 = OH, (un)substituted NH₂ or (cyclo)alkyl; X = C, N, O or S; n = 1-4], which are useful as antitumor agents, were prepared. For example, intramol. cyclization of II (preparation given) with polyphosphoric acid at 140°C for 2 h followed by chlorination of the resultant quindolinone with POCl₃ gave chloride III. This compound underwent amination with 4-(2-aminoethyl)morpholine to afford IV, which showed strong cell growth inhibition against such as Bel-7402 and GLC-82 tumor cells with IC₅₀ values of about 0.4 μM.

IT 18704-92-2P 77705-59-0P 80271-16-5P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of quindolinamines, benzofuroquinolinamines and analogs as antitumor agents)

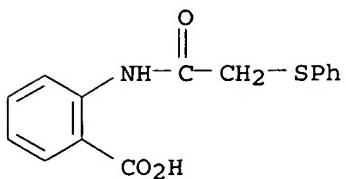
RN 18704-92-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(phenoxyacetyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



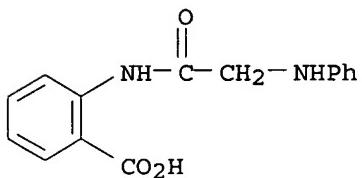
RN 77705-59-0 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[phenylthio)acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 80271-16-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(phenylamino)acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L9 ANSWER 4 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:158627 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:261304

TITLE: Preparation of anthranilic acid derivatives as selective agonists of the nicotinic acid receptor HM74A

INVENTOR(S): Campbell, Mathew; Hatley, Richard Jonathan; Heer, Jag Paul; Mason, Andrew McMurtrie; Nicholson, Neville Hubert; Pinto, Ivan Leo; Rahman, Shahzad Sharooq; Smith, Ian Edward David

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Smithkline Beecham Corporation, USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 69 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

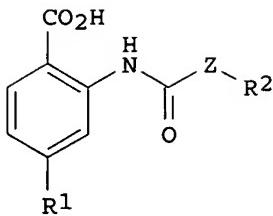
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2005016870	A1	20050224	WO 2004-GB3528	20040813
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: GB 2003-19124 A 20030814

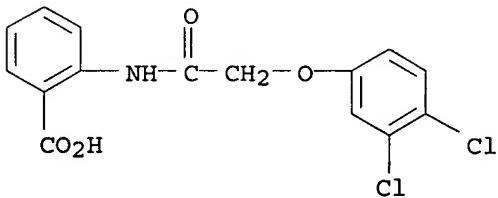
OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 142:261304

ED Entered STN: 24 Feb 2005

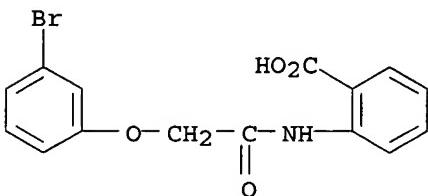
GI



- AB** Therapeutically active anthranilic acid derivs. I [R1 = H, halo, alkyl; R2 = 5-6 membered aryl, heteroaryl, heterocycl, alicyclic ring; Z = (CH₂)_q, CH:CH, (CH₂)_nO, etc.; q = 1-4; n = 2-4], processes for the preparation of said compds. I, pharmaceutical formulations containing the active compds. and the use of the compds. in therapy, particularly in the treatment of diseases in which under-activation of the HM74A receptor contributes to the disease or in which activation of the receptor will be beneficial, are disclosed. Over sixty compds. I were prepared E.g., a 3-step synthesis of I [R1 = H; R2 = 3'-methoxybiphenyl; Z = CH₂O], starting from Me anthranilate, was given. The compds. I showed EC₅₀ of 5.0 or greater and efficacy of 30% or greater in HM74A in-vitro assays.
- IT** 69764-13-2P 782480-94-8P 845889-83-0P
845889-84-1P 845889-85-2P
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(preparation of anthranilic acid derivs. as selective agonists of the nicotinic acid receptor HM74A for treating lipid metabolic diseases)
- RN** 69764-13-2 CAPLUS
- CN** Benzoic acid, 2-[[[3,4-dichlorophenoxy]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

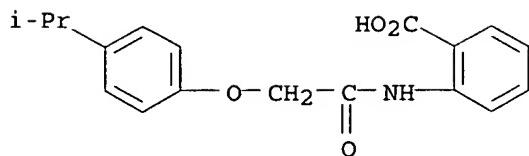


- RN** 782480-94-8 CAPLUS
CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[3-bromophenoxy]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

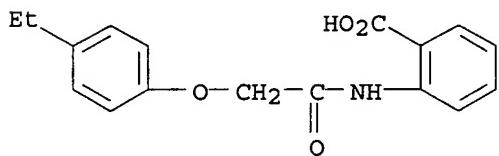


- RN** 845889-83-0 CAPLUS
CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[4-(1-methylethyl)phenoxy]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA

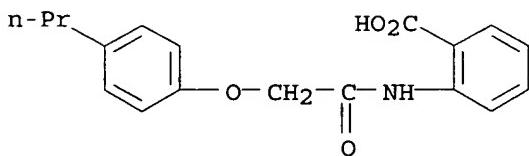
INDEX NAME)



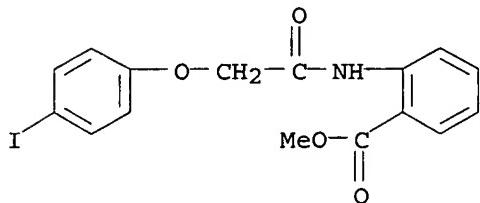
RN 845889-84-1 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[4-(ethylphenoxy)acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 845889-85-2 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[4-(propylphenoxy)acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

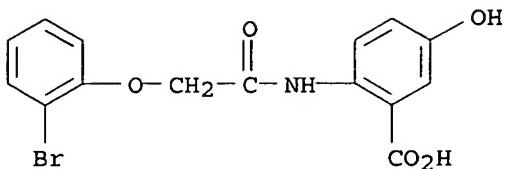


IT 713499-01-5P
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (preparation of anthranilic acid derivs. as selective agonists of the nicotinic acid receptor HM74A for treating lipid metabolic diseases)
 RN 713499-01-5 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[4-iodophenoxy)acetyl]amino]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



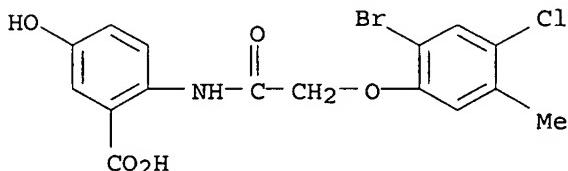
REFERENCE COUNT: 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L9 ANSWER 5 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:902232 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:374691



RN 782482-47-7 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[2-bromo-4-chloro-5-methylphenoxy)acetyl]amino]-5-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L9 ANSWER 6 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:767290 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:325172

TITLE: Quinazolinone-based fungal efflux pump inhibitors.
Part 1: Discovery of an (N-methylpiperazine)-containing derivative with activity in clinically relevant *Candida* spp.

AUTHOR(S): Lemoine, Remy C.; Glinka, Tomasz W.; Watkins, William J.; Cho, Aesop; Yang, Jessie; Iqbal, Nadeem; Singh, Rajeshwar; Madsen, Deidre; Lolans, Karen; Lomovskaya, Olga; Oza, Uma; Dudley, Michael N.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Essential Therapeutics, Inc., Mountain View, CA, 94043, USA

SOURCE: Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry Letters (2004), 14(20), 5127-5131
CODEN: BMCLE8; ISSN: 0960-894X

PUBLISHER: Elsevier B.V.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 141:325172

ED Entered STN: 21 Sep 2004

AB The discovery of a series of quinazolinone-based fungal efflux pump inhibitors by high-throughput screening for potentiation of fluconazole in *C. albicans* is described. Attempts to improve the aqueous solubility of screeninghits led to the discovery of an analog with greatly improved phys. properties and activity against clin.-relevant *Candida* spp.

IT 770743-66-3P

RL: PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

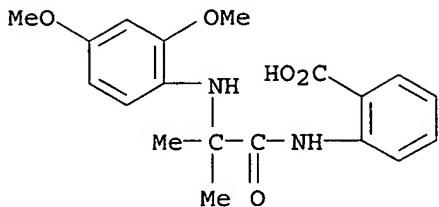
(N-methylpiperazine-containing quinazolinone derivative, efflux pump inhibitors

in clin. relevant *Candida* spp.)

RN 770743-66-3 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(2,4-dimethoxyphenyl)amino]-2-methyl-1-

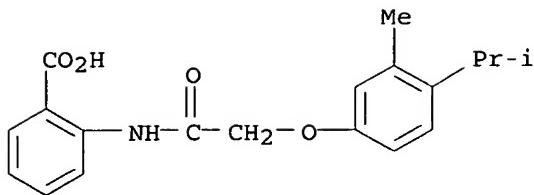
oxopropyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 15 THERE ARE 15 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L9 ANSWER 7 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:108781 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:295687
 TITLE: Small-molecule modulation of read-through (SMMRT): discovery of 2-phenoxyacetanilides as in vivo promoters of dystrophin synthesis for the treatment of Duchenne muscular dystrophy
 AUTHOR(S): Anon.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: USA
 SOURCE: IP.com Journal (2003), 3(11), 4 (No. IPCOM000019287D)
 , 9 Sep 2003
 CODEN: IJPOBX; ISSN: 1533-0001
 PUBLISHER: IP.com, Inc.
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
IP 19287D	-----	20030909	-----	-----
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			IP 2003-19287D	20030909
OTHER SOURCE(S):	CASREACT	141:295687		
ED	Entered STN:	11 Feb 2004		
AB	Small-mol. modulation of read-through (SMMRT) was applied to genetic diseases, specifically Duchenne muscular dystrophy. HTS screening afforded hits, one of which required structure identification. A series of 2-phenoxyacetanilides were prepared and evaluated in a cell-culture assay. A promising compound, 3-[(2-(4-isopropyl-3-methoxyphenoxy)acetyl]amino]benzoic acid (I), was studied for stability and pharmacokinetics. Compound I showed modest but real effects in a myoblast cell culture study and in vivo in mdx mice.			
IT	448930-84-5P			
	RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)			
	(preparation of 2-phenoxyacetanilides as in vivo promoters of dystrophin synthesis for the treatment of Duchenne muscular dystrophy)			
RN	448930-84-5	CAPLUS		
CN	Benzoic acid, 2-[[[3-methyl-4-(1-methylethyl)phenoxy]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)			



L9 ANSWER 8 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:90892 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:295607

TITLE: Small-molecule modulation of read-through (SMMRT): discovery of 2-phenoxyacetanilides as promoters of Protein Expression from RNA with nonsense codons.

AUTHOR(S): Anon.

CORPORATE SOURCE: USA

SOURCE: IP.com Journal (2003), 3(10), 15 (No. IPCOM000019282D), 9 Sep 2003

CODEN: IJPOBX; ISSN: 1533-0001

PUBLISHER: IP.com, Inc.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Patent

LANGUAGE: English

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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IP 19282D		20030909		

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: IP 2003-19282D 20030909

ED Entered STN: 05 Feb 2004

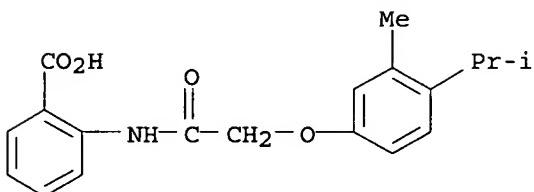
AB A class of 2-phenoxyacetanilides were discovered by HTS as modulators of mRNA read-through for the treatment of genetic diseases such as DMD. A cell-culture assay (with a luciferase reporter containing a nonsense mutation) was used to optimize the SAR of the series. Compound 1 was significantly more potent than gentamicin. Compound 1 was stable in buffer solns., but showed some degradation in mouse serum. Exposure in mice was much higher if dosed s.c. over oral dosing. Compound 1 showed superior efficacy in promotion of dystrophin synthesis in mdx mice compared to gentamicin at one-tenth the delivered concentration

IT 448930-84-5P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(discovery of 2-phenoxyacetanilides as promoters of protein expression from RNA with nonsense codons)

RN 448930-84-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[3-methyl-4-(1-methylethyl)phenoxy]acetyl]amino]- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)



L9 ANSWER 9 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:491411 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:64326
 TITLE: Novel target-blind approach to drug discovery
 INVENTOR(S): Zon, Leonard I.; Stern, Howard M.; Murphey, Ryan
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Children's Medical Center Corporation, USA
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 62 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2003052106	A1	20030626	WO 2002-US40262	20021217
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
CA 2470311	AA	20030626	CA 2002-2470311	20021217
AU 2002357867	A1	20030630	AU 2002-357867	20021217
EP 1463820	A1	20041006	EP 2002-792411	20021217
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, SK				
JP 2005512542	T2	20050512	JP 2003-552973	20021217
US 2005155087	A1	20050714	US 2003-499234	20021217
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2001-341428P	P 20011217
			WO 2002-US40262	W 20021217

ED Entered STN: 27 Jun 2003

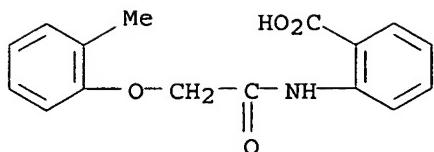
AB The present invention is directed to a novel, target-blind approach to drug discovery. The concept is to model human phenotypes in a teleost, such as a zebrafish, and then screen compds., e.g., small mols., for their ability to alter the phenotype. Because the screen is performed with a whole vertebrate organism and uses a phenotype as the output, the need to first identify target genes is eliminated. This approach is powerful because a single screen can theor. detect drugs affecting any target relevant to the phenotype being observed, even if those targets are not yet characterized.

IT 59090-62-9

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (novel target-blind approach to drug discovery)

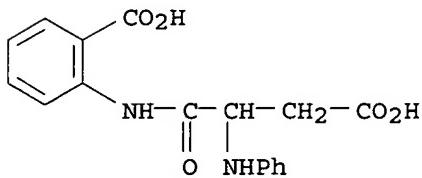
RN 59090-62-9 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[(2-methylphenoxy)acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

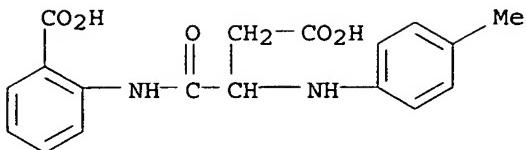


REFERENCE COUNT: 8 THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L9 ANSWER 10 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:34605 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:22171
 TITLE: Synthesis of some new substituted β - (quinazolin-2-yl) acrylic acid derivatives of expected biological activity
 AUTHOR(S): Nassar, S. A.; Aly, A. A.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Chemistry Department, Faculty of Science, Benha Branch, Zagazig University, Benha, Egypt
 SOURCE: Egyptian Journal of Chemistry (2002), 45(1), 205-217
 CODEN: EGJCA3; ISSN: 0449-2285
 PUBLISHER: National Information and Documentation Centre
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 139:22171
 ED Entered STN: 15 Jan 2003
 AB Some new substituted β - (quinazolin-2-yl) acrylic acid derivs. were synthesized from the reaction of 2-(2'-carboxyethenyl)-4H-3,1-benzoxazin-4-one with nitrogen nucleophiles. The structures of the synthesized compds. were confirmed by IR, NMR, and mass spectral study. The products were screened for their antimicrobial activity. Most of the compds. exhibited moderate activity.
 IT 536742-15-1P 536742-16-2P 536742-17-3P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (synthesis of some new substituted β - (quinazolin-2-yl) acrylic acid derivs. of expected biol. activity)
 RN 536742-15-1 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[3-carboxy-1-oxo-2-(phenylamino)propyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

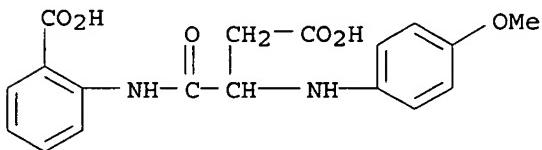


RN 536742-16-2 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[3-carboxy-1-oxo-2-[(4-methylphenyl)amino]-1-oxopropyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 536742-17-3 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[3-carboxy-2-[(4-methoxyphenyl)amino]-1-oxopropyl]amino] - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 11 THERE ARE 11 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L9 ANSWER 11 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:23848 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:85820

TITLE: Preparation of quinazolines and quinazolinones as neuropeptide Y receptor antagonists for treatment of obesity and circulatory disorders

INVENTOR(S): Carpino, Philip A.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Pfizer Inc., USA

SOURCE: U.S., 24 pp.

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

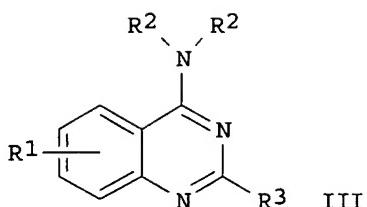
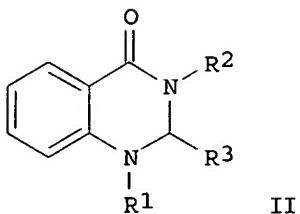
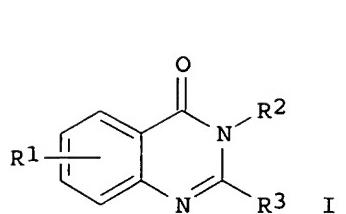
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 6337332	B1	20020108	US 1999-382418	19990824
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1998-100749P	P 19980917
OTHER SOURCE(S):	MARPAT	136:85820		

ED Entered STN: 10 Jan 2002

GI

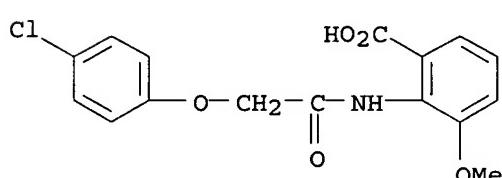


AB Title compds. (I, II, and III) [wherein R1 = (halo)methyl, OMe, or halo; R2 = H, (un)substituted piperidinylpropyl or piperazinylpropyl, (halo)phenylpropyl, or pyridinylpropyl; R3 = Me, (halo)styryl, or (halo)phenoxyethyl; and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof] were prepared as neuropeptide Y antagonists. For example, a solution of 4-chlorophenoxyacetyl chloride in toluene was added to a solution of 2-amino-3-methoxybenzoic acid and DMAP in pyridine and stirred for 17 h at 5°C to give a mixture of 2-[2-(4-chlorophenoxy)acetylamino]-3-methoxybenzoic acid and 2-(4-chlorophenoxyethyl)-8-methoxy-3H-quinazolin-4-one. The mixture was heated to 150°C in formamide for 17 h and cooled to room temperature to afford 2-(4-chlorophenoxyethyl)-8-methoxy-3H-quinazolin-4-one. The invention compds. are useful for the treatment of obesity and circulatory disorders (no data).

IT 387346-04-5P, 2-[2-(4-Chlorophenoxy)acetylamino]-3-methoxybenzoic acid 387346-13-6P 387346-15-8P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (intermediate; preparation of quinazolines and quinazolinones as neuropeptide Y receptor antagonists for treatment of obesity and circulatory disorders)

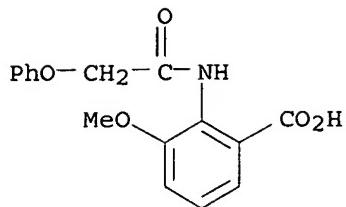
RN 387346-04-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[4-chlorophenoxy)acetyl]amino]-3-methoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

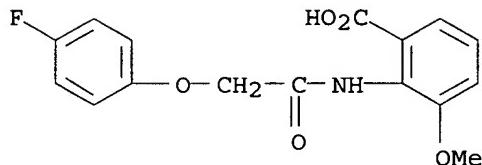


RN 387346-13-6 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 3-methoxy-2-[(phenoxyacetyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 387346-15-8 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[(4-fluorophenoxy)acetyl]amino]-3-methoxy- (9CI) (CA
 INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

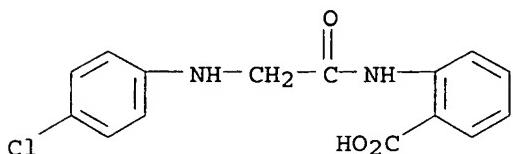
L9 ANSWER 12 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:598501 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:318603
 TITLE: Synthesis and Evaluation of Cryptolepine Analogues for Their Potential as New Antimalarial Agents
 AUTHOR(S): Wright, Colin W.; Addae-Kyereme, Jonathan; Breen, Anthony G.; Brown, John E.; Cox, Marlene F.; Croft, Simon L.; Goekcek, Yaman; Kendrick, Howard; Phillips, Roger M.; Pollet, Pamela L.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: The School of Pharmacy and Cancer Research Unit, University of Bradford, West Yorkshire, BD7 1DP, UK
 SOURCE: Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (2001), 44(19), 3187-3194
 CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623
 PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 135:318603
 ED Entered STN: 19 Aug 2001
 AB The indoloquinoline alkaloid cryptolepine has potent in vitro antiplasmodial activity, but it is also a DNA intercalator with cytotoxic properties. We have shown that the antiplasmodial mechanism of cryptolepine is likely to be due, at least in part, to a chloroquine-like action that does not depend on intercalation into DNA. A number of substituted analogs of cryptolepine have been prepared that have potent activities against both chloroquine-sensitive and chloroquine-resistant strains of Plasmodium falciparum and also have in common with chloroquine the inhibition of β-hematin formation in a cell-free system. Several compds. also displayed activity against Plasmodium berghei in mice, the most potent being 2,7-dibromocryptolepine, which suppressed parasitemia by 89% as compared to untreated infected controls at a dose of 12.5 mg kg⁻¹ day⁻¹ i.p. No correlation was observed between in vitro cytotoxicity and the effect of compds. on the m.p. of DNA (ΔT_m value) or toxicity in the

mouse-malaria model.

IT 131058-36-1P 367911-44-2P 367911-45-3P
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
 (Reactant or reagent)
 (synthesis and evaluation of cryptolepine analogs as antimalarial
 agents)

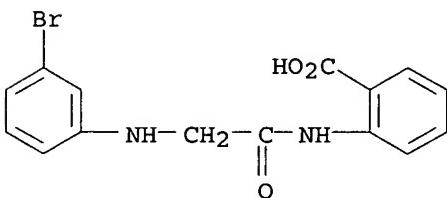
RN 131058-36-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[(4-chlorophenyl)amino]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX
 NAME)



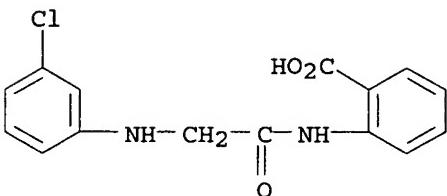
RN 367911-44-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[(3-bromophenyl)amino]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX
 NAME)



RN 367911-45-3 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[(3-chlorophenyl)amino]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX
 NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 21 THERE ARE 21 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L9 ANSWER 13 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:25511 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:71422

TITLE: Thermal printing material with improved image
 durability and storage stability

INVENTOR(S): Mitsuo, Hirofumi; Watanabe, Tsutomu; Iwakura, Ken

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan

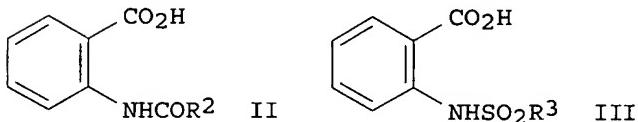
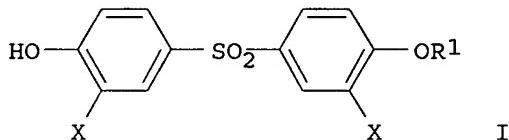
SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

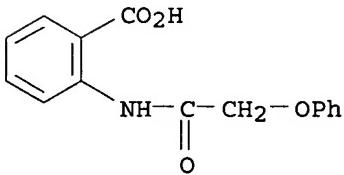
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2000006531	A2	20000111	JP 1998-178802	19980625
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1998-178802	19980625
OTHER SOURCE(S):		MARPAT 132:71422		
ED	Entered STN:	12 Jan 2000		
GI				



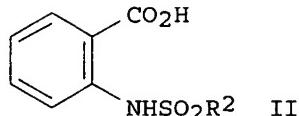
- AB In the thermal printing material comprising a support and a heat-sensitive recording layer comprised of an electron donative colorless dye and electron acceptive compound, the electron acceptive compound is selected from a bisphenolsulfone derivative I ($R_1 = H$, alkyl, aralkyl, aryloxyalkyl; $X = H$, allyl, phenyl) and an anthranilic acid derivative represented by II ($R_2 = aryl$, alkyl) or III ($R_3 = aryl$). The heat-sensitive recording layer may contain a zinc-containing compound. The electron donative colorless dye may be a specific spiro compound
IT 18704-92-2, 2-(Phenoxyacetyl)benzoic acid
RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
(electron acceptive anthranilic acid derivative in heat-sensitive recording layer of thermal printing material)
RN 18704-92-2 CAPLUS
CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(phenoxyacetyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



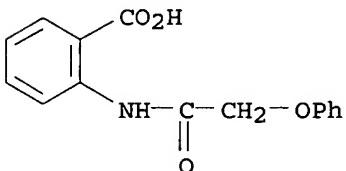
L9 ANSWER 14 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:23514 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:71418
TITLE: Thermal printing material with improved image durability and storage stability
INVENTOR(S): Watanabe, Tsutomu; Mitsuo, Hirofumi; Iwakura, Ken

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S) : Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10 pp.
 CODEN: JKXXAF
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Japanese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2000006529	A2	20000111	JP 1998-178800	19980625
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1998-178800	19980625
OTHER SOURCE(S) :	MARPAT	132:71418		
ED	Entered STN:	12 Jan 2000		
GI				



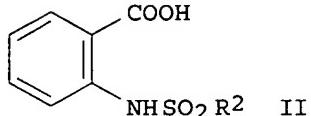
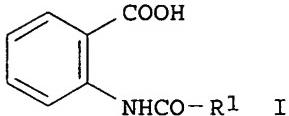
- AB In the thermal printing material comprising a support and a heat-sensitive recording layer comprised of an electron donative colorless dye and electron acceptive compound, the electron acceptive compound is obtained by dispersing anthranilic acid derivs. I and II (R1 = aryl, alkyl; R2 = aryl). The heat-sensitive recording layer may contain a zinc-containing compound. The electron donative colorless dye may be a specific spiro compound
- IT 18704-92-2, 2-(Phenoxyacetylamo)benzoic acid
 RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
 (electron acceptive in heat-sensitive recording layer of thermal printing material)
- RN 18704-92-2 CAPLUS
- CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(phenoxyacetyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L9 ANSWER 15 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:21549 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:71412
 TITLE: Thermal printing material using anthranilic acid derivative as electron-accepting compound
 INVENTOR(S): Mitsuo, Hirofumi; Watanabe, Tsutomu; Iwakura, Ken
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 11 pp.
 CODEN: JKXXAF
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Japanese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2000006528	A2	20000111	JP 1998-178799 JP 1998-178799	19980625 19980625
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:				
OTHER SOURCE(S):		MARPAT 132:71412		
ED	Entered STN:	11 Jan 2000		
GI				

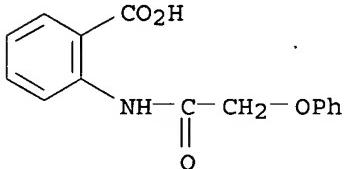


AB In the material using an electron-donating colorless dye and an electron-accepting compound, an anthranilic acid derivative I ($R_1 = \text{aryl, alkyl}$) or II ($R_2 = \text{aryl}$) is used as the electron-accepting compound. The material gives uniform d. black images with good chemical resistance and storage stability.

IT 18704-92-2
RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
(thermal printing material using anthranilic acid derivative as electron-accepting compound)

RN 18704-92-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(phenoxyacetyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L9 ANSWER 16 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:373436 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:38967
TITLE: Retention behavior of some phenoxyacetic acid derivatives on silica gel and diol bonded silica gel HPTLC precoated plates
AUTHOR(S): Bieganowska, Maria L.; Rompala, Anna
CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Inorganic and Analytical Chemistry, Medical Academy, Lublin, 20-081, Pol.
SOURCE: Journal of Liquid Chromatography & Related Technologies (1999), 22(10), 1443-1456
CODEN: JLCTFC; ISSN: 1082-6076
PUBLISHER: Marcel Dekker, Inc.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
ED Entered STN: 17 Jun 1999
AB The HPTLC behavior of closely related N-phenylamide derivs. of phenoxyacetic acid was studied on silica gel and diol-modified silica gel

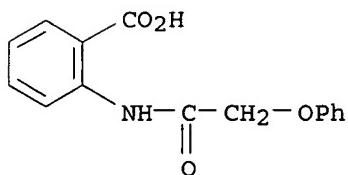
layers developed with binary nonaq. mobile phases (Et acetate, dioxane, or Me Et ketone in n-heptane or dichloromethane). The influence of the different polar modifiers on the retention was illustrated as linear plots of RM = f(log c). The separation selectivities of the studied compds. on silica gel and diol phases were compared as RM(silica) vs. RM(diol) relations.

IT 18704-92-2 59090-62-9 59090-63-0
59090-64-1 59090-65-2 59090-70-9
69764-09-6

RL: ANT (Analyte); PRP (Properties); ANST (Analytical study)
(retention behavior of some phenoxyacetic acid derivs. on silica gel
and diol bonded silica gel HPTLC precoated plates)

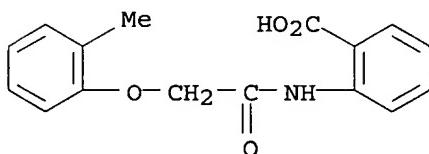
RN 18704-92-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(phenoxyacetyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



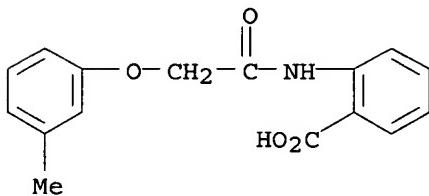
RN 59090-62-9 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[2-methylphenoxy]acetyl]amino- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



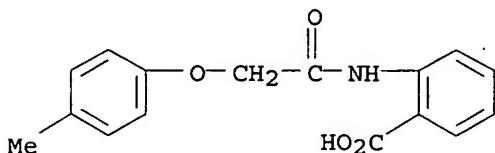
RN 59090-63-0 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[3-methylphenoxy]acetyl]amino- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

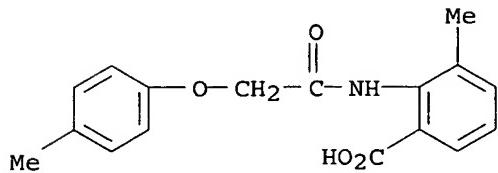


RN 59090-64-1 CAPLUS

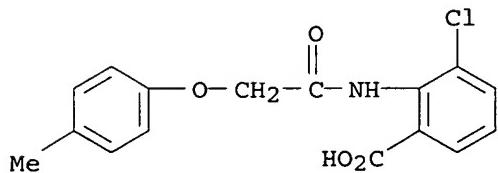
CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-methylphenoxy]acetyl]amino- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



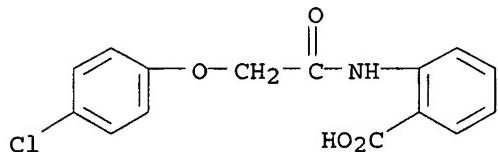
RN 59090-65-2 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 3-methyl-2-[(4-methylphenoxy)acetyl]amino- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 59090-70-9 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 3-chloro-2-[(4-methylphenoxy)acetyl]amino- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 69764-09-6 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(4-chlorophenoxy)acetyl]amino- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 20 THERE ARE 20 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L9 ANSWER 17 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:668117 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:290069
 TITLE: Quinolinic sulfide derivatives acting as nmda receptor antagonists and process for preparation thereof
 INVENTOR(S): Park, No Sang; Seong, Churl Min; Jung, Young Sik; Choi, Jin Il; Lee, Chang Woo; Chung, Yong Jun; Choi, Seung Won; Kong, Jae Yang; Park, Woo Kyu
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Korea Research Institute of Chemical Technology, S. Korea
 SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 42 pp.
 CODEN: EPXXDW
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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EP 869122	A1	19981007	EP 1998-400731	19980327
EP 869122	B1	20021204		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO				
AT 229004	E	20021215	AT 1998-400731	19980327
JP 10310575	A2	19981124	JP 1998-84760	19980330
JP 3130502	B2	20010131		
US 5990126	A	19991123	US 1998-52752	19980331
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:				
			KR 1997-11958	A 19970331
			KR 1997-13818	A 19970415
			KR 1997-58546	A 19971106

OTHER SOURCE(S) : CASREACT 129:290069; MARPAT 129:290069

ED Entered STN: 22 Oct 1998

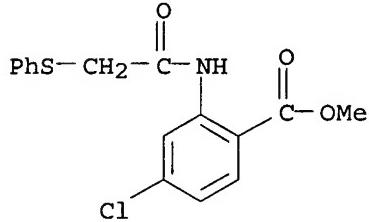
AB A class of quinolinic sulfide derivs. are potent and specific antagonists at the strychnine insensitive glycine binding site on the NMDA receptor complex with an pharmacol. advantageous profile. They may be useful in treatment or prevention of neurodegenerative disorders. Particularly, the compds. included in the present invention are especially useful for minimizing damage of the central nervous system arising as a consequence of ischemic or hypoxic condition such as stroke, hypoglycemia, cerebral ischemia, cardiac arrest, and phys. trauma. They are also useful in prevention of chronic neurodegenerative disorders including epilepsy, Alzheimer's disease, Huntington's disease and Parkinsonism. By virtue of their NMDA receptor antagonist properties, the present compds. may also use as anticonvulsant, analgesic, antidepressant, anxiolytic, and antischizophrenic agent.

IT 214327-90-9P 214327-91-0P 214327-92-1P
 214327-93-2P 214327-94-3P 214327-95-4P
 214327-97-6P 214327-98-7P 214327-99-8P
 214328-00-4P 214328-01-5P 214328-05-9P
 214328-06-0P 214328-07-1P 214328-09-3P
 214328-10-6P 214328-11-7P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (for preparation of quinolinic sulfide derivs. acting as NMDA receptor antagonists)

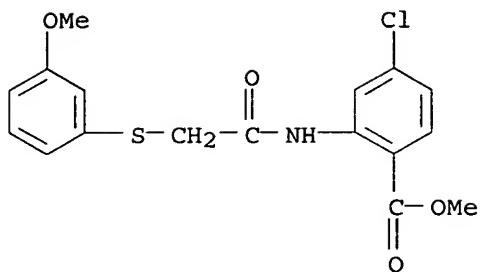
RN 214327-90-9 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-chloro-2-[[[(phenylthio)acetyl]amino]-, methyl ester (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)



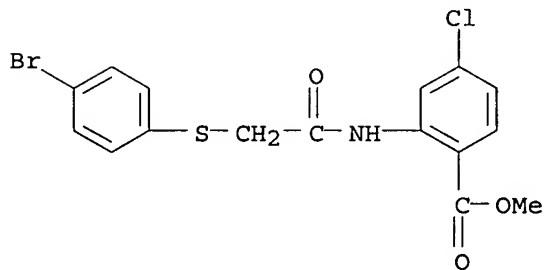
RN 214327-91-0 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-chloro-2-[[[(3-methoxyphenyl)thio]acetyl]amino]-, methyl ester (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)



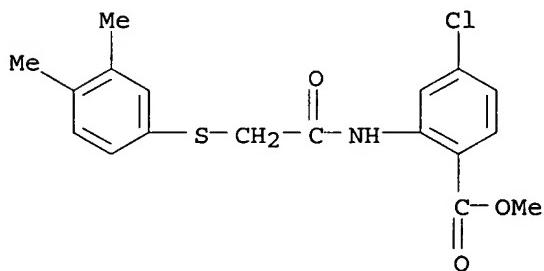
RN 214327-92-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[4-(4-bromophenyl)thio]acetyl]amino]-4-chloro-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



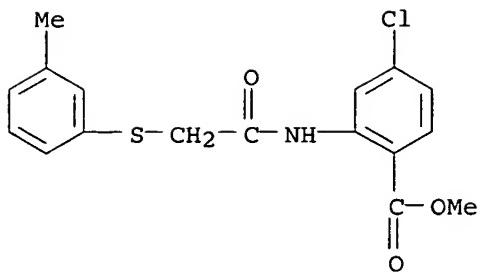
RN 214327-93-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-chloro-2-[[[3,4-dimethylphenyl]thio]acetyl]amino-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



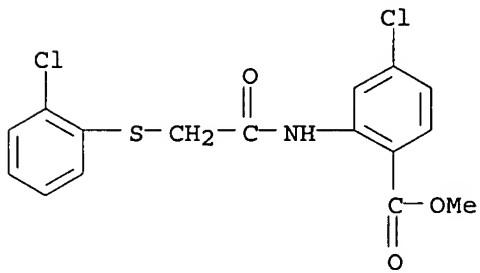
RN 214327-94-3 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-chloro-2-[[[3-methylphenyl]thio]acetyl]amino-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



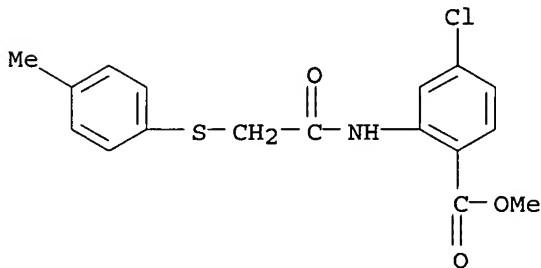
RN 214327-95-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-chloro-2-[[[(2-chlorophenyl)thio]acetyl]amino]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



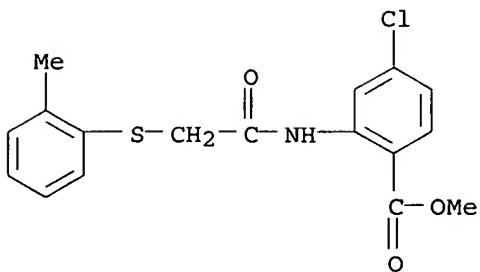
RN 214327-97-6 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-chloro-2-[[[(4-methylphenyl)thio]acetyl]amino]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



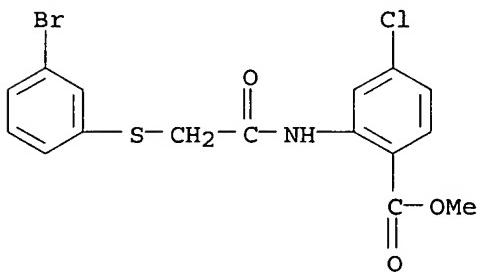
RN 214327-98-7 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-chloro-2-[[[(2-methylphenyl)thio]acetyl]amino]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



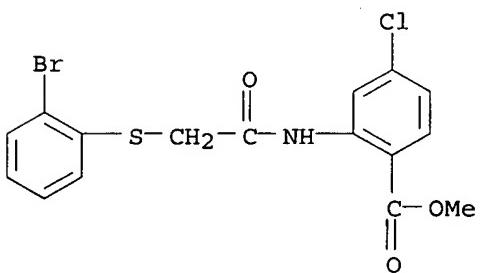
RN 214327-99-8 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[3-bromophenyl]thio]acetyl]amino]-4-chloro-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



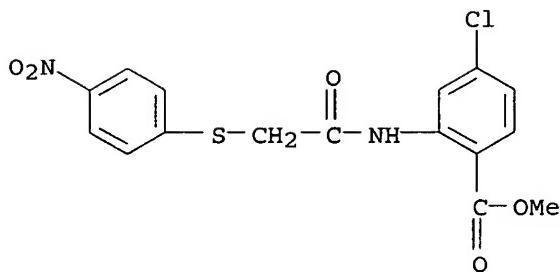
RN 214328-00-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[2-(2-bromophenyl)thio]acetyl]amino]-4-chloro-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



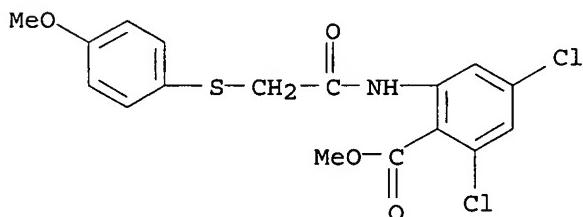
RN 214328-01-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-chloro-2-[[[4-nitrophenyl]thio]acetyl]amino-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



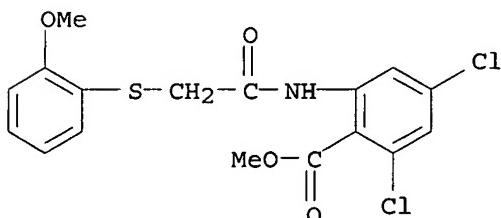
RN 214328-05-9 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2,4-dichloro-6-[[[(4-methoxyphenyl)thio]acetyl]amino]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



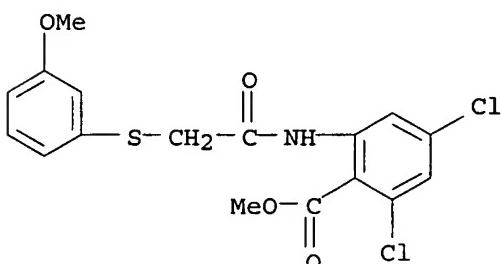
RN 214328-06-0 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2,4-dichloro-6-[[[(2-methoxyphenyl)thio]acetyl]amino]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



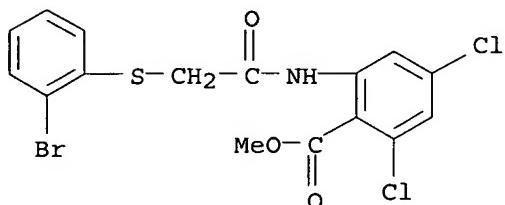
RN 214328-07-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2,4-dichloro-6-[[[(3-methoxyphenyl)thio]acetyl]amino]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



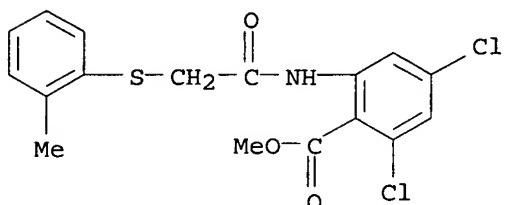
RN 214328-09-3 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[(2-bromophenyl)thio]acetyl]amino]-4,6-dichloro-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



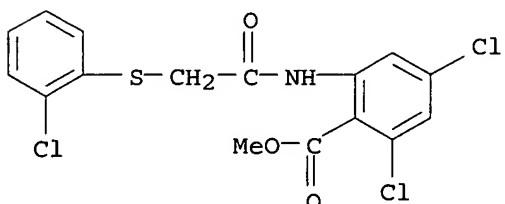
RN 214328-10-6 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2,4-dichloro-6-[[[(2-methylphenyl)thio]acetyl]amino]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 214328-11-7 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2,4-dichloro-6-[[[(2-chlorophenyl)thio]acetyl]amino]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT:

9

THERE ARE 9 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L9 ANSWER 18 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

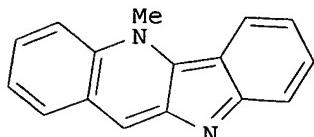
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:446835 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:189511

TITLE: Antihyperglycemic Activities of Cryptolepine Analogs:
An Ethnobotanical Lead Structure Isolated from
Cryptolepis sanguinolentaAUTHOR(S): Bierer, Donald E.; Dubenko, Larisa G.; Zhang,
Pingsheng; Lu, Qing; Imbach, Patricia A.; Garofalo,
Albert W.; Phuan, Puay-Wah; Fort, Diana M.; Litvak,
Joane; Gerber, R. Eric; Sloan, Barbara; Luo, Jian;
Cooper, Raymond; Reaven, Gerald M.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Shaman Pharmaceuticals Inc., South San Francisco, CA,

SOURCE: 94080, USA
 Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1998), 41(15),
 2754-2764
 CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623
 PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 ED Entered STN: 20 Jul 1998
 GI



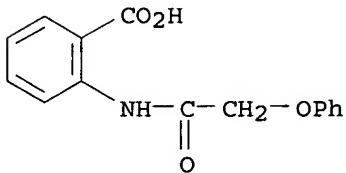
I

AB Cryptolepine (I) is a rare example of a natural product whose synthesis was reported prior to its isolation from nature. In the previous paper the discovery of cryptolepine's antihyperglycemic properties was reported. As part of a medicinal chemical program designed to optimize natural product lead structures originating from our ethnobotanical and ethnomedical field research, a series of substituted and heterosubstituted cryptolepine analogs was synthesized. Antihyperglycemic activity was measured in vitro and in an NIDDM mouse model to generate the first structure-bioactivity study about the cryptolepine nucleus.

IT 18704-92-2P 77705-59-0P 80271-16-5P
 131058-49-6P 178270-69-4P 178270-88-7P
 178270-91-2P 178271-16-4P 178271-19-7P
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (preparation and antihyperglycemic activity of cryptolepine analogs)

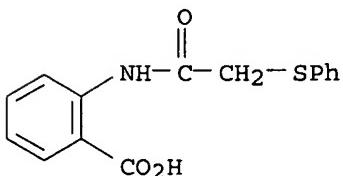
RN 18704-92-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(phenoxyacetyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



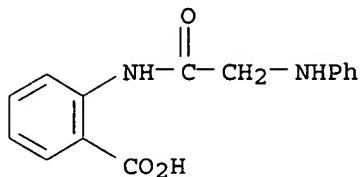
RN 77705-59-0 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[phenylthio]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



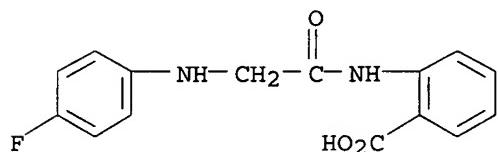
RN 80271-16-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(phenylamino)acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



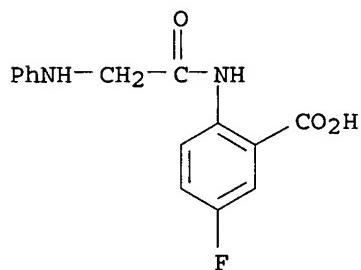
RN 131058-49-6 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[4-fluorophenyl]amino]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



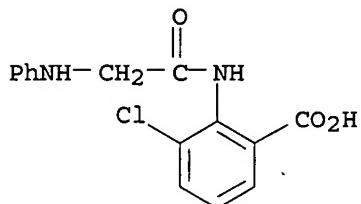
RN 178270-69-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 5-fluoro-2-[(phenylamino)acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 178270-88-7 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 3-chloro-2-[(phenylamino)acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

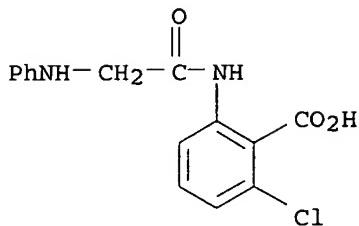


RN 178270-91-2 CAPLUS

10/682,647

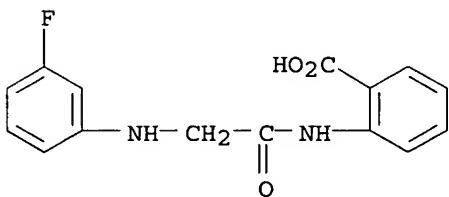
Yevgeny

CN Benzoic acid, 2-chloro-6-[[[phenylamino]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX
NAME)



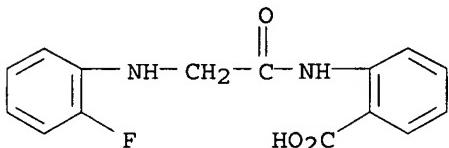
RN 178271-16-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[(3-fluorophenyl)amino]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX
NAME)



RN 178271-19-7 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[(2-fluorophenyl)amino]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX
NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L9 ANSWER 19 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:270130 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:308392

TITLE: Solution-phase combinatorial synthesis of
4-hydroxyquinolin-2(1H)-ones

AUTHOR(S): Kulkarni, Bheemashankar; Ganeshan, A.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Molecular and Cell Biology, National Univ.
Singapore, 117609, SingaporeSOURCE: Chemical Communications (Cambridge) (1998), (7),
785-786

CODEN: CHCOFS; ISSN: 1359-7345

PUBLISHER: Royal Society of Chemistry

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

ED Entered STN: 13 May 1998

AB Ion-exchange resins catalyze an intramol. Claisen-type condensation

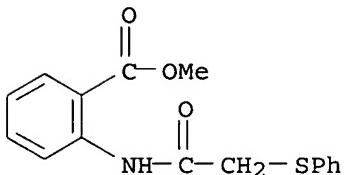
leading to the title compds., and also serve to purify the products. For example, the cyclocondensation of Me 2-[(cyanoacetyl)amino]benzoate gave 1,2-dihydro-4-hydroxy-2-oxo-3-quinolinecarbonitrile in 82% yield.

IT 206363-28-2

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (solution-phase combinatorial synthesis of hydroxyquinolinones)

RN 206363-28-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[phenylthio]acetyl]amino]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 30 THERE ARE 30 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L9 ANSWER 20 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:250738 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:294606

TITLE: Preparation of aniline derivatives having
antihyperglycemic activity

INVENTOR(S): Bierer, Donald E.; Dubenko, Larisa G.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Shaman Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA

SOURCE: U.S., 41 pp.

CODEN: USXXAM

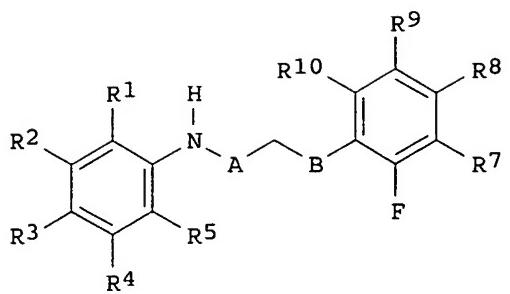
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

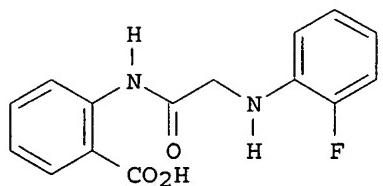
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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US 5741926	A	19980421	US 1997-799745	19970212
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1997-799745	19970212
OTHER SOURCE(S):	MARPAT	128:294606		
ED Entered STN:	02 May 1998			
GI				



I



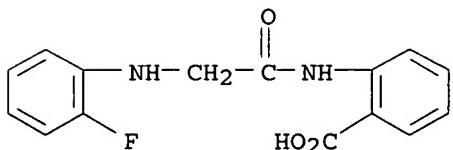
II

AB The title compds. [I; R₁-R₅ = H, halo, C₁-6 alkyl, etc.; R₇-R₁₀ = H, halo, Ph, etc.; A = C(O), CH₂; B = NH, O, S], useful for the treatment of insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus (IDDM or Type I) and non-insulin dependent diabetes mellitus (NIDDM or Type II), were prepared. Thus, treatment of anthranilic acid with bromoacetyl bromide in DMF and dioxane followed by reaction of the resulting 2-[(2-bromoacetyl)amino]benzoic acid with o-fluoroaniline in DMF afforded the title compound II which showed stimulatory effect (128% basal) on 2-deoxy-D-glucose uptake in 3T3-L1 adipocytes in the absence of insulin.

IT 178271-19-7P
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)
(preparation of aniline derivs. having antihyperglycemic activity)

RN 178271-19-7 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[2-fluorophenyl)amino]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



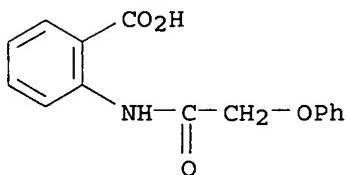
IT 18704-92-2P 77705-59-0P 80271-16-5P
131058-49-6P 140934-46-9P 178270-69-4P
178270-88-7P 178270-89-8P 178270-91-2P
178271-16-4P 195393-02-3P 195393-03-4P
195393-04-5P 195393-05-6P 195393-06-7P
195393-07-8P 195393-08-9P 195393-09-0P
195393-11-4P 195393-12-5P 195393-13-6P

195393-14-7P 195393-16-9P 195393-17-0P
 195393-18-1P 195393-24-9P 195393-26-1P
 195393-35-2P 195393-40-9P 195393-48-7P
 195393-49-8P 195393-52-3P 195393-59-0P
 195393-60-3P 195393-62-5P 195393-65-8P
 195393-66-9P 195393-69-2P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (preparation of aniline derivs. having antihyperglycemic activity)

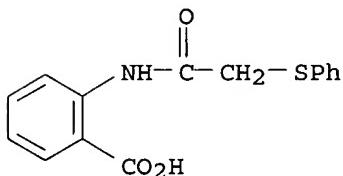
RN 18704-92-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(phenoxyacetyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



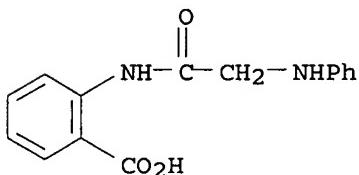
RN 77705-59-0 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[phenylthio]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



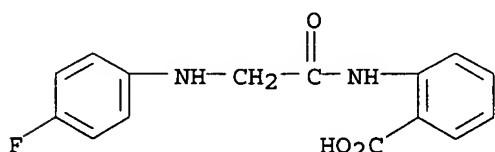
RN 80271-16-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[phenylamino]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

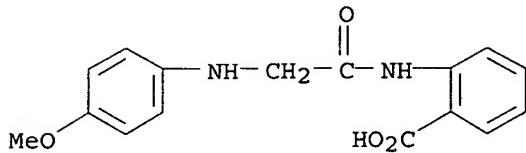


RN 131058-49-6 CAPLUS

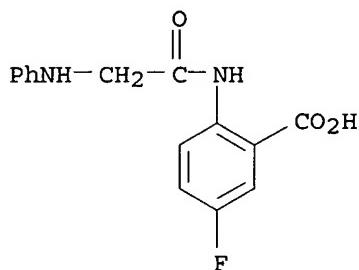
CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[(4-fluorophenyl)amino]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



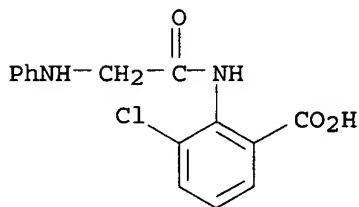
RN 140934-46-9 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[(4-methoxyphenyl)amino]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX
NAME)

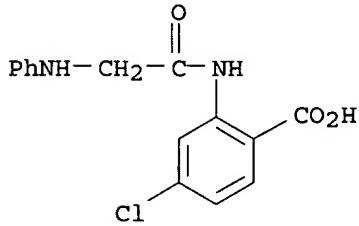
RN 178270-69-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 5-fluoro-2-[[phenylamino]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX
NAME)

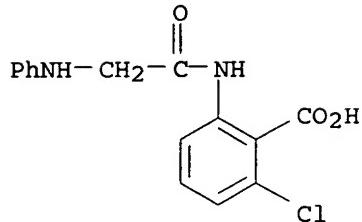
RN 178270-88-7 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 3-chloro-2-[[phenylamino]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX
NAME)

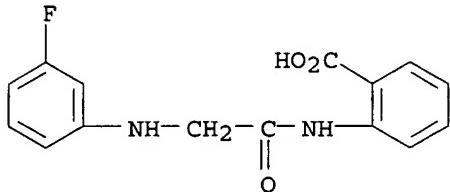
RN 178270-89-8 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-chloro-2-[[phenylamino]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX
NAME)

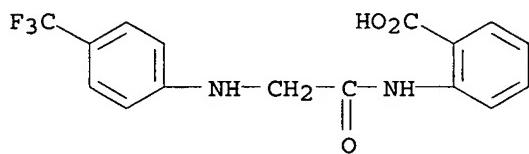
RN 178270-91-2 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-chloro-6-[(phenylamino)acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



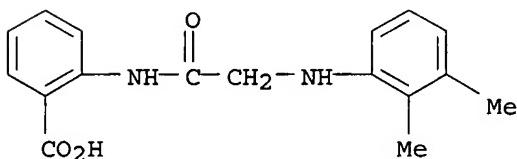
RN 178271-16-4 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[3-fluorophenyl]amino]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



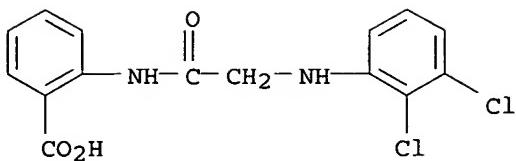
RN 195393-02-3 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]amino]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



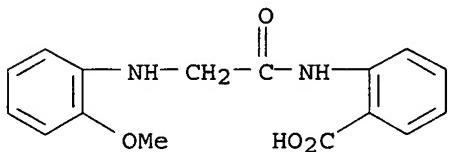
RN 195393-03-4 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[(2,3-dimethylphenyl)amino]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



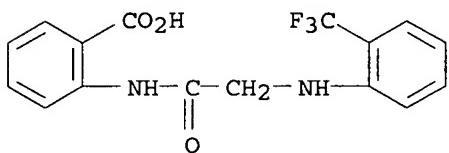
RN 195393-04-5 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[(2,3-dichlorophenyl)amino]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



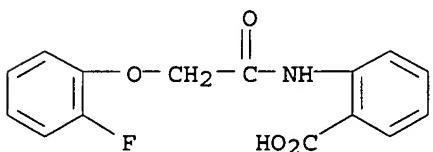
RN 195393-05-6 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[(2-methoxyphenyl)amino]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



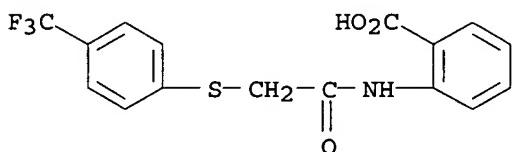
RN 195393-06-7 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[[2-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]amino]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



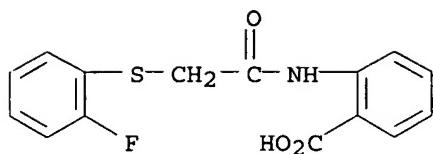
RN 195393-07-8 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[(2-fluorophenoxy)acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 195393-08-9 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]thio]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

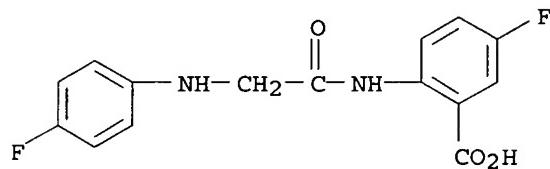


RN 195393-09-0 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[(2-fluorophenyl)thio]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



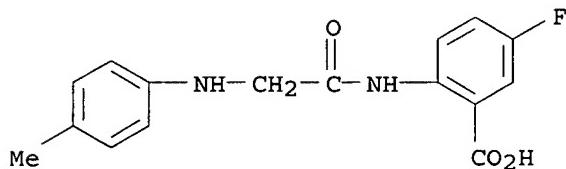
RN 195393-11-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 5-fluoro-2-[[[(4-fluorophenyl)amino]acetyl]amino]- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)



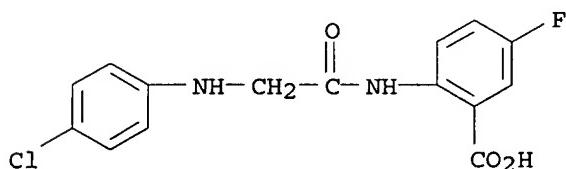
RN 195393-12-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 5-fluoro-2-[[[(4-methylphenyl)amino]acetyl]amino]- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)



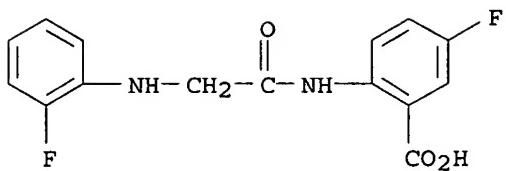
RN 195393-13-6 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[(4-chlorophenyl)amino]acetyl]amino]-5-fluoro- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

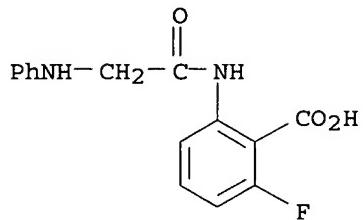


RN 195393-14-7 CAPLUS

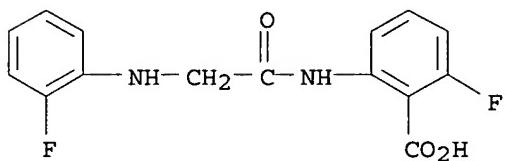
CN Benzoic acid, 5-fluoro-2-[[[(2-fluorophenyl)amino]acetyl]amino]- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)



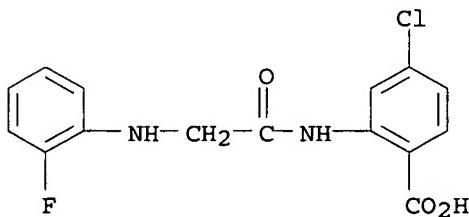
RN 195393-16-9 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-fluoro-6-[(phenylamino)acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



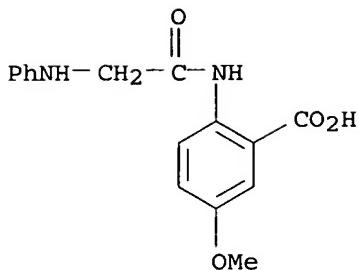
RN 195393-17-0 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-fluoro-6-[[[(2-fluorophenyl)amino]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



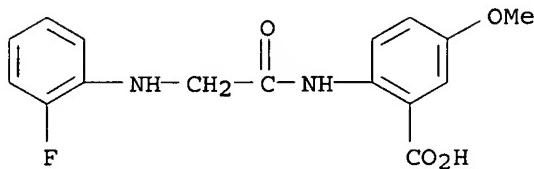
RN 195393-18-1 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 4-chloro-2-[[[(2-fluorophenyl)amino]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



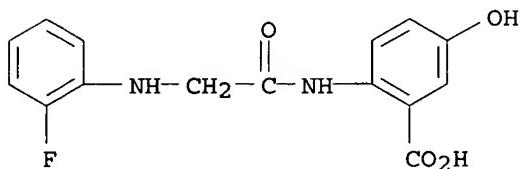
RN 195393-24-9 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 5-methoxy-2-[(phenylamino)acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



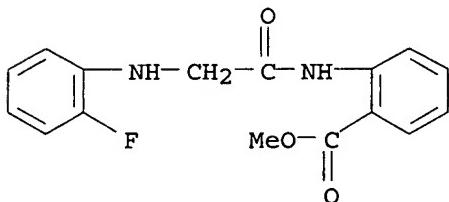
RN 195393-26-1 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[(2-fluorophenyl)amino]acetyl]amino]-5-methoxy- (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)



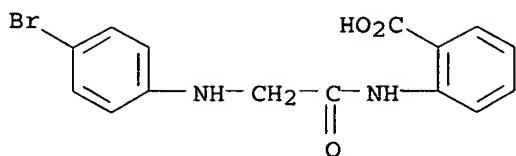
RN 195393-35-2 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[(2-fluorophenyl)amino]acetyl]amino]-5-hydroxy- (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)



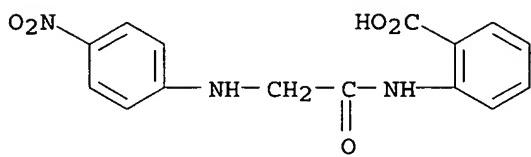
RN 195393-40-9 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[(2-fluorophenyl)amino]acetyl]amino]-, methyl ester
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



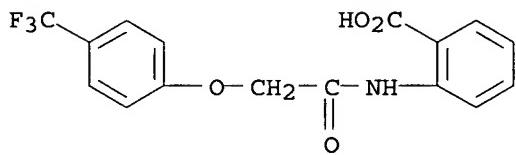
RN 195393-48-7 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[(4-bromophenyl)amino]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX
 NAME)



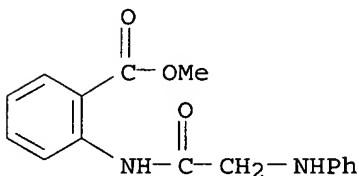
RN 195393-49-8 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[4-(4-nitrophenyl)amino]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



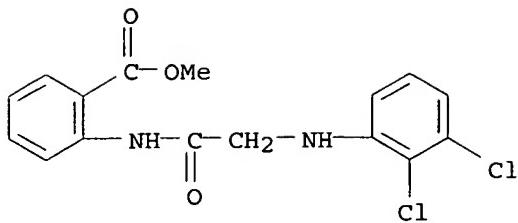
RN 195393-52-3 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



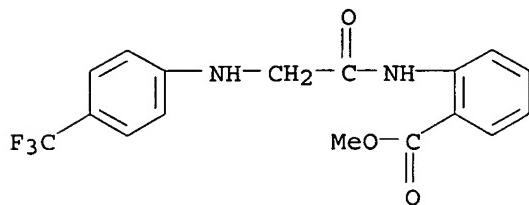
RN 195393-59-0 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[(phenylamino)acetyl]amino]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



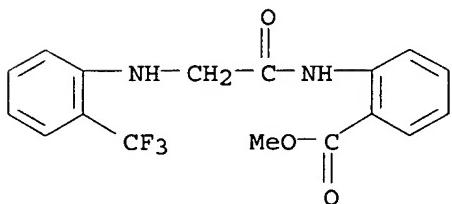
RN 195393-60-3 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[(2,3-dichlorophenyl)amino]acetyl]amino]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



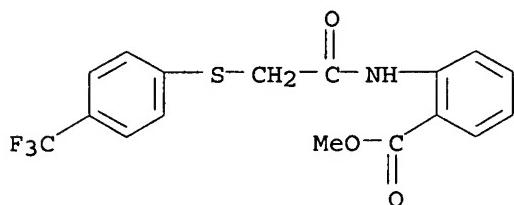
RN 195393-62-5 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



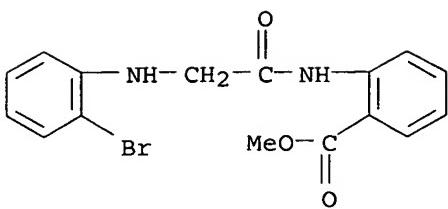
RN 195393-65-8 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[2-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 195393-66-9 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]thio]acetyl]amino]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 195393-69-2 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[(2-bromophenyl)amino]acetyl]amino]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

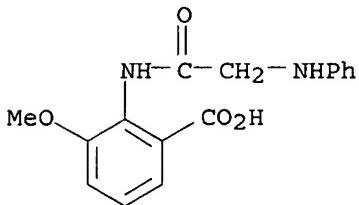


IT 141023-40-7P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (preparation of aniline derivs. having antihyperglycemic activity)

RN 141023-40-7 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 3-methoxy-2-[(phenylamino)acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 53 THERE ARE 53 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L9 ANSWER 21 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:68515 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:167177

TITLE: Preparation of carboxylic acid polyvalent metal salts as developers for heat- and pressure-sensitive recording materials

INVENTOR(S): Nakatsuka, Masakatsu; Tanabe, Yoshimitsu

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Mitsui Toatsu Chemicals, Inc., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 17 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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JP 10025267	A2	19980127	JP 1996-180504	19960710

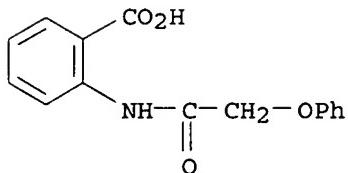
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

ED Entered STN: 05 Feb 1998

AB Title compds., useful as developers for heat- and pressure-sensitive recording materials (no data), are prepared by feeding carboxylic acid alkali metal salts or organic amine salts and polyvalent metal compds. resp. into a mixing vessel containing H₂O at the same time and reacting them. An aqueous solution of 3,5-bis(α-methylbenzyl)salicylic acid sodium salt (I) and an aqueous solution of ZnSO₄.7H₂O were fed into a mixing vessel containing H₂O at

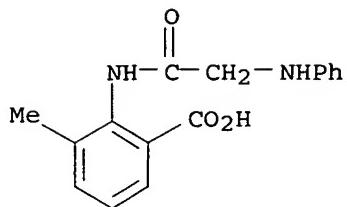
10 g/min and at 2.5 g/min resp. and mixed at 35° for 1 h to give

IT 3,5-bis(α -methylbenzyl)salicylic acid zinc salts containing unreacted
0.4 weight% I.
202917-59-7
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(preparation of carboxylic acid metal salts by reaction of carboxylic acid
salts with polyvalent metal compds.)
RN 202917-59-7 CAPLUS
CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(phenoxyacetyl)amino]-, monosodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX
NAME)

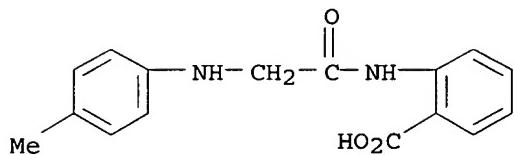


● Na

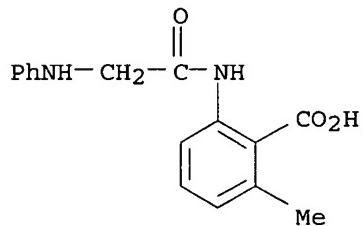
L9 ANSWER 22 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:5408 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:149196
TITLE: Synthesis and antitumor activity of fused quinoline derivatives. V. Methylindolo[3,2-b]quinolines
Takeuchi, Yasuo; Kitaomo, Masayuki; Chang, Ming-Rong;
Shirasaka, Shota; Shimamura, Chinami; Okuno, Yumiko;
Yamato, Masatoshi; Harayama, Takashi
AUTHOR(S): Faculty of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Okayama
CORPORATE SOURCE: University, Okayama, 700, Japan
SOURCE: Chemical & Pharmaceutical Bulletin (1997), 45(12),
2096-2099
CODEN: CPBTAL; ISSN: 0009-2363
PUBLISHER: Pharmaceutical Society of Japan
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
ED Entered STN: 07 Jan 1998
AB Indolo[3,2-b]quinoline derivs. with a Me group at each possible position have been synthesized. The 1-Me and 9-Me derivs. were inactive, but the 3-Me, 4-Me, and 6-Me derivs. exhibited high treatment/control (T/C) value and cure rates against leukemia P388 in mice. These results indicated that modification of indolo[3,2-b]quinoline derivs. at 3, 4, and 6 positions may be useful approach for lead optimization.
IT 131058-32-7P 131058-39-4P 202715-64-8P
202715-67-1P 202715-68-2P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(preparation and antileukemic structure activity relations of methylindolequinolines)
RN 131058-32-7 CAPLUS
CN Benzoic acid, 3-methyl-2-[(phenylamino)acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX
NAME)



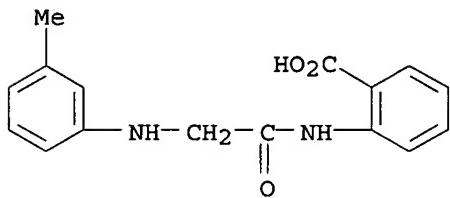
RN 131058-39-4 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[4-methylphenyl]amino]acetyl]amino- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



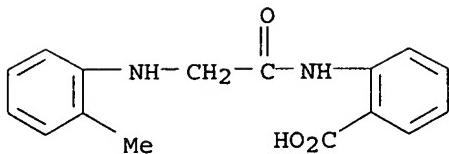
RN 202715-64-8 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-methyl-6-[(phenylamino)acetyl]amino- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 202715-67-1 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[3-methylphenyl]amino]acetyl]amino- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 202715-68-2 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[2-methylphenyl]amino]acetyl]amino- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



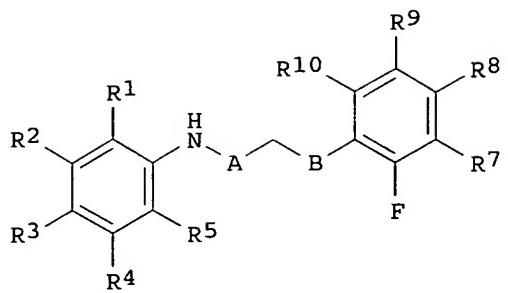
REFERENCE COUNT: 8 THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L9 ANSWER 23 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:563089 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 127:247927
 TITLE: Aniline derivatives having antihyperglycemic activity
 INVENTOR(S): Bierer, Donald E.; Dubenko, Larisa G.
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Shaman Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 129 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

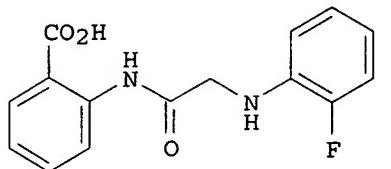
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9730019	A1	19970821	WO 1997-US2289	19970213
W: AL, AM, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CN, CU, CZ, EE, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LT, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, RU, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UZ, VN, YU, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
RW: KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
AU 9721241	A1	19970902	AU 1997-21241	19970213
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1996-600725	A 19960213
			WO 1997-US2289	W 19970213

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 127:247927

ED Entered STN: 04 Sep 1997
 GI



I



II

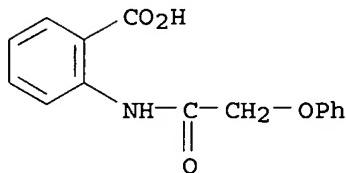
AB Aniline derivs. useful as antihyperglycemic agents, pharmaceutical compns. comprising the aniline derivs., and methods for their use are described. For instance, the novel compds. I [R₁-R₅ = H, halo, OR₁₁, CX₃, alkyl, (CH₂)_nCH₂OH, (CH₂)_nCO₂R₁₂, (CH₂)_nT; one and only one of R₁-R₅ = one of the latter 2 groups; R₁₁, R₁₂ = H, alkyl; X = halo; n = 0, 1; R₇-R₁₀ = H, halo, OR₁₃, SR₁₄, CY₃, alkyl, Ph; R₁₃, R₁₄ = H, alkyl, Ph; Y = halo; A = CO, CH₂; B = NH, O, S; T = 5-tetrazolyl] are described. The aniline derivs. are useful for the treatment of insulin-dependent and non-insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus. For instance, amidation of anthranilic acid with BrCH₂COBr in DMF/dioxane (87.8% yield) and condensation of the intermediate bromo compound with o-fluoroaniline in DMF (85% yield) gave title compound II, a preferred compound. At 100 mg/kg orally in diabetic db/db mice, II reduced blood glucose by 61.3 mg/dL at 27 h, vs. 116.4 mg/dL for metformin at the same dosage.

IT

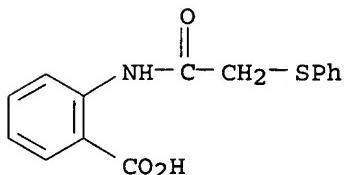
- 18704-92-2P, 2-[(2-Phenoxyacetyl)amino]benzoic acid
- 77705-59-0P, 2-[[2-(Phenylthio)acetyl]amino]benzoic acid
- 80271-16-5P, 2-[[2-(Phenylamino)acetyl]amino]benzoic acid
- 131058-49-6P, 2-[[2-[(4-Fluorophenyl)amino]acetyl]amino]benzoic acid
- 140934-46-9P, 2-[[2-[(4-Methoxyphenyl)amino]acetyl]amino]benzoic acid
- 141023-40-7P, 3-Methoxy-2-[[2-(phenylamino)acetyl]amino]benzoic acid 178270-69-4P,
- 2-[[2-(Phenylamino)acetyl]amino]-5-fluorobenzoic acid 178270-88-7P
- , 2-[[2-(Phenylamino)acetyl]amino]-3-chlorobenzoic acid
- 178270-89-8P, 2-[[2-(Phenylamino)acetyl]amino]-4-chlorobenzoic acid 178270-91-2P, 2-[[2-(Phenylamino)acetyl]amino]-6-chlorobenzoic acid 178271-16-4P, 2-[[2-[(3-Fluorophenyl)amino]acetyl]amino]benzoic acid 195393-02-3P,
- 2-[[2-[(4-Trifluoromethyl)phenyl]amino]acetyl]amino]benzoic acid 195393-03-4P, 2-[[2-[(2,3-Dimethylphenyl)amino]acetyl]amino]benzoic acid 195393-04-5P, 2-[[2-[(2,3-Dichlorophenyl)amino]acetyl]amino]benzoic acid 195393-05-6P, 2-[[2-[(2-Methoxyphenyl)amino]acetyl]amino]benzoic acid 195393-06-7P,
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 Methyl 2-[[2-[(2,3-dichlorophenyl)amino]acetyl]amino]benzoate
195393-62-5P, Methyl 2-[[2-[(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)amino]acetyl]amino]benzoate 195393-65-8P, Methyl 2-[[2-[(2-
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 , Methyl 2-[[2-[(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)thio]acetyl]amino]benzoate
195393-69-2P, Methyl 2-[[2-[(2-bromophenyl)amino]acetyl]amino]benzoate
 oate
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (preparation of aniline derivs. with antihyperglycemic activity)

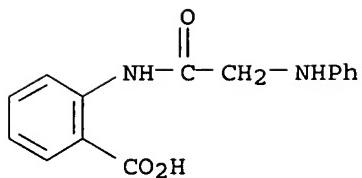
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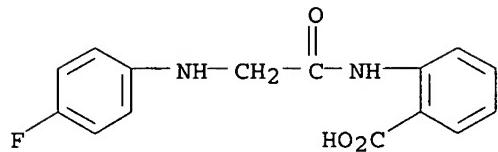
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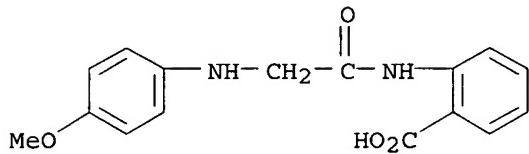
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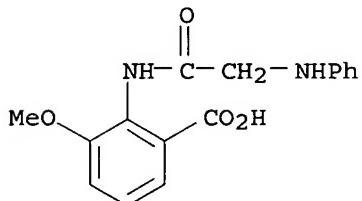
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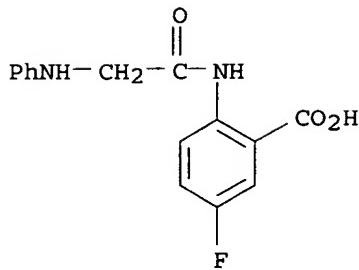
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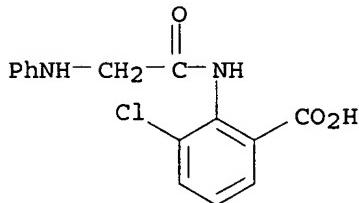
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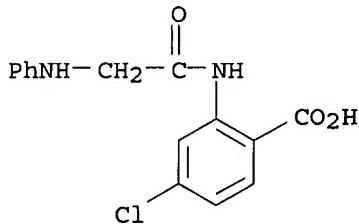
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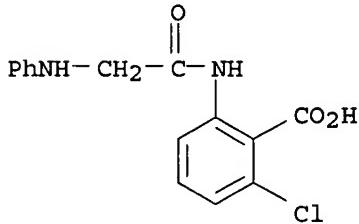
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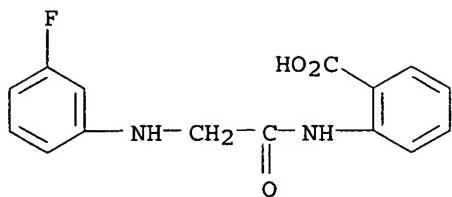


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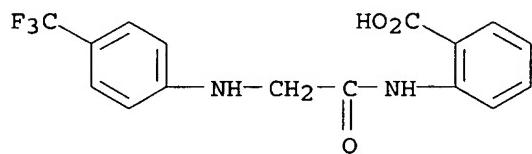


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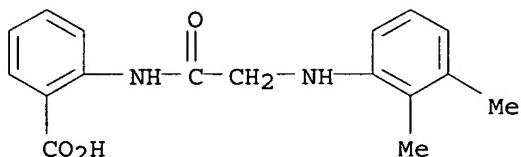
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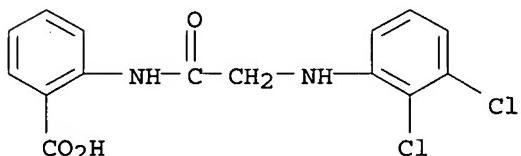
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(CA INDEX NAME)

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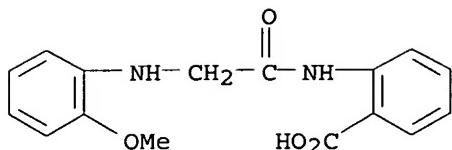
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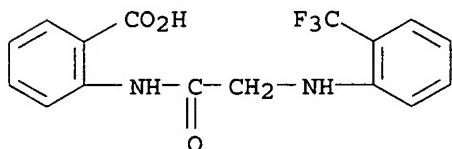
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INDEX NAME)

RN 195393-05-6 CAPLUS

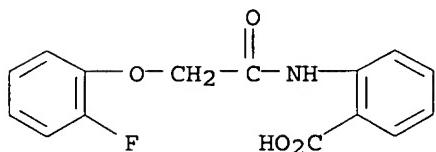
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NAME)



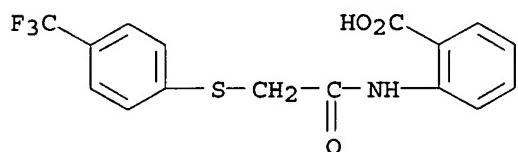
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 (CA INDEX NAME)



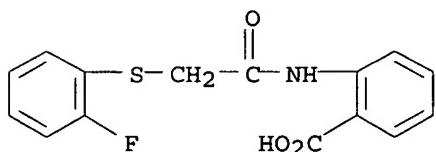
RN 195393-07-8 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-{{[(2-fluorophenoxy)acetyl]amino}- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 195393-08-9 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-{{[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]thio}acetyl}amino - (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)

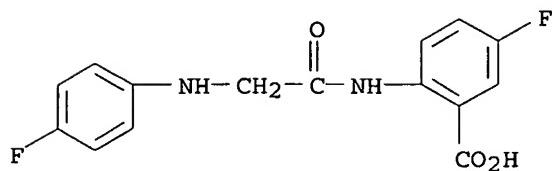


RN 195393-09-0 CAPLUS
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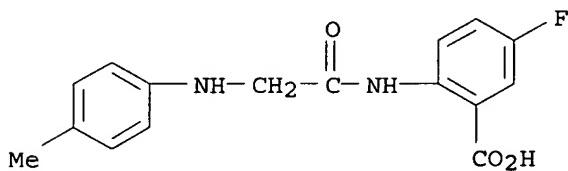


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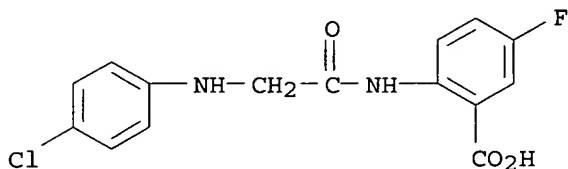
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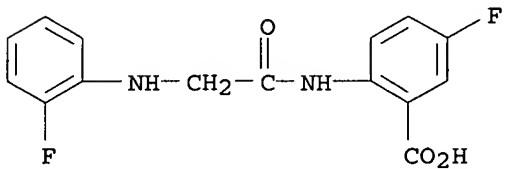
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(CA INDEX NAME)

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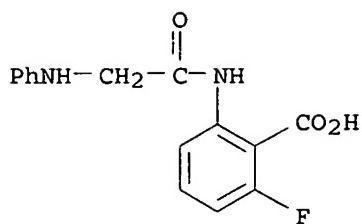
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(CA INDEX NAME)

RN 195393-14-7 CAPLUS

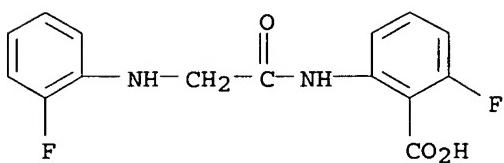
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(CA INDEX NAME)

RN 195393-16-9 CAPLUS

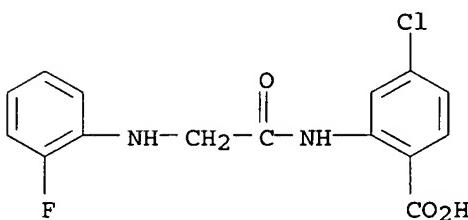
CN Benzoic acid, 2-fluoro-6-[(phenylamino)acetyl]amino)- (9CI) (CA INDEX
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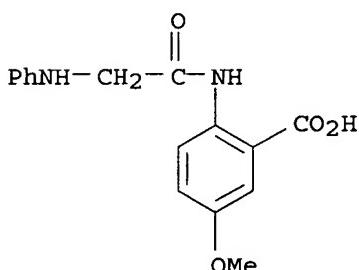
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 (CA INDEX NAME)



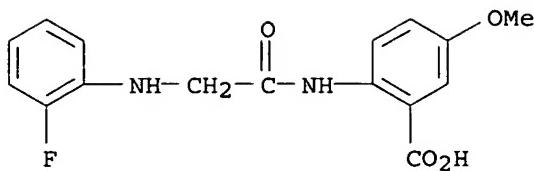
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 (CA INDEX NAME)



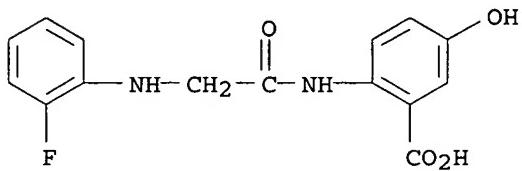
RN 195393-24-9 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 5-methoxy-2-[(phenylamino)acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



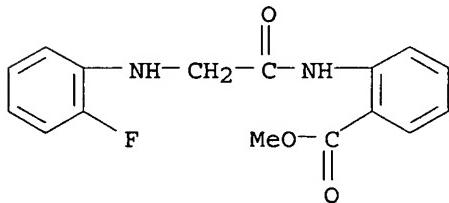
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 (CA INDEX NAME)



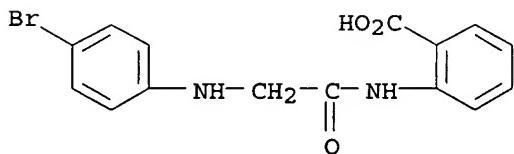
RN 195393-35-2 CAPLUS
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 (CA INDEX NAME)



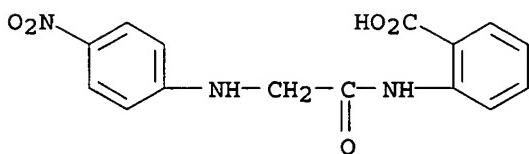
RN 195393-40-9 CAPLUS
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 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



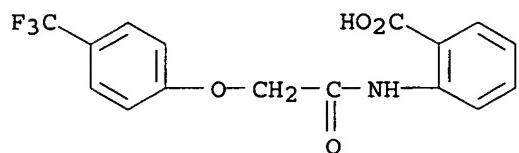
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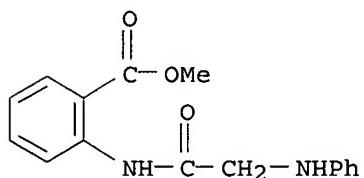
RN 195393-49-8 CAPLUS
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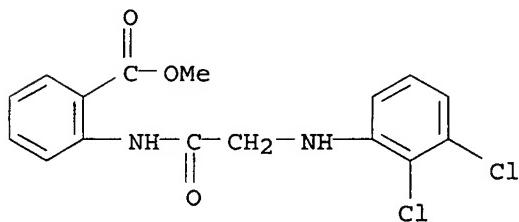
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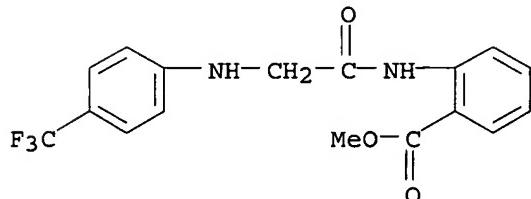
RN 195393-59-0 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[(phenylamino)acetyl]amino]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



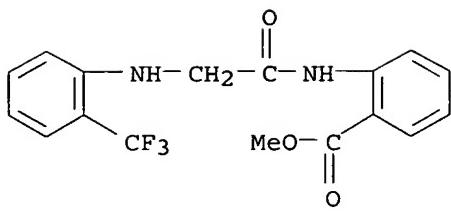
RN 195393-60-3 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[(2,3-dichlorophenyl)amino]acetyl]amino]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



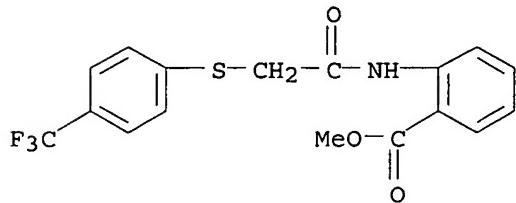
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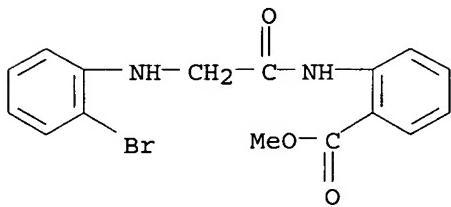
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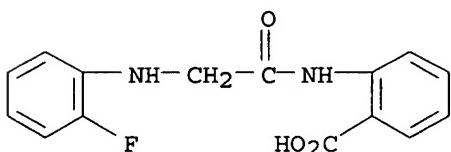
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 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]thio]acetyl]amino]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 195393-69-2 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[2-bromophenyl]amino]acetyl]amino]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 178271-19-7P, 2-[[2-[(2-Fluorophenyl)amino]acetyl]amino]benzoic acid
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (preparation of aniline derivs. with antihyperglycemic activity)
 RN 178271-19-7 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[2-fluorophenyl]amino]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L9 ANSWER 24 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:397239 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 125:58834

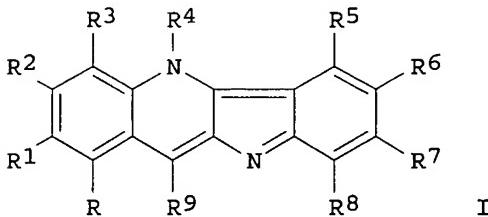
TITLE: Cryptolepine analogs with hypoglycemic activity
 INVENTOR(S): Bierer, Donald E.
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Shaman Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 142 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9610015	A1	19960404	WO 1995-US12504	19950927
W: AM, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CN, CZ, EE, FI, GE, HU, IS, JP, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LT, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, RU, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TT, UA, UZ, VN RW: KE, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
US 5917052	A	19990629	US 1994-314188	19940928
US 5681958	A	19971028	US 1995-484424	19950607
AU 9537318	A1	19960419	AU 1995-37318	19950927
US 5925647	A	19990720	US 1997-955320	19971020
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1994-314188	A 19940928
			US 1995-484424	A 19950607
			WO 1995-US12504	W 19950927

OTHER SOURCE(S) : MARPAT 125:58834

ED Entered STN: 11 Jul 1996

GI



AB Novel cryptolepine analogs I (R-R3 and R5-R8 = H, halo, NO₂, amino, Ph, substituted Ph, SO₃H, alkoxy carbonyl, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl; R4 = (un)substituted alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, phenylmethyl; R9 = H, halo, azido, cyano, amino, alkoxy carbonyl, CO₂H, Ph, substituted Ph, alkoxy) were prepared as hypoglycemic agents which are useful in the treatment of diabetes. Thus, 5-fluoroisatin was treated with 3-indolyl acetate to give 2-fluoroquindoline-11-carboxylic acid, which was decarboxylated and methylated to give 2-fluoro-5-methylquindolinium hydrochloride (II). At 100 mg/kg II reduced glucose by 196 mg/dL in diabetic db/db mice.

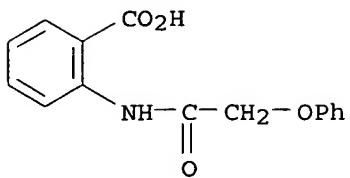
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 131058-49-6P 178270-69-4P 178270-88-7P
 178270-89-8P 178270-91-2P 178271-16-4P
 178271-19-7P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of cryptolepine analogs with hypoglycemic activity)

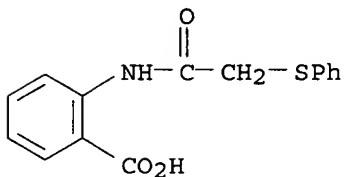
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CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(phenoxyacetyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



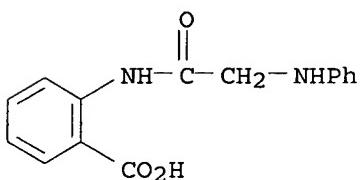
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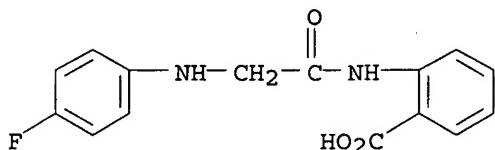
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CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[phenylamino]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



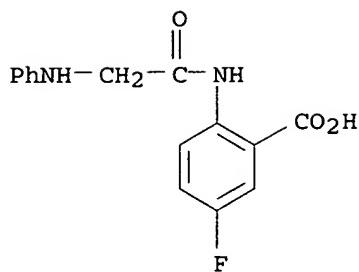
RN 131058-49-6 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[(4-fluorophenyl)amino]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

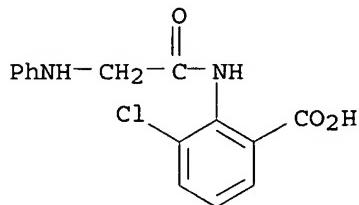


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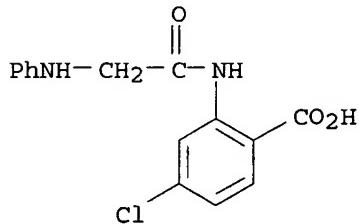
CN Benzoic acid, 5-fluoro-2-[[phenylamino]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



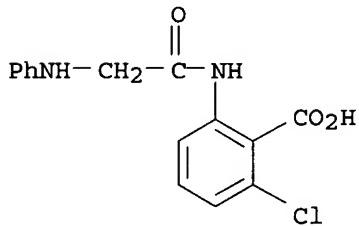
RN 178270-88-7 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 3-chloro-2-[(phenylamino)acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 178270-89-8 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 4-chloro-2-[(phenylamino)acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

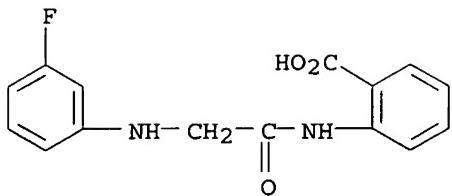


RN 178270-91-2 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-chloro-6-[(phenylamino)acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

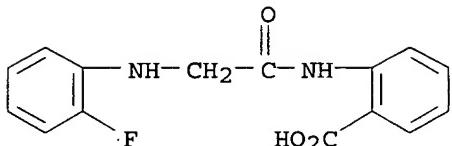


RN 178271-16-4 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[(3-fluorophenyl)amino]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX

NAME)



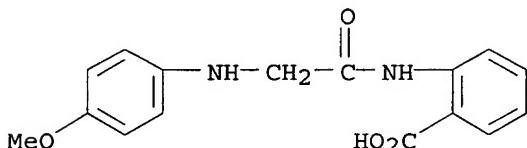
RN 178271-19-7 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[2-fluorophenyl]amino]acetyl]amino- (9CI) (CA INDEX
NAME)

IT 140934-46-9P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(preparation of cryptolepine analogs with hypoglycemic activity)

RN 140934-46-9 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[4-methoxyphenyl]amino]acetyl]amino- (9CI) (CA INDEX
NAME)

L9 ANSWER 25 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:121049 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:160488

TITLE: Heat-sensitive recording material with excellent storage stability

INVENTOR(S): Ootsuji, Atsuo; Motojima, Toshihiro; Nakatsuka, Masakatsu

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Mitsui Toatsu Chemicals, Japan; Yamamoto Chemicals Inc.; Mitsui Chemicals Inc.

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 40 pp.
CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.

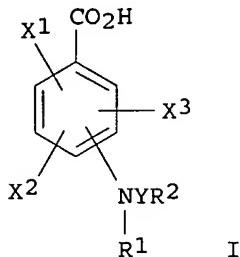
KIND DATE

APPLICATION NO.

DATE

JP 07290832	A2	19951107	JP 1994-88425	19940426
JP 3577336	B2	20041013		

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1994-88425 19940426
 ED Entered STN: 28 Feb 1996
 GI



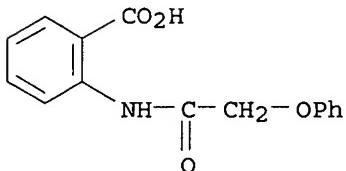
AB In the title material comprising a support, a heat-sensitive recording layer comprised of an electron donating coloring compound and an electron accepting compound, and a protective layer, the electron accepting compound comprises (metal salt of) I [X1-3 = H, OH, halo, alkyl, alkoxy, aralkyl, aryl, NO₂; Y = CO, SO₂, CS; R1 = H, alkyl, aralkyl, aryl].

IT 18704-92-2

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
 (electron acceptor of heat-sensitive recording material)

RN 18704-92-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(phenoxyacetyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L9 ANSWER 26 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:999783 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:71672

TITLE: Manufacture of N-substituted zinc anthranilate for color developer of thermal recording material

INVENTOR(S): Yanagihara, Naoto; Kawakami, Hiroshi; Iwakura, Ken

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fuji Photo Film Co Ltd, Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 5 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

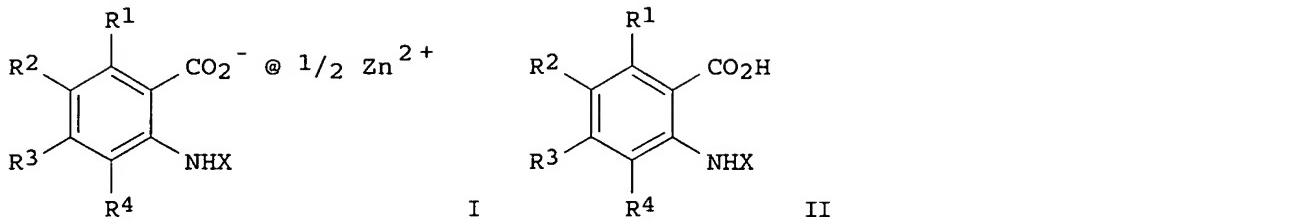
LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

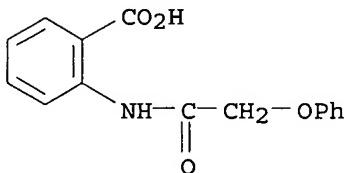
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 07258267	A2	19951009	JP 1994-48999	19940318
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1994-48999	19940318
OTHER SOURCE(S):	MARPAT	124:71672		

ED Entered STN: 23 Dec 1995
GI



AB The title compound I (R1-4 = H, alkyl, aryl, alkoxy; X = COR5, CSR6, SOR7, SO₂R8; R5, R6 = H, alkyl, aryl, alkoxy, substituted amino; R7, R8 = alkyl, aryl) is manufactured by treating a N-substituted anthranilic acid II and a Zn compound selected from ZnO, ZnCO₃, and Zn borate. Thermal recording materials using the compound as a color developer shows high sensitivity.
 IT 18704-92-2, N-Phenoxyacetylanthranilic acid
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (reaction with zinc oxide; manufacture of N-substituted zinc anthranilate for color developer of thermal recording material)
 RN 18704-92-2 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(phenoxyacetyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L9 ANSWER 27 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:945868 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:145547
TITLE: Synthesis of new 2-{{(phenoxy or phenyl)acetyl}amino}benzoic acid derivatives as 3 α -hydroxysteroid dehydrogenase inhibitors and potential antiinflammatory agents
AUTHOR(S): Daidone, Giuseppe; Plescia, Salvatore; Bajardi, Maria Luisa; Schillaci, Domenico
CORPORATE SOURCE: Dip. Chim. Tecnol. Farm., Univ. Studi Palermo, Palermo, 90123, Italy
SOURCE: Archiv der Pharmazie (Weinheim, Germany) (1995), 328(10), 705-8
CODEN: ARPMAS; ISSN: 0365-6233
PUBLISHER: VCH
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
ED Entered STN: 24 Nov 1995
AB A number of 2-{{(phenoxy or phenyl)acetyl}amino}benzoic acid derivs. were prepared in about 50% yield from (phenoxy or phenyl)acetyl chloride and anthranilic acid derivs. All the compds. were tested as in vitro inhibitors as 3 α -hydroxysteroid dehydrogenase, since enzyme inhibition predicts potential antiinflammatory activity in vivo. The mos

active compds., 2,4-(HO₂C)ClC₆H₃NHCOCH₂OPh, 2,4,6-HO₂CCl₂C₆H₂NHCOCH₂OPh, 2,4-(HO₂C)ClC₆H₃NHCOCH₂Ph, are about 3.5 times more active than acetylsalicylic acid. Activity is influenced by electronic as well as steric effects.

IT 18704-92-2P 69764-05-2P 131058-52-1P

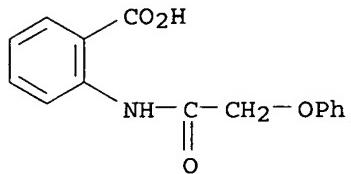
173279-94-2P 173279-95-3P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(synthesis and antiinflammatory activity of [(phenoxy or phenyl)acetamido]benzoic acid derivs.)

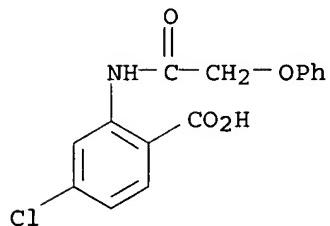
RN 18704-92-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(phenoxyacetyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



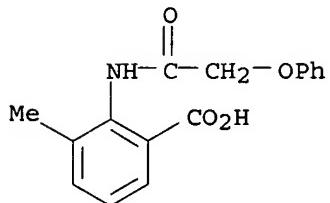
RN 69764-05-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-chloro-2-[(phenoxyacetyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



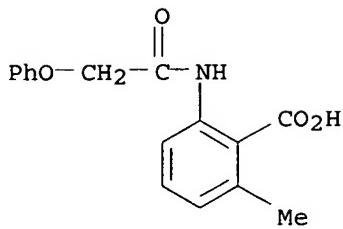
RN 131058-52-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 3-methyl-2-[(phenoxyacetyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

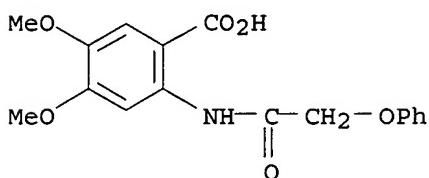


RN 173279-94-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-methyl-6-[(phenoxyacetyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

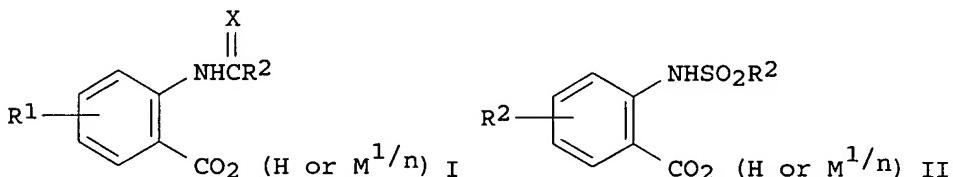


RN 173279-95-3 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 4,5-dimethoxy-2-[(phenoxyacetyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX
 NAME)



L9 ANSWER 28 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:869716 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:18453
 TITLE: Thermal recording materials
 INVENTOR(S): Kawakami, Hiroshi; Saeki, Yoshisato
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fuji Photo Film Co Ltd, Japan
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.
 CODEN: JKXXAF
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Japanese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 07172052	A2	19950711	JP 1993-318193	19931217
JP 3204826	B2	20010904		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1993-318193	19931217
OTHER SOURCE(S):	MARPAT	124:18453		
ED Entered STN:	21 Oct 1995			
GI				



AB The title materials comprise a support with coatings of a heat-sensitive layer containing an electron-donating colorless dye, an electron-accepting

compound, and an N-substituted anthranilic acid derivative I or II (R1 = H, alkyl, aryl; R2 = alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkylamino, alkyloxy, aryloxy, arylamino; X = O, S; M = metal atom with n-valence; n = integer) or its metal salt and a protective layer containing a pigment and a binder. The materials provide high-d. and low-fog images with good lightfastness and chemical resistance. Thus, a paper support was coated with a composition containing

2-anilino-3-methyl-6-dibutylaminofluoran and Zn N-benzoylantranilate as the color developer and a composition containing Higelite H 42 and poly(vinyl alc.)

to give a thermal recording paper.

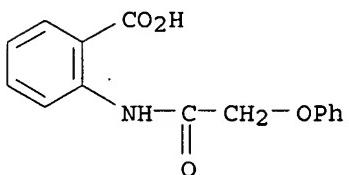
IT 18704-92-2, N-(Phenoxyacetyl)anthranilic acid

RL: DEV (Device component use); MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)

(thermal recording material containing anthranilic acid derivative)

RN 18704-92-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(phenoxyacetyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L9 ANSWER 29 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:865086 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:325797

TITLE: Thermal recording material containing N-substituted anthranilic acid derivative and UV absorber

INVENTOR(S): Kawakami, Hiroshi; Saeki, Yoshisato

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fuji Photo Film Co Ltd, Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

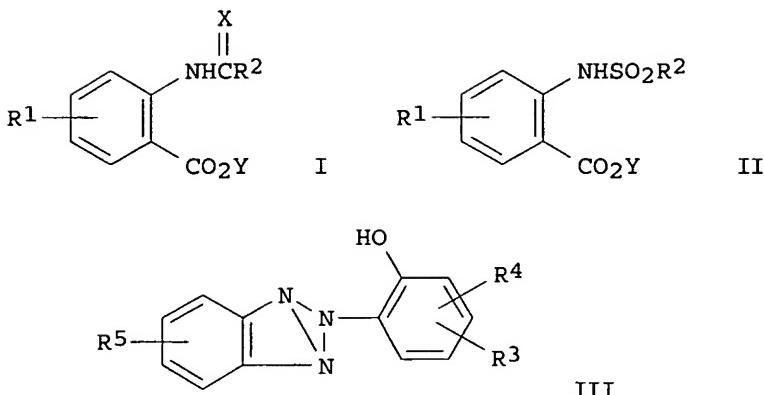
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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JP 07205544	A2	19950808	JP 1994-909	19940110
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1994-909	19940110

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 123:325797

ED Entered STN: 19 Oct 1995

GI



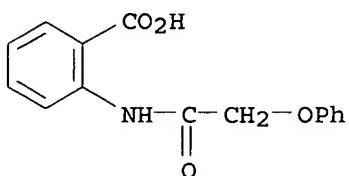
AB The material comprises a support coated with a thermal coloring layer containing an electron-donating colorless dye and an N-substituted anthranilic acid derivative or its metal salt I or II ($R_1 = H, \text{alkyl, aryl}$; $R_2 = \text{alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkylamino, alkyloxy, aryloxy, arylamino}$; $X = O, S$; $Y = H, M^{1/n}$; $M = n\text{-valent metal}$) as an electron acceptor compound and contains a UV absorber. The UV absorber may be a benzotriazole derivative III ($R_{3-5} = H, C_1\text{-}C_{15} \text{ alkyl, alkoxy, aralkyl, aryl, halo}$). The material gives high-d. images with good light resistance.

IT 18704-92-2

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
(electron acceptor; thermal recording material containing N-substituted anthranilic acid derivative and UV absorber)

RN 18704-92-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(phenoxyacetyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L9 ANSWER 30 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:849520 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:301605

TITLE: Thermal recording material containing N-substituted anthranilic acid derivative as electron acceptor

INVENTOR(S): Kawakami, Hiroshi; Yanagihara, Naoto; Saeki, Yoshisato

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fuji Photo Film Co Ltd, Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 07186528	A2	19950725	JP 1994-17618	19940214

JP 3353989

B2 20021209

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

JP 1994-17618

A 19940214

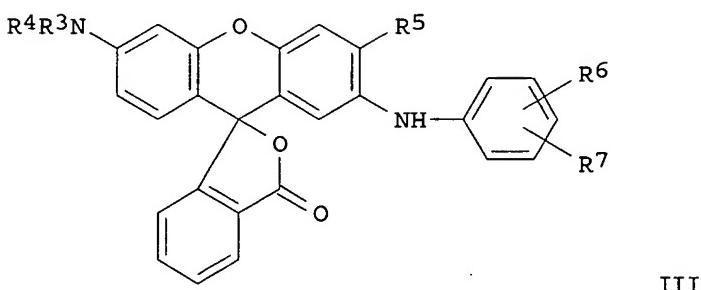
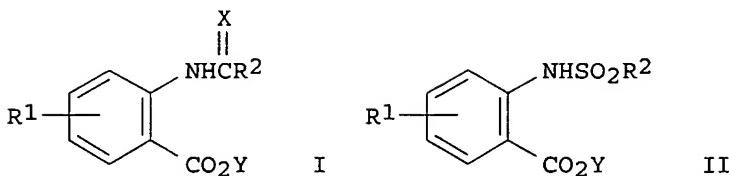
JP 1993-286913

19931116

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 123:301605

ED Entered STN: 12 Oct 1995

GI



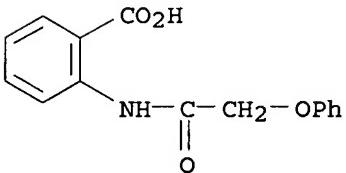
AB The material comprises a support coated with a thermal coloring layer containing an electron-donating colorless dye, an N-substituted anthranilic acid derivative or its metal salt I or II (R¹ = H, alkyl, aryl; R² = alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkylamino, alkyloxy, aryloxy, arylamino; X = O, S; Y = H, M^{1/n}; M = n-valent metal) as an electron acceptor compound, and optionally a metal compound (e.g. Zn oxide), a sensitizer selected from di(p-methylbenzyl) oxalate, 2-benzyloxynaphthalene, p-benzylbiphenyl, m-terphenyl, 4-biphenyl p-tolyl ether [sic], and 1,2-di(3-methylphenoxy)ethane, and aliphatic amides or aliphatic ureas. The colorless dye may be a fluoran compound III (R³, R⁴ = alkyl, aryl; R⁵⁻⁷ = H, halo, alkyl, alkoxy). The material shows high sensitivity and good chemical resistance to EtOH and dioctyl phthalate (as a plasticizer).

IT 18704-92-2

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
(electron acceptor; thermal recording material containing N-substituted anthranilic acid derivative as electron acceptor)

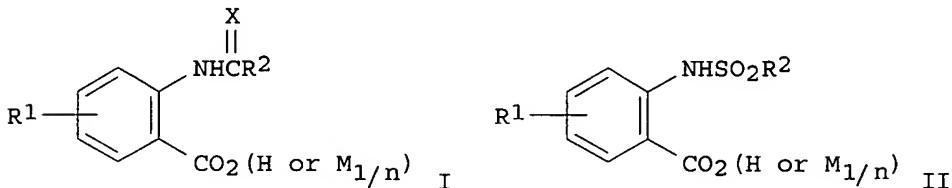
RN 18704-92-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(phenoxyacetyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:823545 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:301583
 TITLE: Thermal recording materials containing anthranilic acid derivative as color developer
 INVENTOR(S): Saeki, Yoshisato; Kawakami, Hiroshi
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fuji Photo Film Co Ltd, Japan
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp.
 CODEN: JKXXAF
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Japanese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 07156551	A2	19950620	JP 1993-302805	19931202
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1993-302805	19931202
OTHER SOURCE(S):	MARPAT	123:301583		
ED	Entered STN:	30 Sep 1995		
GI				



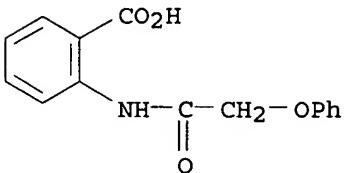
AB The title materials comprise electron-donating colorless dye-containing microcapsules and a N-substituted anthranilic acid derivative I or II ($R_1 = H$, alkyl, aryl; $R_2 =$ alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkylamino, alkyloxy, aryloxy, arylamino; $X = O, S$; $M =$ metal atom with n -valence) or their metal salt as a color developer. A thermal recording paper using 2-anilino-3-methyl-6-N-ethyl-N-sec-butylaminofluoran and N-(phenoxyacetyl)anthranilic acid gave images with excellent lightfastness.

IT 18704-92-2

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
 (thermal recording material containing anthranilic acid derivative as color developer)

RN 18704-92-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(phenoxyacetyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L9 ANSWER 32 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:808472 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:242113

TITLE: Benzoic acid derivative crystals and their polyvalent

INVENTOR(S) : metal salts for thermal recording materials
 Ootsuji, Atsuo; Motojima, Toshihiro; Kida, Jotaro;
 Nakatsuka, Masakatsu

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S) : Mitsui Toatsu Chemicals, Japan; Yamamoto Chemicals Inc
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 12 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

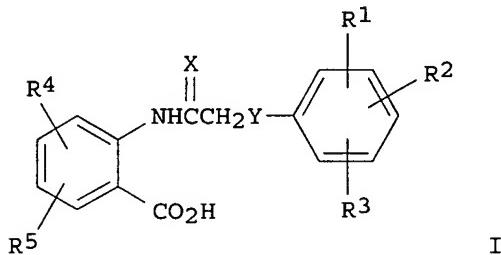
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 07179411	A2	19950718	JP 1994-231620	19940927
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1993-246700	A 19931001
OTHER SOURCE(S) :	MARPAT	123:242113		
ED	Entered STN:	23 Sep 1995		
GI				



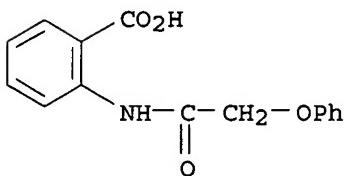
AB Crystals of a benzoic acid derivative I ($R1-3 = H, \text{halo, alkyl, alkoxy, alkenyl, aralkyl, aryl}$; $R4-5 = H, \text{halo, alkyl, alkoxy}$; $X, Y = O, S$) are claimed. Metal salts of I are also claimed. The crystals and the metal salts are useful as electron acceptors of thermal recording materials. A thermal recording material containing I showed good background whiteness and heat resistance.

IT 18704-92-2P 59090-62-9P 59090-63-0P
 59090-64-1P 69764-06-3P 69764-09-6P
 69764-11-0P 69764-13-2P 75066-01-2P
 80913-76-4P

RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (benzoic acid derivative crystals and their metal salts for thermal recording materials)

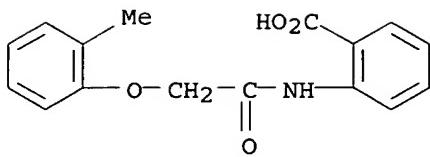
RN 18704-92-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(phenoxyacetyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



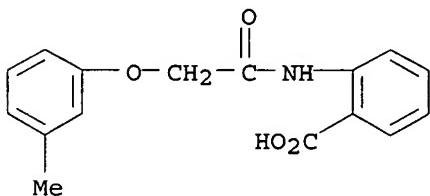
RN 59090-62-9 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[2-(methylphenoxy)acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



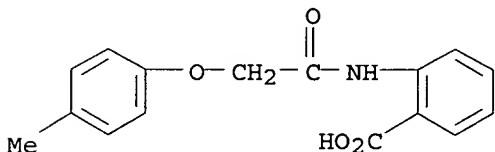
RN 59090-63-0 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[3-methylphenoxy]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



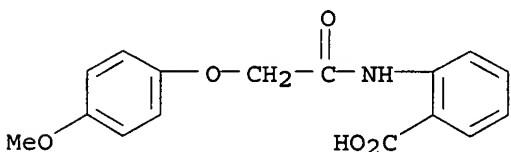
RN 59090-64-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[4-methylphenoxy]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



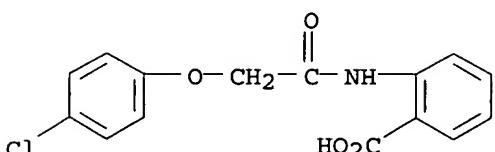
RN 69764-06-3 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[4-methoxyphenoxy]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



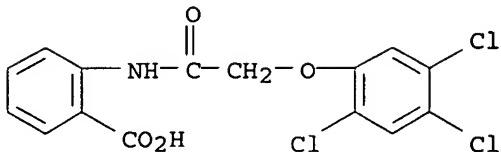
RN 69764-09-6 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[4-chlorophenoxy]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



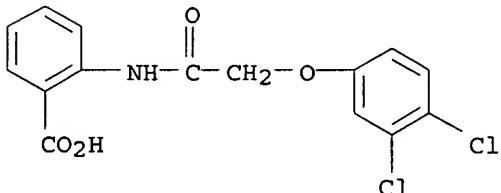
RN 69764-11-0 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(2,4,5-trichlorophenoxy)acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX
NAME)



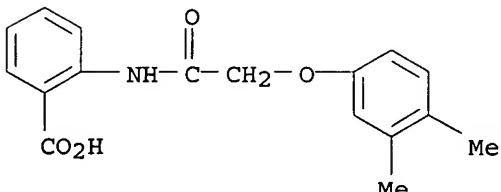
RN 69764-13-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(3,4-dichlorophenoxy)acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX
NAME)



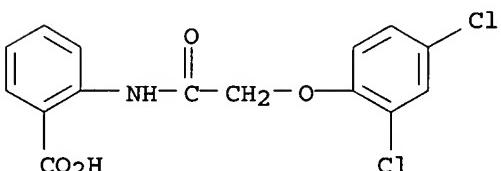
RN 75066-01-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(3,4-dimethylphenoxy)acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX
NAME)



RN 80913-76-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(2,4-dichlorophenoxy)acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX
NAME)



L9 ANSWER 33 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:808461 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:189544

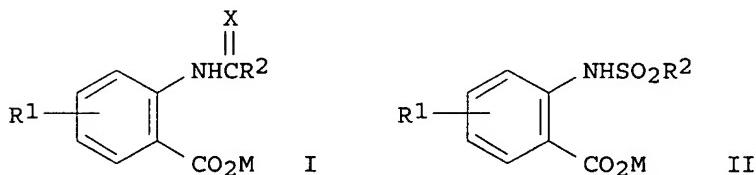
TITLE: Thermal recording material for stable images

INVENTOR(S): Kawakami, Hiroshi; Saeki, Yoshisato

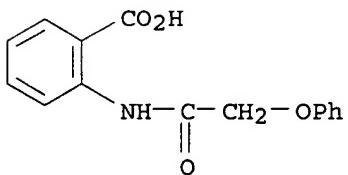
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fuji Photo Film Co Ltd, Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Japanese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 07179041	A2	19950718	JP 1993-324500	19931222
JP 3204827	B2	20010904		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1993-324500	19931222
OTHER SOURCE(S):	MARPAT	124:189544		
ED	Entered STN:	23 Sep 1995		
GI				

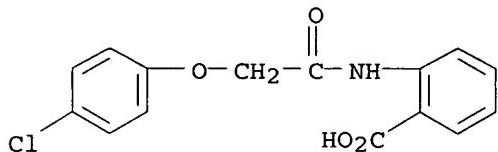


- AB The material consists of a support coated with a pigment-containing underlayer and a heat-sensitive layer containing an electron-donating colorless dye and an electron-accepting N-substituted anthranilic acid derivative I, II (R1 = H, alkyl, aryl; R2 = alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkylamino, alkyloxy, aryloxy, arylamino; X = O, S; M = H, metal), or their metal salt. The pigment may be calcined kaolin. The material shows high sensitivity and heat resistance.
- IT 18704-92-2, N-(Phenoxyacetyl)anthranilic acid
 RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
 (high-sensitivity thermal recording material containing N-substituted anthranilic acid derivative)
- RN 18704-92-2 CAPLUS
- CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(phenoxyacetyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L9 ANSWER 34 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:796460 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:285896
 TITLE: Anticancer agents: synthesis of 4-chlorophenoxyacetamide derivatives
 AUTHOR(S): Li, L. M.; Xu, S. P.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Materia Medica, Chinese Academy Medical Sci., Beijing, 100050, Peop. Rep. China
 SOURCE: Yaoxue Xuebao (1995), 30(7), 556-60
 CODEN: YHHPAL; ISSN: 0513-4870

PUBLISHER: Chinese Academy of Medical Sciences, Institute of Materia Media
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: Chinese
 ED Entered STN: 16 Sep 1995
 AB Title compds. 4-ClC₆H₄OCH₂CONHR [I; R = 4-R₁NHSO₂C₆H₄, carboxyphenyl, hydroxyphenyl, etc.; R₁ = H, C(:NH)NH₂, (un)substituted pyrimidinyl, thiazolyl, isoxazolyl, pyridyl] were prepared by condensation of 4-ClC₆H₄OCH₂CO₂H with amines. I (R = 4-H₂NSO₂C₆H₄) showed cytostatic activity.
 IT 69764-09-6P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (synthesis and anticancer activity of chlorophenoxyacetamide derivs.)
 RN 69764-09-6 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[4-chlorophenoxy)acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

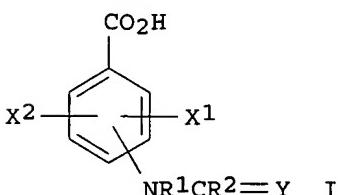


L9 ANSWER 35 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:693770 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:143443
 TITLE: Preparation of benzoic acid derivative multivalent metal salts and their crystals for thermal recording
 INVENTOR(S): Ootsuji, Atsuo; Motojima, Toshihiro; Kida, Jotaro;
 Nakatsuka, Masakatsu
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Mitsui Toatsu Chemicals, Japan; Yamamoto Chemicals Inc.
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 16 pp.
 CODEN: JKXXAF
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Japanese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

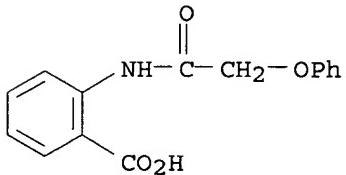
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 07126232	A2	19950516	JP 1993-276394	19931105
JP 3462895	B2	20031105		

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1993-276394 19931105
 OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 123:143443

ED Entered STN: 22 Jul 1995
 GI

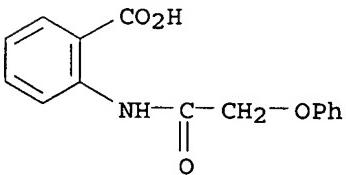


- AB Multivalent metal salts of benzoic acids I ($X_1-2 = H, \text{halo, alkyl, alkoxy, aralkyl, aryl, } NO_2; Y = O, S; R_1 = H, \text{alkyl, aralkyl, aryl; } R_2 = \text{alkyl, alkenyl, aralkyl, aryl}$), useful as developers for recording materials, e.g. thermal recording materials, are prepared by treatment of alkali metal salts of I with multivalent metal compds. in the presence of H_2O followed by heating. Crystal of the multivalent metal salts are prepared by heating of amorphous form of I multivalent metal salts in the presence of H_2O . An aqueous $NaHCO_3$ solution was added dropwise to a MeOH suspension of 15.0 g 2- $\text{PhOCH}_2\text{CONHC}_6\text{H}_4\text{CO}_2\text{H}$ (II) at room temperature over 15 min and the reaction mixture was further stirred for 2 h. Subsequently an aqueous solution of $ZnSO_4 \cdot 7H_2O$ was added dropwise to the above solution containing II Na salt at room temperature over 30 min and the reaction mixture was further stirred for 30 min, then heated at 90° for 2 h under stirring to give 15.8 g II Zn salt by filtration in 5 min. When the heat treatment was omitted, it took 30 min for filtration.
- IT 165542-53-0P
 RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (preparation of benzoic acid derivative multivalent metal salts by salt exchange
 of the alkali metal salts followed by heating)
- RN 165542-53-0 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(phenoxyacetyl)amino]-, zinc salt (2:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● 1/2 Zn

- IT 18704-92-2
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (preparation of benzoic acid derivative multivalent metal salts by salt exchange
 of the alkali metal salts followed by heating)
- RN 18704-92-2 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(phenoxyacetyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



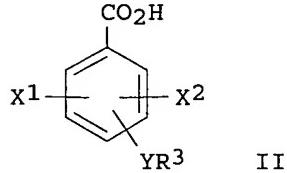
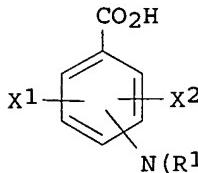
L9 ANSWER 36 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:362238 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 122:147481
 TITLE: Heat-sensitive recording material with improved color image storage stability
 INVENTOR(S): Nakatsuka, Masakatsu; Tanabe, Yoshimitsu; Kobayashi, Yuki
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Mitsui Toatsu Chemicals, Japan
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 37 pp.
 CODEN: JKXXAF
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Japanese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 06155925	A2	19940603	JP 1993-219559	19930903
JP 3279760	B2	20020430		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1993-219559	A 19930903
			JP 1992-238342	19920907

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 122:147481

ED Entered STN: 21 Feb 1995

GI



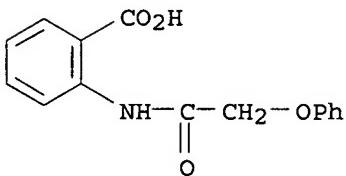
AB In the title recording material having an electron donor coloring compound and an electron acceptor compound, the electron acceptor compound contains ≥ 1 benzoic acid derivative or its metal salt I or II ($X_1, X_2 = H$, halo, alkyl, alkoxy, aralkyl, aryl, nitro; $Y = O, S$; $R_1 = H$, alkyl, aralkyl, aryl; $R_2 =$ alkyl, alkenyl, aralkyl aryl; $R_3 =$ aralkyl). The preferable electron donor coloring compds. are also claimed.

IT 18704-92-2, 2-(Phenoxyethylcarbonylamino)benzoic acid

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
 (electron acceptor compds. contained in thermal recording material)

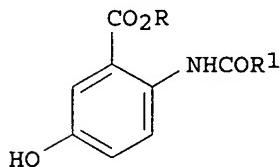
RN 18704-92-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(phenoxyacetyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

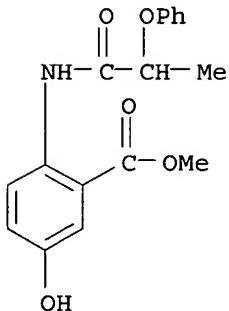


L9 ANSWER 37 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

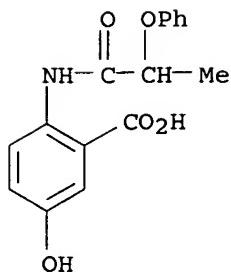
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:65750 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 122:80950
 TITLE: Synthesis of melandrin derivatives
 AUTHOR(S): Lim, Jung Ki; Woo, Won Sick; Lee, Kang Ro; Ma, Eun Sook
 CORPORATE SOURCE: College of Pharmacy, Sung Kyun Kwan University, Suwon, 440-746, S. Korea
 SOURCE: Yakhak Hoechi (1994), 38(3), 281-5
 CODEN: YAHOA3; ISSN: 0513-4234
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: Korean
 ED Entered STN: 08 Nov 1994
 GI



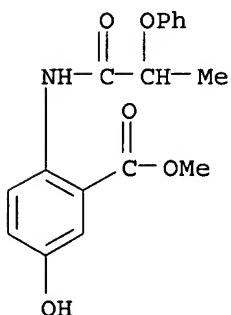
AB Title compds. I (R = H, Me, Et, Pr, Bu; R1 = 4-HOC6H4, PhOCHMe, 5-methyl-phenyl-4-isoxazolyl) were synthesized and according to MME calcn. by the computer, optimized three dimensional structure of compds. was obtained. The space orientation of compds. was cis-form as a indomethacin.
 IT 158899-23-1P 158899-27-5P
 RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (synthesis and structure of melandrin derivs.)
 RN 158899-23-1 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 5-hydroxy-2-[(1-oxo-2-phenoxypropyl)amino]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 158899-27-5 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 5-hydroxy-2-[(1-oxo-2-phenoxypropyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

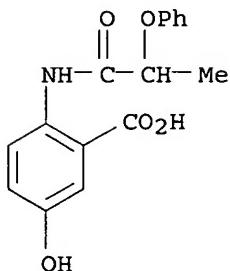


L9 ANSWER 38 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:671343 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 121:271343
 TITLE: Analgesic, anti-inflammatory and antiviral effects of melandrin derivatives
 AUTHOR(S): Lim, Jung Ki; Lee, Eun Bang; Woo, Won Sik; Lee, Kang Ro; Ma, Eun Sook
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Coll. Pharm., Sung Kyun Kwan Univ., Suwon, 440-746, S. Korea
 SOURCE: Yakhak Hoechi (1994), 38(3), 345-50
 CODEN: YAHOA3; ISSN: 0513-4234
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: Korean
 ED Entered STN: 10 Dec 1994
 AB Fourteen melandrin derivs. (I-XIV) were investigated on analgesic, anti-inflammatory and antiviral activities. Compound I [N-(p-hydroxybenzoyl)-5-hydroxyanthranilic acid Me ester], XII [N-(2-phenoxypropionyl)-5-hydroxy anthranilic acid propylester] and XIV [N-(2-phenoxypropionyl)-5-hydroxyanthranilic acid] exhibited analgesic activity in tail pressure and Randall-Selitto method. But no anti-inflammatory activity was shown. Compound I exhibited weak antiviral activity on Herpes simplex virus type I F strain estimated by virus-induced cytopathic effect (CPE) assay; its selectivity index(SI) was 8.17.
 IT 158899-23-1 158899-27-5
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
 (melandrin derivs. analgesic, anti-inflammatory and antiviral effects)
 RN 158899-23-1 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 5-hydroxy-2-[(1-oxo-2-phenoxypropyl)amino]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

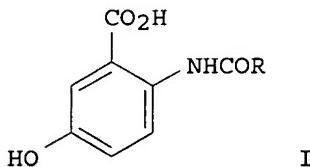


RN 158899-27-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 5-hydroxy-2-[(1-oxo-2-phenoxypropyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L9 ANSWER 39 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:630435 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 121:230435
 TITLE: Synthesis of N-substituted 5-hydroxyanthranilic acid
 AUTHOR(S): Moon, Jung Sul; Lee, Kang Ro; Lim, Joong Ki; Woo, Won Sick; Park, Sang Woo
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Coll. Pharm., Sung Kyun Kwan Univ., Suwon, 440 764, S. Korea
 SOURCE: Yakhak Hoechi (1993), 37(3), 243-6
 CODEN: YAHOA3; ISSN: 0513-4234
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: Korean
 ED Entered STN: 12 Nov 1994
 GI



I

AB Title compds. I (R = Ph, 2,6-dimethoxyphenyl, PhCH₂, PhOCH₂, 2-furyl, phenyl) were synthesized by the coupling reaction of 5-tosyloxyanthranilic acid Et ester with corresponding acid chlorides. The structure of the obtained compds. was proved by NMR and IR. These compds. did not inhibit the growth of micro-organisms while suppressed HSV-1 replication at 100 µg/mL.

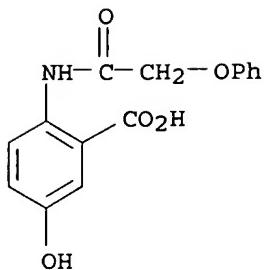
IT 158382-21-9P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

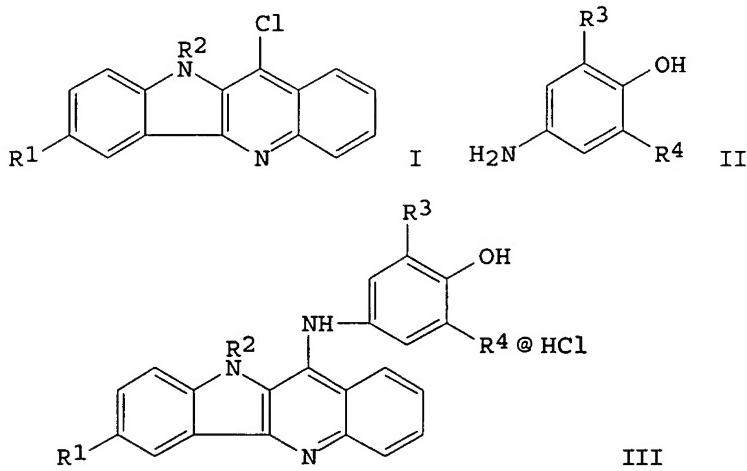
(preparation and biol. activities of)

RN 158382-21-9 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 5-hydroxy-2-[(phenoxyacetyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L9 ANSWER 40 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:435378 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 121:35378
 TITLE: Antimalarial 10H-indolo[3,2-b]quinolin-11-ylamines.
 Part 1: Phenol Mannich bases of the amodiaquine and cycloquine type
 AUTHOR(S): Goerlitzer, K.; Stockmann, R.; Walter, R. D.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Pharm. Chem., Tech. Univ. Braunschweig, Germany
 SOURCE: Pharmazie (1994), 49(4), 231-5
 CODEN: PHARAT; ISSN: 0031-7144
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: German
 ED Entered STN: 23 Jul 1994
 GI

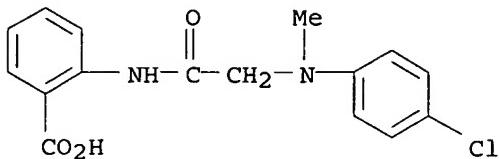


AB The 11-chloroquindoline derivs. I [R1 = H, Cl; R2 = H, Me] react with 4-aminophenol and the Mannich bases II [R3 = H, CH2NET2.HCl] to yield the 10H-indolo[3,2-b]quinolin-11-ylamines III [R4 = H, CH2NET2.HCl]. III [R1-R3 = H, R4 = CH2NET2.HCl] shows comparable activity with chloroquine and inhibits a multiresistant Plasmodium falciparum strain at the same concentration. III [R1 = R2 = H, R3 = R4 = CH2NET2.HCl] of the cycloquine-type was selected for an in vivo antitumor screening program.

IT 155886-46-7P

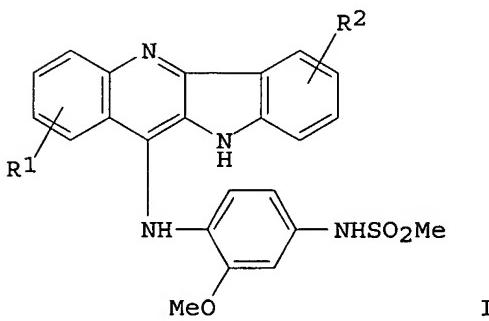
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and reaction of, in preparation of indoloquinolinylamines)
 RN 155886-46-7 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[(4-chlorophenyl)methylamino]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L9 ANSWER 41 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:183014 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 120:183014
 TITLE: Indoloquinolines and antitumor agents containing the indoloquinolines
 INVENTOR(S): Yamato, Masatoshi; Hashigaki, Kuniko
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Japan
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 12 pp.
 CODEN: JKXXAF
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Japanese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

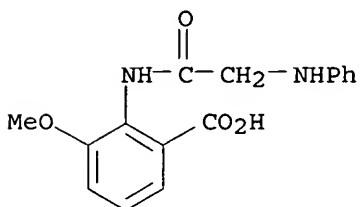
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 05306284	A2	19931119	JP 1992-106545	19920424
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1992-106545	19920424
OTHER SOURCE(S):	MARPAT	120:183014		
ED Entered STN:	16 Apr 1994			
GI				



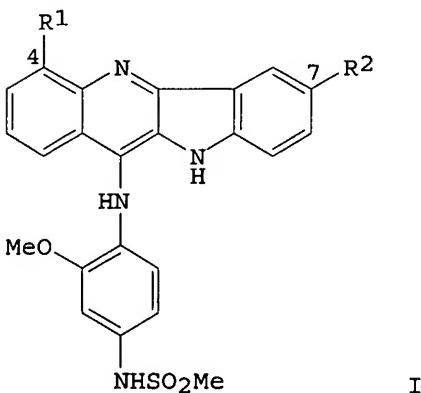
I

AB Antitumor agents contain indoloquinolines I (R1, R2 = H, OH, lower alkoxy; R1 and R2 cannot both be H) or their pharmacol. acceptable salts. 11-Chloro-4-methoxy-10H-indolo[3,2-b]quinoline (preparation given) was refluxed with 4-(methylsulfonyl)amino-2-methoxyaniline in 2-ethoxyethanol for 4 h to give 45% N-[4-N-(4-methoxy-10H-indolo[3,2-b]quinolin-11-yl)amino-3-methoxyphenyl]methanesulfonamide-HCl salt (II). II (at 25 mg/kg i.p.) was administered to mice bearing P-388 leukemia to show T/C (the median survival time of the treated group)/(that of the control group) of 255%,

vs. 198%, for amsacrine (at 20 mg/kg i.p.).
 IT 141023-40-7P
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (preparation and reaction of)
 RN 141023-40-7 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 3-methoxy-2-[(phenylamino)acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L9 ANSWER 42 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:448368 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 117:48368
 TITLE: Synthesis and antitumor activity of fused quinoline derivatives. II. Novel 4- and 7-hydroxyindolo-[3,2-b]quinolines
 AUTHOR(S): Yamato, Masatoshi; Takeuchi, Yasuo; Chang, Ming Rong;
 Hashigaki, Kuniko
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Fac. Pharm. Sci., Okayama Univ., Okayama, 700, Japan
 SOURCE: Chemical & Pharmaceutical Bulletin (1992), 40(2), 528-30
 CODEN: CPBTAL; ISSN: 0009-2363
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 117:48368
 ED Entered STN: 08 Aug 1992
 GI



I

AB Novel indolo[3,2-b]quinoline derivs. I (R1 = H, R2 = OH, OMe; R1 = OH, OMe, R2 = H), which carried a methoxy or a hydroxy group at the 4- or 7-position of the lead compound I (R1 = R2 = H), were prepared and their

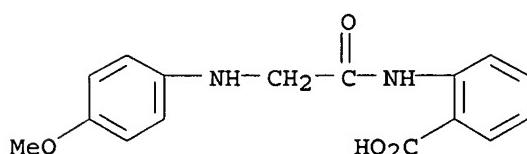
antitumor activities against P 388 in mice were examined. Except for the 4-hydroxy derivative I (R1 = OH, R2 = H), these showed remarkably potent activity. Among these compds., the 7-hydroxy derivative I (R1 = H, R2 = OH) was the most potent (optimal dose = 50 mg/kg, the median survival time of treated group/control group >330%, cure = 5/6).

IT 140934-46-9P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(preparation and attempted intramol. cyclization of)

RN 140934-46-9 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[(4-methoxyphenyl)amino]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

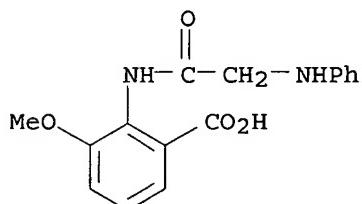


IT 141023-40-7P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(preparation and intramol. cyclization of)

RN 141023-40-7 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 3-methoxy-2-[[[(phenylamino)acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L9 ANSWER 43 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:214383 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 116:214383

TITLE: Synthesis of 7-substituted indolo[3,2-b]quinoline derivatives

AUTHOR(S): Chang, Ming Rong; Takeuchi, Yasuo; Hashigaki, Kuniko; Yamato, Masatoshi

CORPORATE SOURCE: Fac. Pharm. Sci., Okayama Univ., Okayama, 700, Japan

SOURCE: Heterocycles (1992), 33(1), 147-52

CODEN: HTCYAM; ISSN: 0385-5414

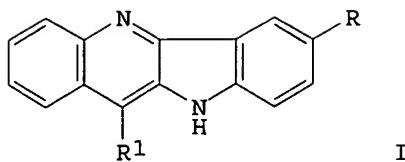
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 116:214383

ED Entered STN: 31 May 1992

GI

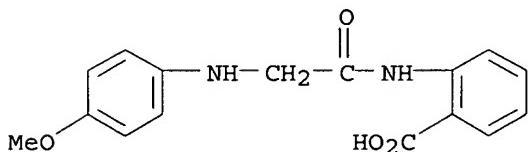


AB Indolo[3,2-b]quinoline derivs. I [R = NO₂, NHR₂, Me, Cl, F, OMe, OH, R₁ = NHC₆H₃(OMe)NHSO₂Me-3,4; R₂ = H, Ac, glycosyl] (II) of antitumor agent amsacrine were prepared by 3 methods. Thus, nitration of I (R = H, R₁ = Cl) gave I (R = NO₂, R₁ = Cl) which was converted into II (R = NO₂, NHR₂). The remainder of II were prepared via cyclization of 2-HO₂CC₆H₄NHCOCH₂NR₃C₆H₄R (R₃ = H, CH₂Ph). II (R = glycosylamino, OMe, OH) were more potent antitumor agents than parent compound II (R = H) (no data).

IT **140934-46-9P**
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(preparation and attempted cyclization of)

RN 140934-46-9 CAPLUS

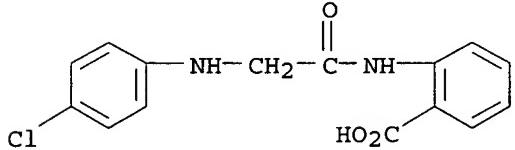
CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[(4-methoxyphenyl)amino]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT **131058-36-1P 131058-39-4P 131058-49-6P**
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(preparation and cyclization of, with polyphosphoric acid)

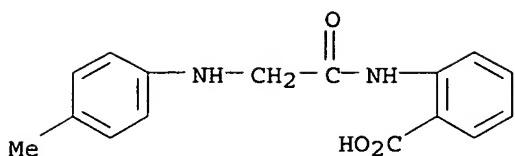
RN 131058-36-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[(4-chlorophenyl)amino]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

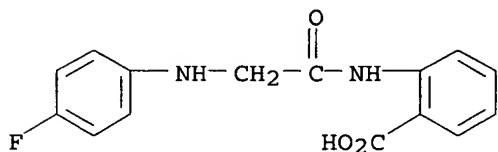


RN 131058-39-4 CAPLUS

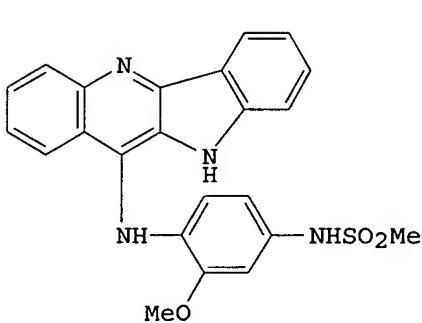
CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[(4-methylphenyl)amino]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



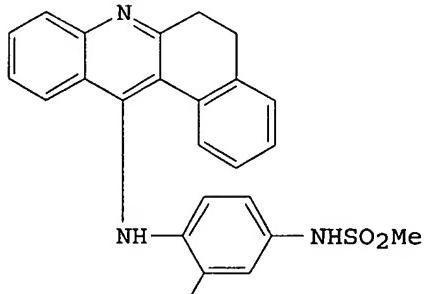
RN 131058-49-6 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[[(4-fluorophenyl)amino]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L9 ANSWER 44 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:177870 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 114:177870
 TITLE: Synthesis and antitumor activity of fused quinoline derivatives
 AUTHOR(S): Yamato, Masatoshi; Takeuchi, Yasuo; Chang, Ming Rong;
 Hashigaki, Kuniko; Tsuru, Takashi; Tashiro, Tazuko;
 Tsukagoshi, Shigeru
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Fac. Pharm. Sci., Okayama Univ., Okayama, 700, Japan
 SOURCE: Chemical & Pharmaceutical Bulletin (1990), 38(11),
 3048-52
 CODEN: CPBTAL; ISSN: 0009-2363
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 114:177870
 ED Entered STN: 17 May 1991
 GI



I



II

AB Some tetracyclic quinolines (I and II) with a [2-methoxy-4-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl]amino side chain were prepared and their DNA (DNA) intercalative properties, KB cytotoxicity, antitumor activity (P388

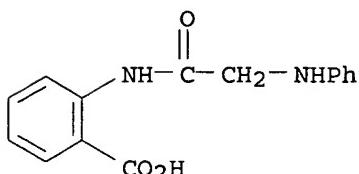
leukemia), and ability to induce topoisomerase II dependent DNA cleavage were investigated. I exhibited the most potent activity (dose = 6.3 mg, T/C% = 300) in this series. The steric structural features of the chromophores of the compds. previously and newly synthesized were studied by a computer-associated mol. graphics technique. Relationships between the steric structural features of the chromophores and biol. activities are also discussed.

IT 80271-16-5

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(intramol. cyclization of)

RN 80271-16-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(phenylamino)acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L9 ANSWER 45 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:94402 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 114:94402

TITLE: The retention of some organic acids in ion-pair HPLC systems

AUTHOR(S): Bieganowska, Maria L.; Petruczynik, Anna; Doraczynska, Alicja

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Inorg. Anal. Chem., Med. Acad., Lublin, 20-081, Pol.

SOURCE: Journal of Liquid Chromatography (1990), 13(13), 2661-76

CODEN: JLCHD8; ISSN: 0148-3919

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

ED Entered STN: 09 Mar 1991.

AB The retention behavior of some organic acids (N-phenylamides of benzoylacetic acid, phenolic acids and analgesic drugs) as model substances was investigated in reversed phase systems consisting of octadecyl silica (ODS) as a column packing material eluted with the buffer-methanol mixts. containing low concns. of cetyltrimethylammonium bromide (cetrimide), tetrabutylammonium chloride (TBA-Cl), tetraethylammonium chloride (TEA-Cl) and di(2-ethylhexyl) orthophosphoric acid (HDEHP). The chain length of the n-alkyl group of the ion-pair reagent and the content of a modifier in the eluent contribute to retention. Correlation between log k' and log P and biol. activity of N-phenylamides was analyzed.

IT 18704-92-2 59090-62-9 59090-63-0

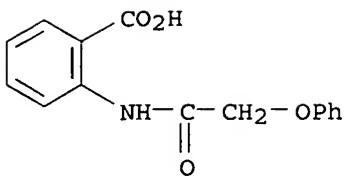
59090-64-1 59090-65-2 59090-70-9

69764-09-6

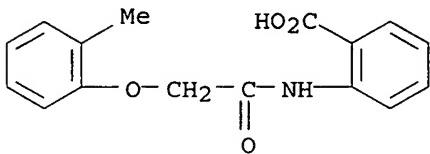
RL: ANST (Analytical study); PROC (Process)
(retention of, in ion-pair HPLC)

RN 18704-92-2 CAPLUS

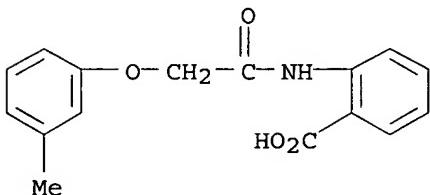
CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(phenoxyacetyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



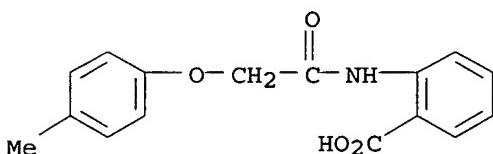
RN 59090-62-9 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(2-methylphenoxy)acetyl]amino- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



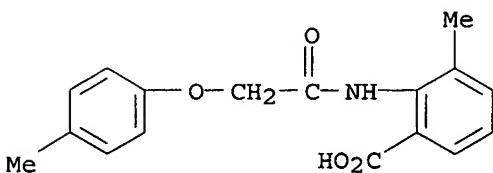
RN 59090-63-0 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(3-methylphenoxy)acetyl]amino- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 59090-64-1 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(4-methylphenoxy)acetyl]amino- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

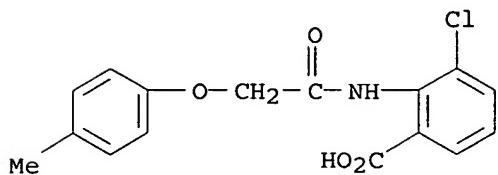


RN 59090-65-2 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 3-methyl-2-[(4-methylphenoxy)acetyl]amino- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



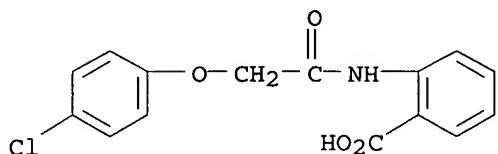
RN 59090-70-9 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 3-chloro-2-[[[(4-methylphenoxy)acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 69764-09-6 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[(4-chlorophenoxy)acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L9 ANSWER 46 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:88799 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 114:88799

TITLE: Retention of some organic electrolytes in ion-pair reversed-phase high-performance liquid and reversed-phase high-performance thin-layer chromatographic systems

AUTHOR(S): Bieganowska, M. L.; Petruczynik, A.; Gadzikowska, M.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Inorg. Anal. Chem., Med. Acad., Lublin, 20-081, Pol.

SOURCE: Journal of Chromatography (1990), 520, 403-10

CODEN: JOCRAM; ISSN: 0021-9673

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

ED Entered STN: 09 Mar 1991

AB Cetyltrimethylammonium bromide (cetrimide) and tetrabutylammonium chloride were employed as ion-pairing reagents in reversed-phase ion-pair chromatog. The optimization of the retention and selectivity for some N-phenylamides of benzoyletic acid was carried out by changing the content of the organic modifier (methanol) and the concentration of the ion-pairing

reagent in the mobile phase.

IT 18704-92-2 59090-62-9 59090-63-0

59090-64-1 59090-65-2 59090-70-9

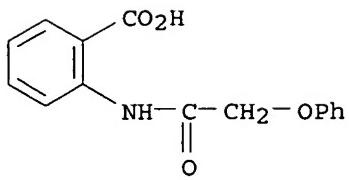
69764-09-6

RL: ANT (Analyte); ANST (Analytical study)

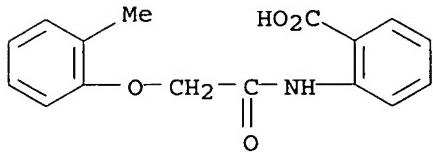
(chromatog. of, ion-pair reversed phase high-performance and thin-layer)

RN 18704-92-2 CAPLUS

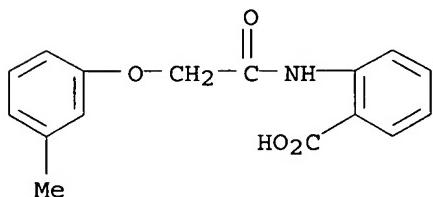
CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(phenoxyacetyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



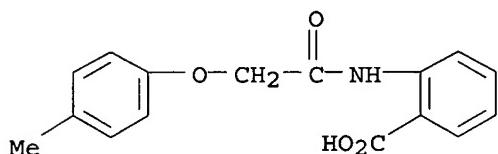
RN 59090-62-9 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(2-methylphenoxy)acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



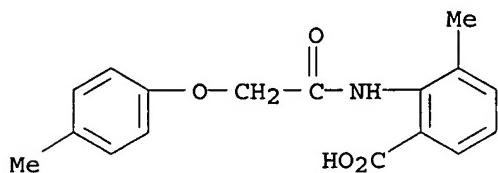
RN 59090-63-0 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(3-methylphenoxy)acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 59090-64-1 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(4-methylphenoxy)acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

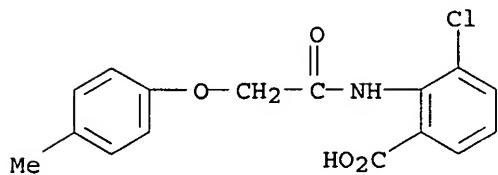


RN 59090-65-2 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 3-methyl-2-[(4-methylphenoxy)acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



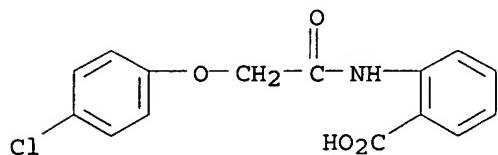
RN 59090-70-9 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 3-chloro-2-[[[(4-methylphenoxy)acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 69764-09-6 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[(4-chlorophenoxy)acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L9 ANSWER 47 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:23953 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 114:23953

TITLE: Preparation of indoloquinolines and analogs as anticancer agents

INVENTOR(S): Yamato, Masatoshi; Hashigaki, Kuniko

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): MECT Corp., Japan

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 51 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

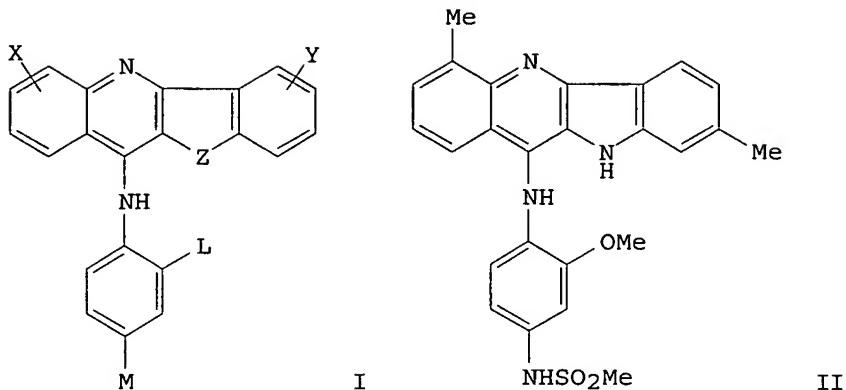
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 376166	A1	19900704	EP 1989-123686	19891221
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE				
JP 02256667	A2	19901017	JP 1989-282208	19891030
AU 8946809	A1	19900705	AU 1989-46809	19891214
AU 619633	B2	19920130		
IL 92813	A1	19940530	IL 1989-92813	19891220
DK 8906538	A	19900628	DK 1989-6538	19891221
NO 8905199	A	19900817	NO 1989-5199	19891221
NO 173994	B	19931122		
NO 173994	C	19940302		
HU 52774	A2	19900828	HU 1989-6774	19891222
HU 206200	B	19920928		
CA 2006666	AA	19900627	CA 1989-2006666	19891227
US 5217961	A	19930608	US 1991-759615	19910916
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1988-330674	A 19881227
			JP 1989-282208	A 19891030
			US 1989-451363	B1 19891215

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 114:23953

ED Entered STN: 26 Jan 1991

GI

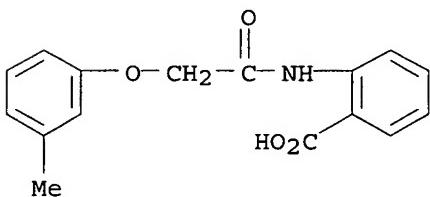


AB The title compds. I (L = alkoxy, dimethylamino; M = OH, methoxycarbonyl, NHQ; Q = H, CO₂Me, COMe, etc.; X = H, alkyl; Y = H, alkyl, halo, NO₂, etc.; Z = O, S, CH₂, NH) were prepared. A mixture of 6-chloro-3,10-dimethylindolo[3,2-b]quinoline and 4,3-(H₂N)(MeO)C₆H₃NHSO₂Me in ethoxyethanol containing HCl was refluxed for 3 h to give 59% indoloquinoline II.HCl. II.HCl in vitro exhibited an IC₅₀ of <0.3 µg/mL against KB tumor cells.

IT 59090-63-0P 131058-32-7P 131058-36-1P
 131058-39-4P 131058-49-6P 131058-52-1P
 131058-55-4P 131058-63-4P 131058-67-8P
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (preparation and reaction of, in preparation of anticancer agent)

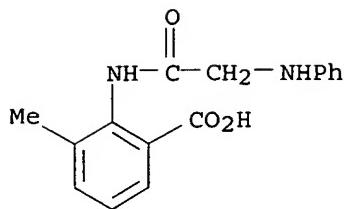
RN 59090-63-0 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[(3-methylphenoxy)acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



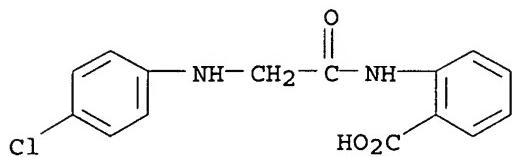
RN 131058-32-7 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 3-methyl-2-[[[(phenylamino)acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



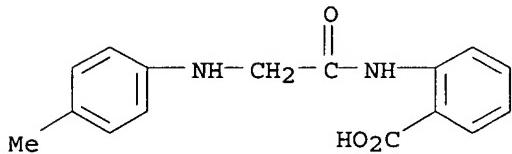
RN 131058-36-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[4-chlorophenyl]amino]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



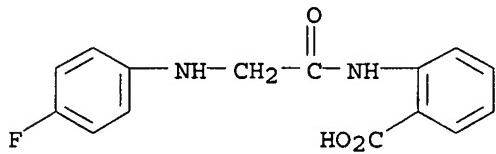
RN 131058-39-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[4-methylphenyl]amino]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



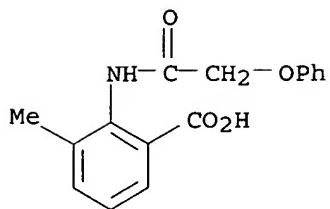
RN 131058-49-6 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[4-fluorophenyl]amino]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

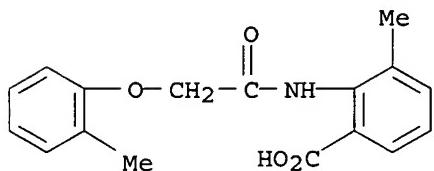


RN 131058-52-1 CAPLUS

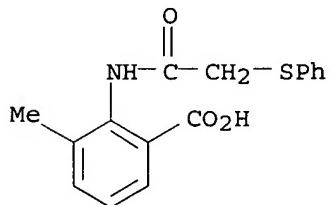
CN Benzoic acid, 3-methyl-2-[(phenoxyacetyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



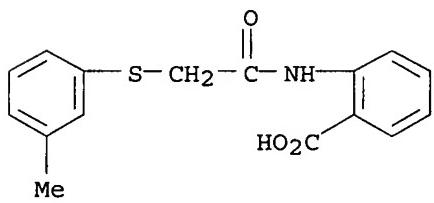
RN 131058-55-4 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 3-methyl-2-[(2-methylphenoxy)acetyl]amino- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 131058-63-4 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 3-methyl-2-[(phenylthio)acetyl]amino- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 131058-67-8 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[(3-methylphenyl)thio]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L9 ANSWER 48 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1990:36462 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 112:36462
 TITLE: Preparation of renin-inhibiting angiotensinogen
 analogs containing nonpeptide bonds
 INVENTOR(S): Ten Brink, Ruth E.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S) : Upjohn Co., USA
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 91 pp.
 CODEN: PIIXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 8901488	A1	19890223	WO 1988-US2255	19880711
W: AU, DK, FI, JP, KR, NO, US RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LU, NL, SE				
AU 8821232	A1	19890309	AU 1988-21232	19880711
EP 364493	A1	19900425	EP 1988-906552	19880711
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE				
JP 02504509	T2	19901220	JP 1988-506281	19880711
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1987-83614	A2 19870807
			WO 1988-US2255	A 19880711

OTHER SOURCE(S) : MARPAT 112:36462

ED Entered STN: 04 Feb 1990

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

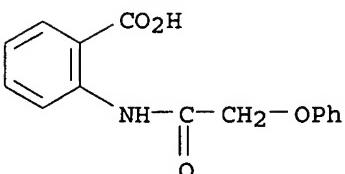
AB Renin inhibitory (no data) peptides containing non-cleavable transition state inserts corresponding to the 10,11-position of angiotensinogen of the form R1Xr1(CH2)t(CO)uXv2X3CO [I; R1 = aryl, heterocyclyl, C3-7 cycloalkyl, aminoacyl, carbamoyl; X1, X2 = S, O, NH; X3 = arylene, heterocyclylene; r, u, v = 0, 1; t = 0-3], more specifically R2X6X7X8X9X10X11X12X13X14Z [II; R2 = null, H, C1-5 alkyl, acyl; X6 = null, OCH(CHR4R6)CO, NR4CH(CHR4R6)CO, etc.; X7 = null, Q1; X8X9 = I; X10X11 = Q2, Q3, etc.; X12 = null, NR4CH(CHR4R8)CO, Q4; X13, X14 = null, NR4CH(CHR4R8)CO; Z = null, (cyclic) amino, OR9; R4 = H, C1-5 alkyl, alkylaryl, heterocyclylalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, 1- or 2-adamantyl; R5 = H, C1-5 alkyl, aryl, C3-7 cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, C1-3 alkoxy, C1-3 alkylthio; R6 = H, Me2CH, Me2CHCH2, PhCH2, C3-7 cycloalkyl, etc; R7 = H, CHR4R10; R8 = H, C1-5 alkyl, OH, aryl, heterocyclyl, guanidinylalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl; R9 = H, C1-5 alkyl, arylalkyl, C3-7 cycloalkyl, pharmaceutically acceptable cation, etc.; R10 = R5, OH; M = CO, CH2; Q = CH2, CHOH, O, S], were prepared n-(Phenylthiomethyl)benzoic acid (preparation from m-toluic acid given) and LVA(+/-BDMS)-Ile-AMP [LVA = H2NCH(CH2CHMe2)CH(OH)CH2CH(CHMe2)CO, t-BDMS = tert-butyldimethylsilyl, AMP = 2-pyridylmethylamino] in CH2Cl2 were treated with Et3N and NCP(O)(OEt)2 and the mixture was stirred 1 h to give the protected amide which was stirred with Bu4NF in THF overnight to give Q5-LVA-Ile-AMP [Q5 = n-(phenylthiomethyl)benzoyl].

IT 18704-92-2P

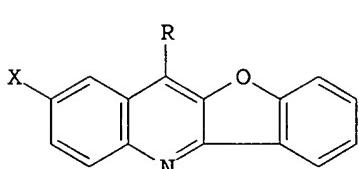
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (preparation and acylation by, of peptide analog, in preparation of renin inhibitor)

RN 18704-92-2 CAPLUS

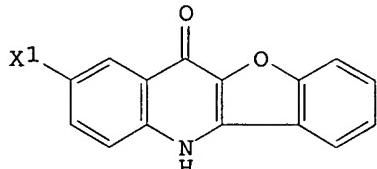
CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(phenoxyacetyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L9 ANSWER 49 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:594634 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 111:194634
 TITLE: The synthesis of benzofuroquinolines. V. Some benzofuro[3,2-b]quinoline derivatives
 AUTHOR(S): Yamaguchi, Seiji; Tsuzuki, Kunihiro; Sannomiya, Yoshie; Ohhira, Yutaka; Kawase, Yoshiyuki
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Fac. Sci., Toyama Univ., Toyama, 930, Japan
 SOURCE: Journal of Heterocyclic Chemistry (1989), 26(2), 285-7
 CODEN: JHTCAD; ISSN: 0022-152X
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 111:194634
 ED Entered STN: 25 Nov 1989
 GI



I



II

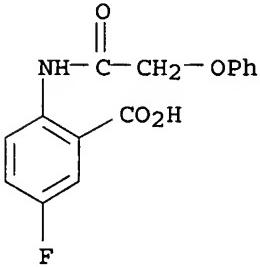
AB Benzofuro[3,2-b]quinoline derivs. I (R = H, Me, Ph, CO₂H; X = H) and II (X₁ = H) were synthesized by condensation of 2-aminobenzaldehyde, 2-aminoacetophenone, 2-aminobenzophenone, isatin, or 2-aminobenzoic acid with 3(2H)-benzofuranone. The benzofuroquinolinone II (X₁ = H) was also obtained from 2-aminobenzoic acid and phenoxyacetyl chloride in two steps and converted to a 10-chloro derivative I (R = Cl X = H). Similarly, 8-halobenzofuro[3,2-b]quinoline derivs. I (R = CO₂H, Cl; X = F, Cl, Br, iodo) and II (X₁ = F, Cl, Br, iodo) were synthesized from 5-haloisatin or 2-amino-5-halobenzoic acid. Benzofuro[3,2-b]quinolines I thus obtained were converted to corresponding N-oxides.

IT 123500-58-3P

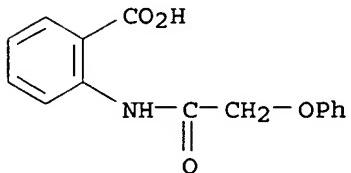
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (preparation and intramol. cyclocondensation of)

RN 123500-58-3 CAPLUS

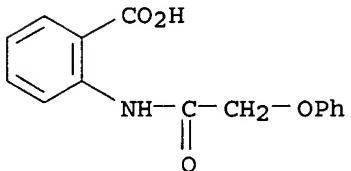
CN Benzoic acid, 5-fluoro-2-[(phenoxyacetyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



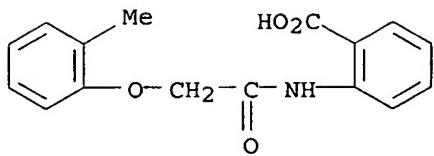
IT 18704-92-2P
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
 (Reactant or reagent)
 (preparation and intramol. cyclocondensation reaction of)
 RN 18704-92-2 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(phenoxyacetyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



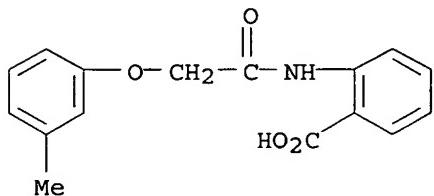
L9 ANSWER 50 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:400181 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 111:181
 TITLE: Correlation of various physicochemical parameters of organic amides with their retention data and biological activity
 AUTHOR(S): Markowski, W.; Bieganowska, Maria L.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Inorg. Anal. Chem., Med. Acad., Lublin, 20-081, Pol.
 SOURCE: Chromatographia (1988), 26, 97-100
 CODEN: CHRGB7; ISSN: 0009-5893
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 ED Entered STN: 08 Jul 1989
 AB Mol. descriptors (log partition, connectivity indexes) were derived from the structure of chromatographed amides. The correlations between the chromatog. data and the descriptors were examined. Also the correlations between pharmacol. activity and the descriptors were investigated. In cases of weak 1-parameter correlation, 2 parameters were used.
 IT 18704-92-2 59090-62-9 59090-63-0
 59090-64-1 59090-65-2 59090-70-9
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (physicochem. parameters of, biol. activity in relation to)
 RN 18704-92-2 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(phenoxyacetyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



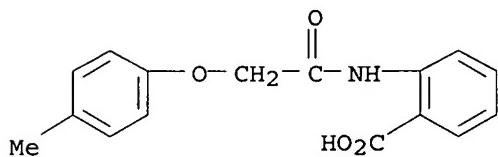
RN 59090-62-9 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(2-methylphenoxy)acetyl]amino- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



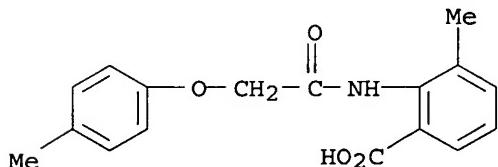
RN 59090-63-0 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(3-methylphenoxy)acetyl]amino- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



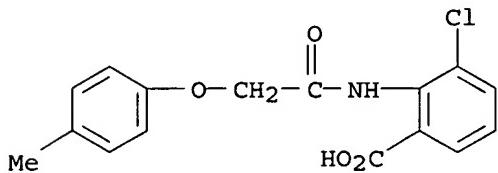
RN 59090-64-1 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(4-methylphenoxy)acetyl]amino- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



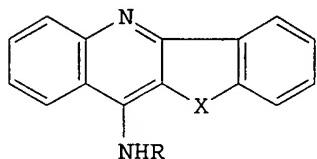
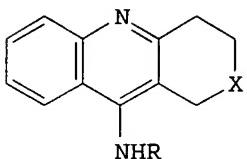
RN 59090-65-2 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 3-methyl-2-[(4-methylphenoxy)acetyl]amino- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 59090-70-9 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 3-chloro-2-[(4-methylphenoxy)acetyl]amino- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L9 ANSWER 51 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:231469 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 110:231469
 TITLE: Synthesis and antitumor activity of fused tetracyclic quinoline derivatives. 1
 AUTHOR(S): Yamato, Masatoshi; Takeuchi, Yasuo; Hashigaki, Kuniko; Ikeda, Yuji; Chang, Ming Rong; Takeuchi, Kyoko; Matsushima, Mayumi; Tsuruo, Takashi; Tashiro, Tazuko; et al.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Fac. Pharm. Sci., Okayama Univ., Okayama, 700, Japan
 SOURCE: Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1989), 32(6), 1295-300
 CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 110:231469
 ED Entered STN: 25 Jun 1989
 GI



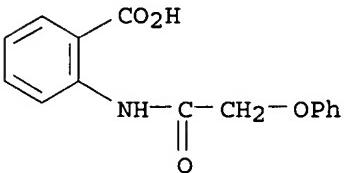
AB Several fused tri- and tetracyclic quinolines I [X = CH₂, NMe, S; R = (CH₂)₃NMe₂, 2,4-MeO(MeSO₂NH)C₆H₃] and II [X = O, S, NMe; CH₂, CHMe; R = same] were prepared, and their DNA intercalative properties, KB cytotoxicity, antitumor activity (P388 leukemia), and ability to induce topoisomerase II-dependent DNA cleavage were investigated. Some compds. having both intercalative ability and KB cytotoxicity were inactive in vivo. However, a pos. correlation was seen between the ability in induce topoisomerase II-dependent DNA cleavage and antitumor activity in vivo. II [X = CH₂, O, S; R = 2,4-MeO(MeSO₂NH)C₆H₃] exhibited potent antitumor activities in vitro and in vivo, comparable to those of m-AMSA. They also intercalate DNA and induce topoisomerase II-dependent DNA cleavage. Extended screening of II [X = CH₂, R = 2,4-MeO(MeSO₂NH)C₆H₃] showed it to be active against solid tumors such as M5076 sarcoma, B16 melanoma, and colon 38 carcinoma.

IT 18704-92-2

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (cyclization of, benzofuroquinoline derivative from)

RN 18704-92-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(phenoxyacetyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



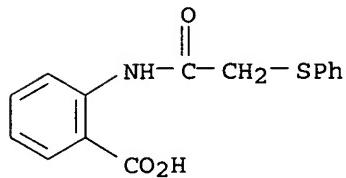
IT 77705-59-0

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(cyclization of, benzothienoquinoline derivative from)

RN 77705-59-0 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[phenylthio]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



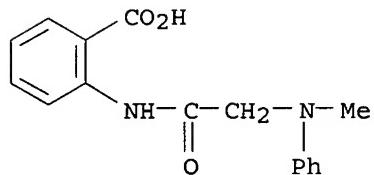
IT 80271-17-6P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and cyclization of, indoloquinoline derivative from)

RN 80271-17-6 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(methylphenylamino)acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L9 ANSWER 52 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:150329 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 110:150329

TITLE: Electron-topological study of the structure-activity relationship of various inhibitors of α -chymotrypsin

AUTHOR(S): Dimoglo, A. S.; Gorbachev, M. Yu.; Chumakov, Yu. M.; Barsuker, I. B.; Gitlina, L. S.; Golender, V. E.; Rozenblit, A. B.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Khim., Kishinev, USSR

SOURCE: Khimiko-Farmatsevticheskii Zhurnal (1988), 22(11), 1355-61

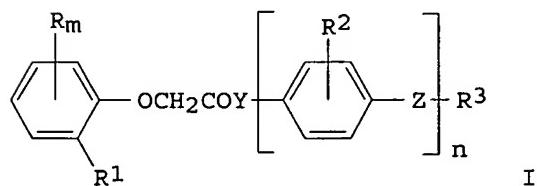
CODEN: KHFZAN; ISSN: 0023-1134

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Russian

ED Entered STN: 30 Apr 1989

GI

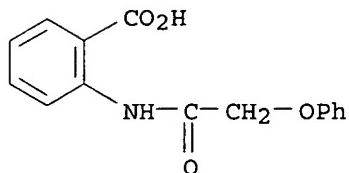


AB An electron topol. technique was used to examine the structure-activity relationship of a group of α -chymotrypsin inhibitors (I, R = H, halo, NO₂, CH₂CH:CH₂, CN, Me, Ph, etc.; R₁ = H, CO₂H; R₂ = H, SO₂F, CO₂H, Cl, Br; R₃ = H, SO₂F, C₆H₄-mR₄m; R₄ = H, Cl, Me; Y = NHCO, CO; Z = NH, CHBr, CHCl, CO₂; m = 1-2; n = 0-1) . The inhibitory activity of these compds. depended on the electron distribution in the system and on the spatial arrangement of its atoms and functional groups. The electron topol. indexes for the activity of the tested compds. are reported.

IT 18704-92-2
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study)
 (α -chymotrypsin inhibition by, structure-activity relationship in, electron topol. study of)

RN 18704-92-2 CAPLUS

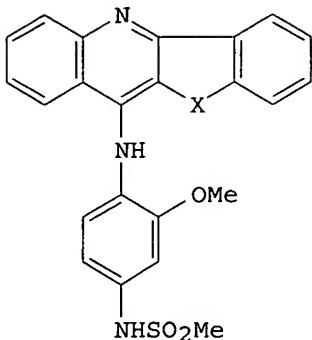
CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(phenoxyacetyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L9 ANSWER 53 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1988:473419 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 109:73419
 TITLE: Preparation, testing, and formulation of anilinoindenoquinolines, -benzofuranquinolines, and -benzothienoquinolines as neoplasm inhibitors
 INVENTOR(S): Yamato, Mastoshi
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): MECT Corp., Japan
 SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 16 pp.
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 264124	A1	19880420	EP 1987-115032	19871014
EP 264124	B1	19920311		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE				
JP 63101369	A2	19880506	JP 1986-246776	19861017
AT 73447	E	19920315	AT 1987-115032	19871014
ES 2033279	T3	19930316	ES 1987-115032	19871014
DK 8705439	A	19880418	DK 1987-5439	19871016
AU 8779875	A1	19880421	AU 1987-79875	19871016
AU 598878	B2	19900705		
CN 87106996	A	19880615	CN 1987-106996	19871017
CN 1009826	B	19901003		
US 4826850	A	19890502	US 1987-110222	19871019
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1986-246776	A 19861017
			EP 1987-115032	A 19871014
OTHER SOURCE(S):	CASREACT 109:73419; MARPAT 109:73419			

ED Entered STN: 02 Sep 1988
 GI



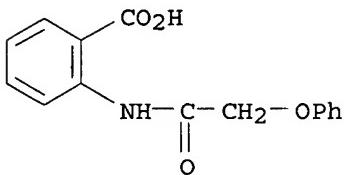
AB The title compds. (I; X = CH₂, O, S) were prepared as neoplasm inhibitors. Anthranilic acid and 1-indanone were heated at 200° to give an indenoquinolone which was chlorinated to afford 10-chloroindeno[1,2-b]quinoline. The latter was heated with N-(4-amino-3-methoxyphenyl)methanesulfonamide for approx. 1 h in, e.g., ethoxyethanol to give I (X = CH₂). The latter had an ED₅₀ of 4 µg/mL for inhibition of KB cells, and at 50 mg/kg/day doubled survival time in mice with P-388 tumors.

IT 18704-92-2

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (cyclization of, in preparation benzofuranquinolone)

RN 18704-92-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(phenoxyacetyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

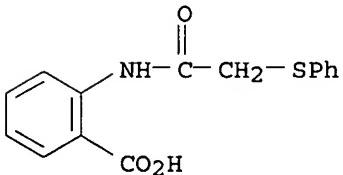


IT 77705-59-0

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (cyclization of, in preparation of benzothienoquinolone)

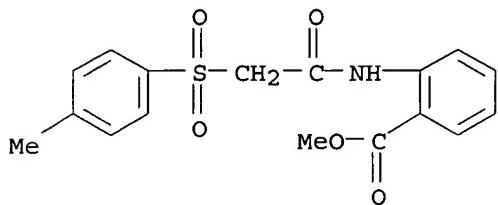
RN 77705-59-0 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[phenylthio]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



ACCESSION NUMBER: 1986:437491 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 105:37491
 TITLE: Arylsulfonyl fatty acid amides as herbicides
 INVENTOR(S): Takematsu, Tetsuo; Shigekawa, Hiroyoshi; Hamada, Mitsuo
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Hokko Chemical Industry Co., Ltd., Japan
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 14 pp.
 CODEN: JKXXAF
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Japanese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 61027905	A2	19860207	JP 1984-147465	19840718
JP 62001921	B4	19870116		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1984-147465	19840718
ED	Entered STN: 09 Aug 1986			
AB	Arylsulfonyl fatty acid amides are herbicides. The syntheses of the compds. are given. Thus, N-(3-chlorophenyl)-4-methylphenylsulfonylacetic acid amide at 50 g/are controlled Echinochloa crus-galli, Cyperus diformia, Monochoria vaginalis, and Rotala indica in a rice field.			
IT	103120-43-0P			
RL	AGR (Agricultural use); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (preparation of, as herbicide)			
RN	103120-43-0 CAPLUS			
CN	Benzoic acid, 2-[[[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]acetyl]amino]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)			



L9 ANSWER 55 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1983:67121 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 98:67121
 TITLE: Tri- or tetra-substituted phenoxy carboxylic acid anilides as herbicides
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Mitsubishi Petrochemical Co., Ltd., Japan
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 42 pp.
 CODEN: JKXXAF
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Japanese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 57171904	A2	19821022	JP 1981-55624	19810415
JP 01061083	B4	19891227		

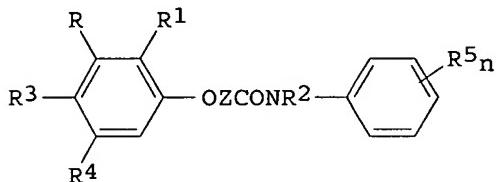
US 4465507	A	19840814	US 1982-366422	19820407
BR 8202155	A	19830329	BR 1982-2155	19820414
AU 8282646	A1	19821021	AU 1982-82646	19820415
AU 544351	B2	19850523		
JP 02000143	A2	19900105	JP 1989-85660	19890406
JP 04022902	B4	19920420		

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1981-55624 A 19810415

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 98:67121; MARPAT 98:67121

ED Entered STN: 12 May 1984

GI



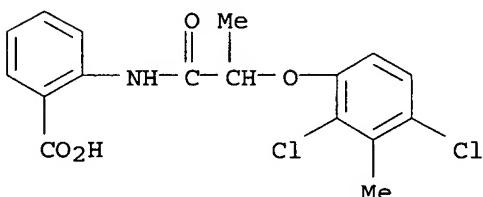
AB Tri- or tetra-substituted phenoxycarboxylic acid anilides I (R and R4 = Hor Me; R1 = Me or halo; R2 = H, alkyl, alkoxy, or OH; R3 = halo; R5 = alkyl, halo, alkoxy, CN, imino, etc.; Z = alkylene or alkenylene; n = 0-4) are herbicides. Syntheses are described. Thus, 2-(2,4-dichloro-3-methylphenoxy)propionanilide [84496-56-0] at 25 g/10 are controlled Monochoria vaginalis, Rotala indica, Cyperus diformia, Scirpus hotarui, Sagittaria pygmaea, and other broad-leaf weeds on rice.

IT 84496-83-3P 84496-84-4P

RL: AGR (Agricultural use); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (preparation and herbicidal activity of)

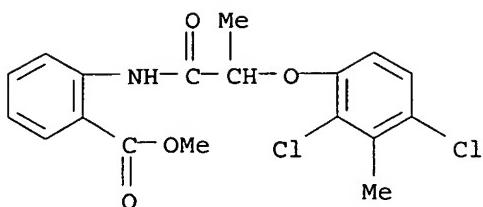
RN 84496-83-3 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[2-(2,4-dichloro-3-methylphenoxy)-1-oxopropyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 84496-84-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[2-(2,4-dichloro-3-methylphenoxy)-1-oxopropyl]amino]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L9 ANSWER 56 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1982:472722 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 97:72722

TITLE: Tumor chemotherapy. XXXXII. Synthesis of
2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetyl derivatives of amino acids
and their antitumor activity

AUTHOR(S): Li, Liangquan; Gao, Yisheng; Kao, Yee Sheng

CORPORATE SOURCE: Shanghai Inst. Mater. Med., Acad. Sin., Shanghai,
Peop. Rep. China

SOURCE: Yaoxue Xuebao (1981), 16(8), 625-7

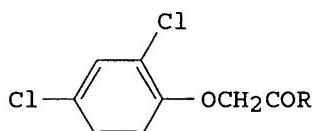
CODEN: YHHPAL; ISSN: 0513-4870

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Chinese

ED Entered STN: 12 May 1984

GI



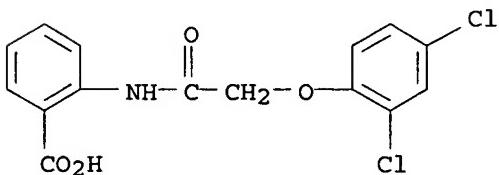
I

AB Twenty-three 2,4-Cl₂C₆H₄OCH₂CO-X-OH (X = amino acid residue, e.g., Gly, Ala, Leu, D-Leu,) were prepared by condensing 2,4-Cl₂C₆H₃OCH₂COCl with the appropriate amino acids in 20% NaOH at 15-20°. Some I were effective in inhibiting Sarcoma 37 in mice (no data).

IT 80913-76-4P

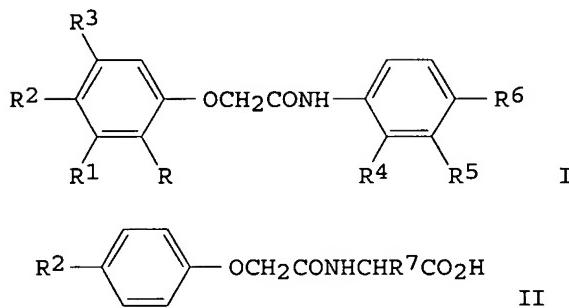
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of, as antitumor agent)

RN 80913-76-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(2,4-dichlorophenoxy)acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX
NAME)

L9 ANSWER 57 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1982:455420 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 97:55420
 TITLE: Phenoxyacetamide derivatives with potential antiinflammatory activity
 AUTHOR(S): Ryznerski, Zygmunt; Zejc, Alfred; Malecka, Małgorzata
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Pharm. Chem., Sch. Med., Krakow, 31-065, Pol.
 SOURCE: Acta Poloniae Pharmaceutica (1981), 38(5), 533-7
 CODEN: APPHAX; ISSN: 0001-6837
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: Polish
 ED Entered STN: 12 May 1984
 GI

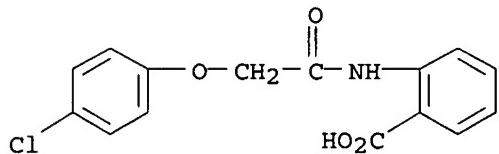


AB Fourteen I ($R = H, Me, Me_2CH$; $R1 = H, Me$; $R2 = H, Me, Cl$; $R3 = H, Me$; $R4 = H, CO_2H$; $R5 = H, Br, OH, CO_2H$; $R6 = H, OH, OEt, CO_2H, NHAc$) were prepared in 60% yields by refluxing $RR_1R_2R_3C_6HOC_2COCl$ with $R_4R_5R_6C_6H_2NH_2$ in C_6H_6 . Six II ($R2 = H, Me, Cl$; $R7 = Me_2CHCH_2, MeCH_2Et$) were prepared analogously in 57-68% yields. The K salt of I ($R = R1 = R3 = R5 = R6 = H, R2 = Cl, R4 = CO_2H$) and $ClCH_2CH_2OH$ gave the corresponding 2-hydroxyethyl ester, subsequently converted with $SOCl_2$ into the 2-chloroethyl ester; the 2-hydroxyethyl ester of I ($R4 = H, R6 = CO_2H$, all other R as above) was prepared analogously. I and II were tested for inhibition of prostaglandin synthetase, some of them revealed activity roughly equal to that of acetylsalicylic acid but lower than that of naproxen or indometacin.

IT 82157-57-1
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (esterification of, with β -ethanol, hydroxyethyl ester from)

RN 82157-57-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(4-chlorophenoxy)acetyl]amino-, monopotassium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



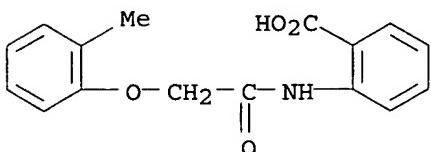
● K

IT 59090-62-9P 82157-42-4P 82157-43-5P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (preparation and antiinflammatory activity of)

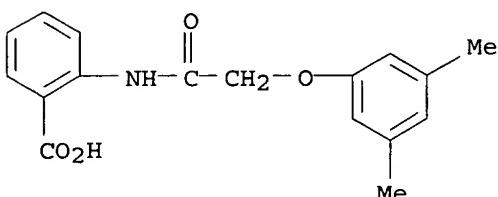
RN 59090-62-9 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(2-methylphenoxy)acetyl]amino- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



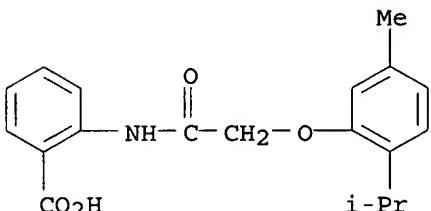
RN 82157-42-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(3,5-dimethylphenoxy)acetyl]amino- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 82157-43-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[5-methyl-2-(1-methylethyl)phenoxy]acetyl]amino- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L9 ANSWER 58 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1982:195121 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 96:195121

TITLE: Dichlorophenoxypropionanilides as herbicides

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ube Industries, Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

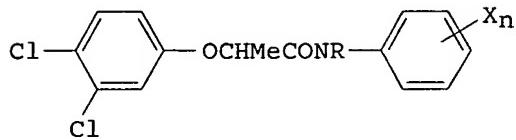
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

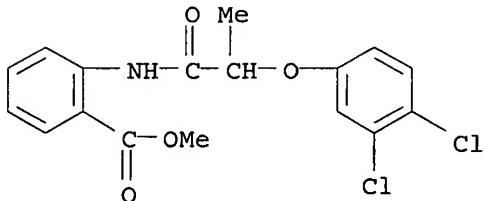
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

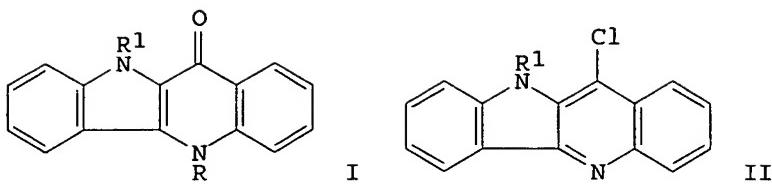
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 57014506	A2	19820125	JP 1980-88532	19800701
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1980-88532	A 19800701
ED	Entered STN:	12 May 1984		
GI				



- AB 3,4-Dichlorophenoxypropionic acid anilides I (R = H, alkyl, methanesulfonyl, or benzenesulfonyl; X = alkyl, halo, alkoxy, alkylthio, NO₃, etc.; n = 0, 1, or 2) are herbicides. The syntheses of I are described. Thus, 2-(3,4-dichlorophenoxy)propionanilide [81414-06-4] (12.5 g/are) controlled Echinochloa crus-galli, Sagittaria pygmaea, Scirpus hotarui, Eleocharis acicularis, Cyperus serotinus, and broad-leaf weeds in rice by 100% in 4 wk.
- IT 81414-35-9P
 RL: AGR (Agricultural use); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (preparation and herbicidal activity of)
- RN 81414-35-9 CAPLUS
- CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[2-(3,4-dichlorophenoxy)-1-oxopropyl]amino]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



- L9 ANSWER 59 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1982:20002 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 96:20002
 TITLE: Fused quinolines. VI: 10H-Indolo[3,2-b]quinolines
 AUTHOR(S): Goerlitzer, Klaus; Weber, Josef
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Pharm., Freien Univ. Berlin, Berlin, 1000/33,
 Fed. Rep. Ger.
 SOURCE: Archiv der Pharmazie (Weinheim, Germany) (1981),
 314(10), 852-61
 CODEN: ARPMAS; ISSN: 0365-6233
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: German
 ED Entered STN: 12 May 1984
 GI



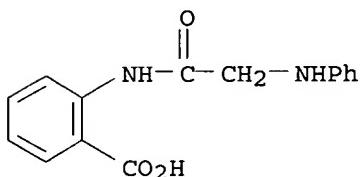
AB Indoloquinolinones I ($R = H$, $R1 = \text{tosyl}$, H , Me ; $R = \text{Me}$, $R1 = \text{tosyl}$) were prepared by treating $2\text{-BrCH}_2\text{COC}_6\text{H}_4\text{NHR1}$ with $2\text{-H}_2\text{NC}_6\text{H}_4\text{CO}_2\text{Me}$ and cyclizing or by treating $\text{R1NPhCH}_2\text{COCl}$ with $2\text{-RNHC}_6\text{H}_4\text{CO}_2\text{H}$ and cyclizing. Treatment of I with POCl_3 gave II.

IT 80271-16-5P 80271-17-6P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(preparation and cyclization of)

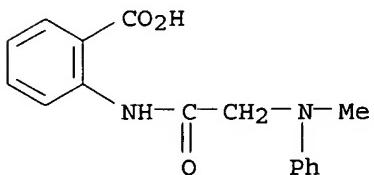
RN 80271-16-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(phenylamino)acetyl]amino- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 80271-17-6 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(methylphenylamino)acetyl]amino- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L9 ANSWER 60 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1981:424763 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 95:24763

TITLE: Studies on 1,3-dicarbonyl compounds. XVII.

1,2-Dihydro-4-hydroxy-3-phenylsulfonyl-2-quinolones

Goerlitzer, Klaus; Weber, Josef

AUTHOR(S): Inst. Pharm., Freie Univ. Berlin, Berlin, 1000/33,
CORPORATE SOURCE: Fed. Rep. Ger.

SOURCE: Archiv der Pharmazie (Weinheim, Germany) (1981),
314(3), 276-9

CODEN: ARPMAZ; ISSN: 0365-6233

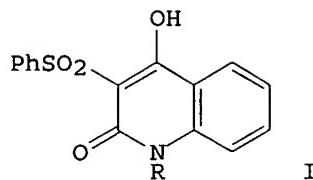
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: German

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 95:24763

ED Entered STN: 12 May 1984

GI



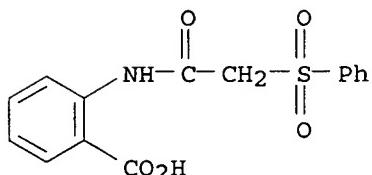
AB Esterifying PhSO₂CH₂ONRC₆H₄CO₂H-2 (R = H, Me, Et) with PhCOCH₂Br gave 68-78% PhSO₂CH₂ONRC₆H₄CO₂CH₂COPh-2, which cyclized under Dieckmann condensation conditions to give 36-48% title quinolones I. Quinolones I show no anticoagulant activity and do not inhibit blood platelet aggregation.

IT 77705-56-7

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(esterification of, by phenacyl bromide)

RN 77705-56-7 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[phenylsulfonyl]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L9 ANSWER 61 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1981:208740 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 94:208740

TITLE: Fused quinolines. Part 4. 5,11-Dihydrobenzothieno[3,2-b][1]quinolin-11-ones, S,S-dioxides and thionation products

AUTHOR(S): Goerlitzer, Klaus; Weber, Josef

CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Pharm., Freien Univ. Berlin, Berlin, 1000, Fed. Rep. Ger.

SOURCE: Archiv der Pharmazie (Weinheim, Germany) (1981), 314(1), 76-84

CODEN: ARPMAZ; ISSN: 0365-6233

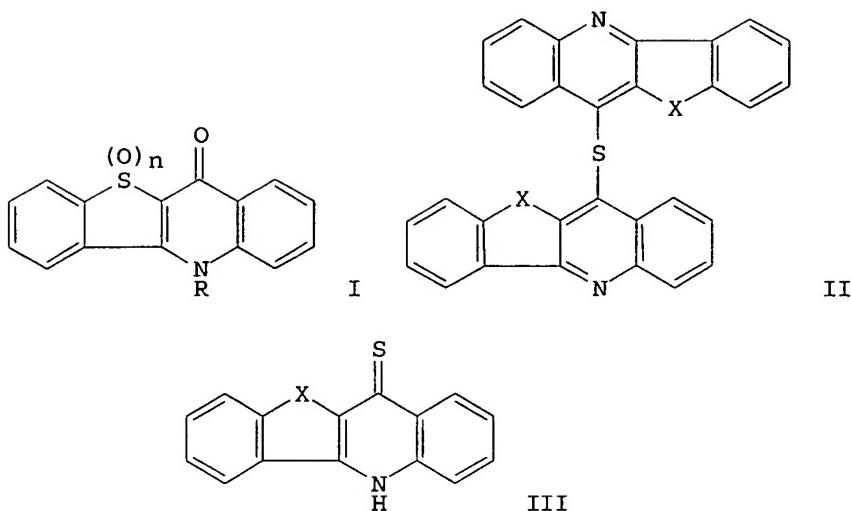
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: German

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 94:208740

ED Entered STN: 12 May 1984

GI



AB The benzothienoquinolines I ($R = H, Me, Et, n = O$), prepared by cyclization of $\text{PhSCH}_2\text{CONRC}_6\text{H}_4\text{CO}_2\text{H}-o$ with polyphosphoric acid, were oxidized to I ($n = 2$). Thioethers II ($X = S, \text{CH}_2$) and thione III ($X = \text{SO}_2, O$) were prepared by treating the corresponding ketones with POCl_3 followed by reaction with MeCSNH_2 .

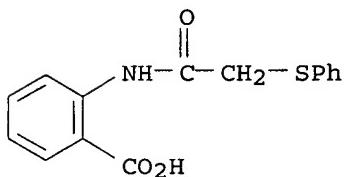
IT 77705-59-0P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and cyclization of, benzothienoquinolinone derivs. from)

RN 77705-59-0 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[phenylthio]acetyl]amino- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

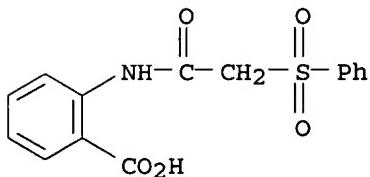


IT 77705-56-7P

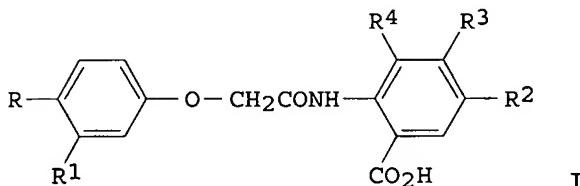
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of)

RN 77705-56-7 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[phenylsulfonyl]acetyl]amino- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L9 ANSWER 62 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1980:567828 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 93:167828
 TITLE: Synthesis and antiinflammatory properties of
 N-(2-carboxyphenyl)phenoxyacetamides
 AUTHOR(S): Ryznerski, Zygmunt; Gorczyca, Maria; Krupinska,
 Jolanta; Cebo, Barbara
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Pharm. Chem., Sch. Med., Krakow, Pol.
 SOURCE: Acta Poloniae Pharmaceutica (1979), 36(2), 161-6
 CODEN: APPHAX; ISSN: 0001-6837
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: Polish
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 93:167828
 ED Entered STN: 12 May 1984
 GI

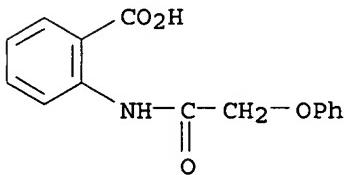


AB Twenty-two title compds. (I, R = H, Me, Cl; R¹ = H, Me; R² = H, Me, Cl, Br; R³ = H, Cl, NO₂; R⁴ = H, Me, Cl) were prepared in 63-98% yields from appropriately substituted phenoxyacetyl chlorides and anthranilic acid derivs. Although all I were active as prostaglandin synthetase inhibitors, only 3 I (R = Cl; R¹ = H; R² = H and Br; R³ = H and NO₂; R⁴ = H) were superior to acetylsalicylic acid (but inferior to indomethacin) in preliminary antiinflammatory tests in rats.

IT 18704-92-2P 59090-63-0P 59090-64-1P
 59090-65-2P 59090-67-4P 59090-70-9P
 69764-05-2P 69764-09-6P 69764-10-9P
 75065-96-2P 75066-00-1P 75066-01-2P
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (preparation and antiinflammatory activity of)

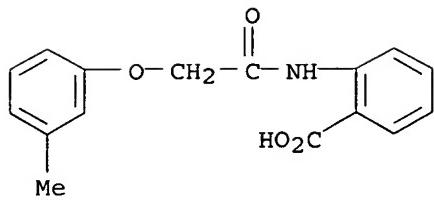
RN 18704-92-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(phenoxyacetyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



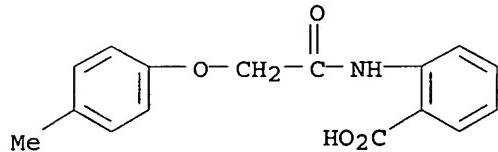
RN 59090-63-0 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[3-methylphenoxy]acetyl]amino- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



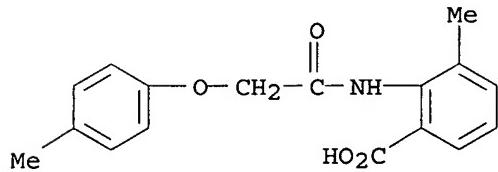
RN 59090-64-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-methylphenoxy]acetyl]amino- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



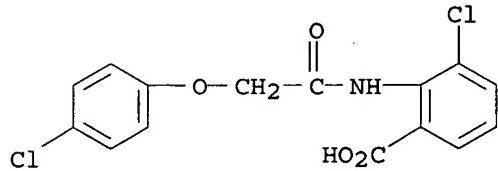
RN 59090-65-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 3-methyl-2-[[4-methylphenoxy]acetyl]amino- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



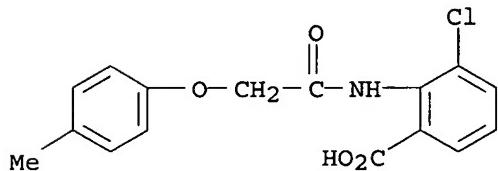
RN 59090-67-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 3-chloro-2-[[4-chlorophenoxy]acetyl]amino- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



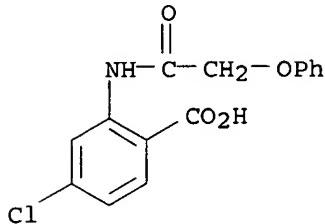
RN 59090-70-9 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 3-chloro-2-[[4-methylphenoxy]acetyl]amino- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



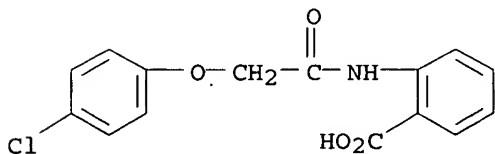
RN 69764-05-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-chloro-2-[(phenoxyacetyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



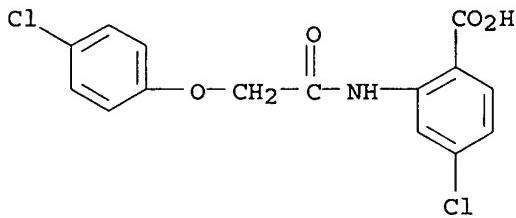
RN 69764-09-6 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[4-chlorophenoxy]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



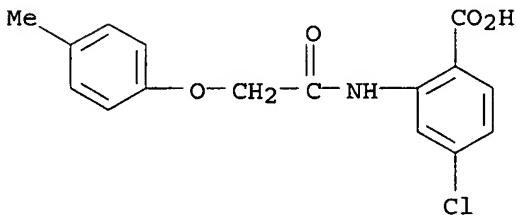
RN 69764-10-9 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-chloro-2-[[[4-chlorophenoxy]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



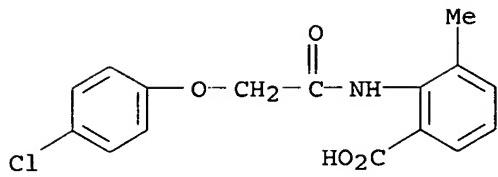
RN 75065-96-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-chloro-2-[[[4-methylphenoxy]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



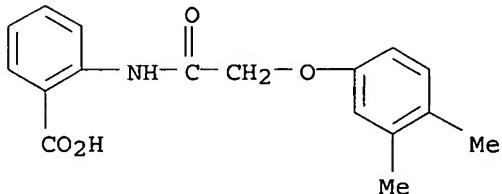
RN 75066-00-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[4-chlorophenoxy]acetyl]amino]-3-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 75066-01-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[3,4-dimethylphenoxy]acetyl]amino- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L9 ANSWER 63 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1979:507816 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 91:107816

TITLE: Aminobenzoic acid derivatives

INVENTOR(S): Metz, Gunter; Specker, Manfred

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Merckle, Ludwig, K.-G., Chem.-Pharm. Fabrik, Fed. Rep. Ger.

SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 35 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

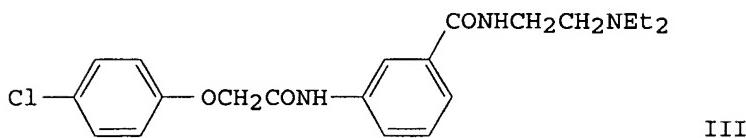
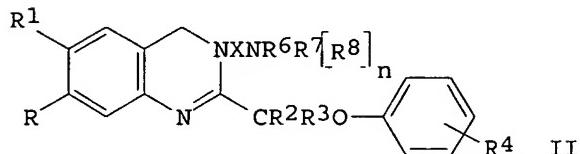
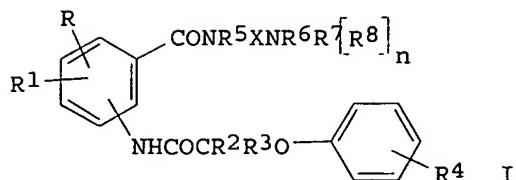
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
DE 2730174	A1	19790222	DE 1977-2730174	19770704
DE 2730174	C2	19811210		
EP 174	A1	19790110	EP 1978-100206	19780621
EP 174	B1	19811230		
R: BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, LU, NL, SE				
US 4294851	A	19811013	US 1978-919747	19780627
AT 7804776	A	19800715	AT 1978-4776	19780630
AT 360972	B	19810210		
CA 1108139	A1	19810901	CA 1978-306600	19780630
AT 7906653	A	19810115	AT 1979-6653	19791011
AT 363480	B	19810810		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			DE 1977-2730174	19770704
			AT 1978-4776	A 19780630

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 91:107816

ED Entered STN: 12 May 1984

GI



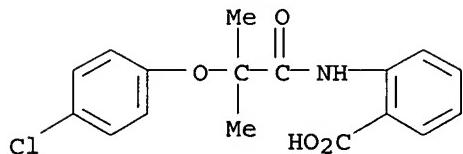
AB Aminobenzoic acid derivs. I ($R = H, Cl, OH, AcO, C1-3\text{-alkoxy}$; $R1 = H, Cl, H2NSO_2$; $R2 = H, Me$; $R3 = H, C1-3\text{-alkyl}$; $R4 = H, \text{halo}, CF_3$; $R5 = H; R6 = C1-4\text{-alkyl}$, $R7 = H, C1-3\text{-alkyl}, HCO$; $R8 = H, \text{halo- or Ph-substituted C1-4-alkyl or C1-4-alkenyl}$; $R5R6 = C2-3\text{-alkylene}$; $X = C1-3\text{-alkylene}$; $n = 0, 1$; $NR5XNR6R7$ can form an aliphatic or aromatic ring system) and quinazoline derivs. II were prepared as anticholesteremics and hypolipemics. Thus, $3-H_2NC_6H_4CO_2H$ was N-acylated with $4-ClC_6H_4OCH_2COCl$ to give 76.5% $4-ClC_6H_4OCH_2CONC_6H_4CO_2H-3$, which was amidated with $H_2NCH_2CH_2NEt_2$ by phosphoroxyl chloride to give 83.2% benzamide III. Data are given for several I derivs. for lowering cholesterol and triglyceride levels in rats.

IT 70853-32-6

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(amidation of, with diethylaminoethylamine)

RN 70853-32-6 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[2-(4-chlorophenoxy)-2-methyl-1-oxopropyl]amino] - (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)



L9 ANSWER 64 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1979:137712 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 90:137712

TITLE: Synthesis of benzofuro[3,2-b]quinolin-6(11H)one and derivatives

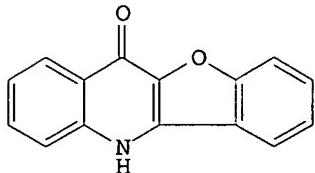
AUTHOR(S): Sunder, Shyam; Peet, Norton P.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Pharm. Res., Dow Chem. Co., Indianapolis, IN, USA

SOURCE: Journal of Heterocyclic Chemistry (1978), 15(8),

1379-82
CODEN: JHTCAD; ISSN: 0022-152X

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 90:137712
ED Entered STN: 12 May 1984
GI



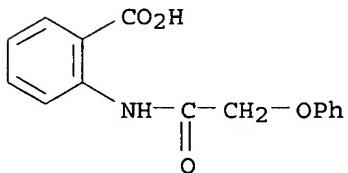
I

AB The benzofuro[3,2-b]quinolin-6(11H)-one (I) was prepared by treatment of $\text{O}-\text{HO}_2\text{CC}_6\text{H}_4\text{NHCOCH}_2\text{OPh}$ (II) with polyphosphoric acid. 2-(3-Benzofuranyl amino)benzoic acid was an intermediate in the reaction. An improved method for the synthesis of II was also described, which was used to prepare analogs of II. A 6-alkoxy derivative and 6-dialkylamino derivs. of benzofuro[3,2-b]quinoline were prepared from I.

IT 18704-92-2P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(preparation and cyclization of, benzofuroquinolinone from)

RN 18704-92-2 CAPLUS

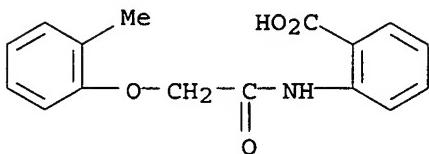
CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(phenoxyacetyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 59090-62-9P 69764-05-2P 69764-06-3P
69764-07-4P 69764-08-5P 69764-09-6P
69764-10-9P 69764-11-0P 69764-12-1P
69764-13-2P 69764-14-3P 69764-16-5P
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of)

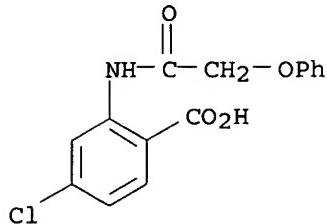
RN 59090-62-9 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(2-methylphenoxy)acetyl]amino- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



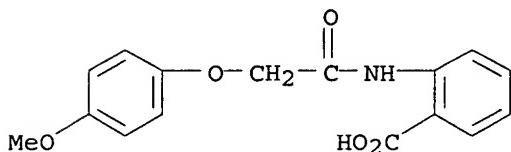
RN 69764-05-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-chloro-2-[(phenoxyacetyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



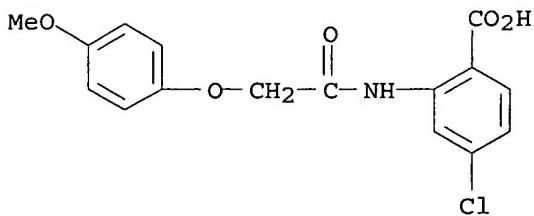
RN 69764-06-3 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[4-methoxyphenoxy]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



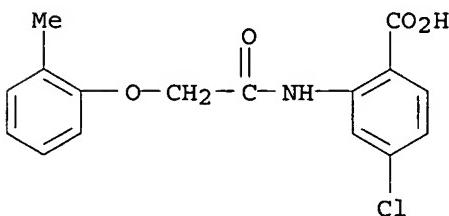
RN 69764-07-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-chloro-2-[[[4-methoxyphenoxy]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



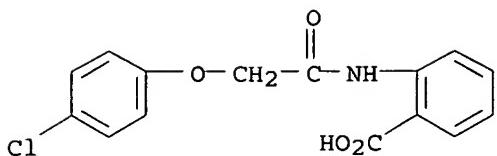
RN 69764-08-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-chloro-2-[[[2-methylphenoxy]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

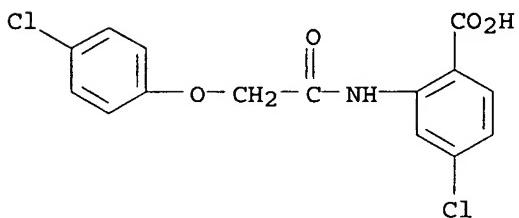


RN 69764-09-6 CAPLUS

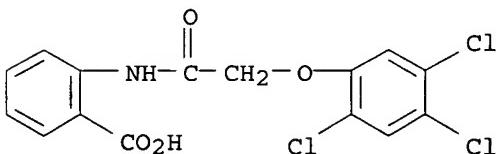
CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[4-chlorophenoxy]acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



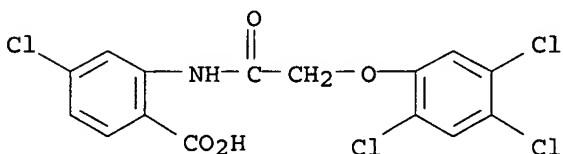
RN 69764-10-9 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 4-chloro-2-[(4-chlorophenoxy)acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



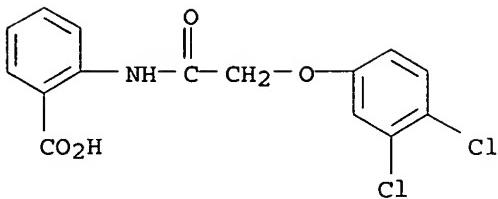
RN 69764-11-0 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(2,4,5-trichlorophenoxy)acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 69764-12-1 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 4-chloro-2-[(2,4,5-trichlorophenoxy)acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

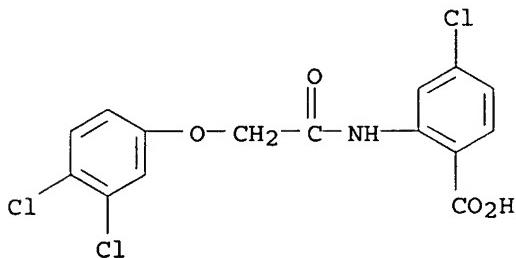


RN 69764-13-2 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(3,4-dichlorophenoxy)acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



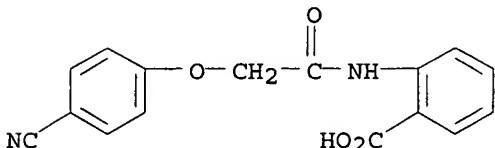
RN 69764-14-3 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-chloro-2-[(3,4-dichlorophenoxy)acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 69764-16-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(4-cyanophenoxy)acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L9 ANSWER 65 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1976:173607 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 84:173607

TITLE: Design of new prostaglandin synthetase inhibitors in a group of N-(2-carboxyphenyl)phenoxyacetamides and their antiinflammatory activity

AUTHOR(S): Gryglewski, Richard J.; Ryznerski, Z.; Gorczyca, M.; Krupinska, J.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Copernicus Acad. Med., Krakow, Pol.

SOURCE: Advances in Prostaglandin and Thromboxane Research (1976), 1, 117-20

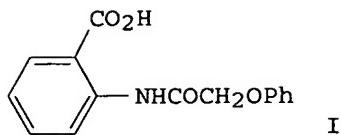
CODEN: APTRDI; ISSN: 0361-5952

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

ED Entered STN: 12 May 1984

GI

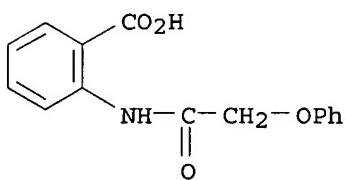


AB The 11 positional isomers of N-(2-carboxyphenyl)phenoxyacetamide (I) [18704-92-2] showed a remarkable difference in their ability to inhibit prostaglandin synthetase [9055-65-6] of bovine seminal vesicle microsomes, whereas their potencies in binding to blood serum albumins were similar. The antienzymic activities of some of the I derivs. approached that of indomethacin [53-86-1] while their systemic antiinflammatory activities in vivo (ED50 = 70-150 mg/kg) were close to that of aspirin [50-78-2]. Strong binding of the I derivs. to albumin can explain the discrepancy between the intensity of their in vitro and in vivo effects. The difference between the ability to inhibit prostaglandin synthetase and the ability to bind to albumin is a better indicator of in vivo inflammatory activity than the antienzymic activity alone. The structure-activity relationships of the antienzymic activities observed for 21 I derivs. were analyzed using the Free-Wilson model. The biol. activities of 200 I derivs. were predicted.

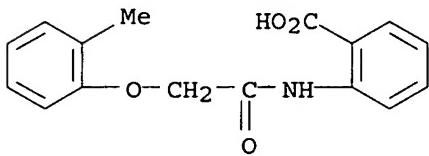
IT 18704-92-2 59090-62-9 59090-63-0
59090-64-1 59090-65-2 59090-67-4
59090-70-9

RL: BIOL (Biological study)
(inflammation and prostaglandin synthetase inhibition by)

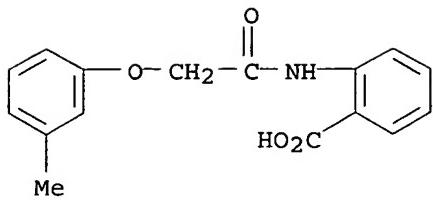
RN 18704-92-2 CAPLUS
CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(phenoxyacetyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 59090-62-9 CAPLUS
CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(2-methylphenoxy)acetyl]amino- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

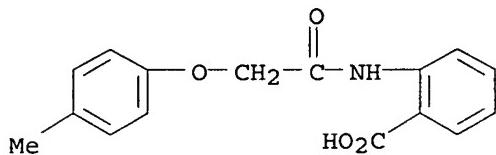


RN 59090-63-0 CAPLUS
CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(3-methylphenoxy)acetyl]amino- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



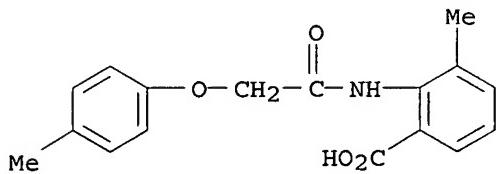
RN 59090-64-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(4-methylphenoxy)acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



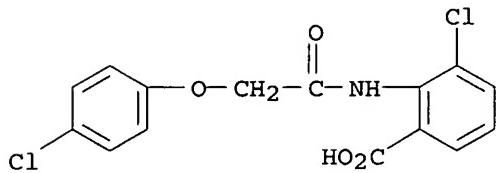
RN 59090-65-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 3-methyl-2-[(4-methylphenoxy)acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



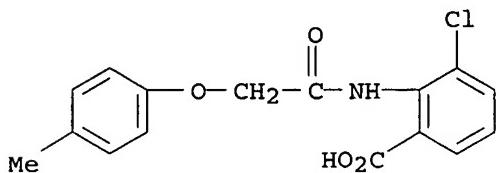
RN 59090-67-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 3-chloro-2-[(4-chlorophenoxy)acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

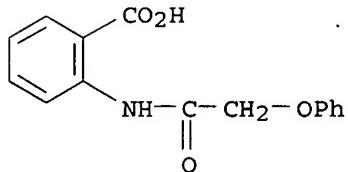


RN 59090-70-9 CAPLUS

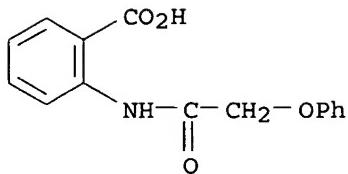
CN Benzoic acid, 3-chloro-2-[(4-methylphenoxy)acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 18704-92-2D, Benzoic acid, 2-[(phenoxyacetyl)amino]-, derivs.
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (prostaglandins synthetase inhibition by, mol. structure in relation
 to)
 RN 18704-92-2 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(phenoxyacetyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



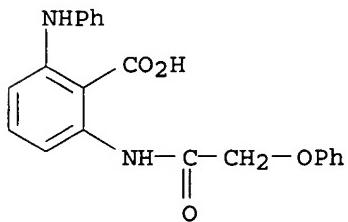
L9 ANSWER 66 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1976:38578 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 84:38578
 TITLE: Correlation analysis of Baker's studies on enzyme
 inhibition. 2. Chymotrypsin, trypsin, thymidine
 phosphorylase, uridine phosphorylase, thymidilate
 synthetase, cytosine nucleoside deaminase,
 dihydrofolate reductase, malate, glutamate, lactate,
 and glyceraldehyde-phosphate dehydrogenase
 AUTHOR(S): Yoshimoto, Masafumi; Hansch, Corwin
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem., Pomona Coll., Claremont, CA, USA
 SOURCE: Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1976), 19(1), 71-98
 CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 ED Entered STN: 12 May 1984
 AB The inhibitory activity of .apprx.1000 inhibitors of the title enzymes, α -chymotrypsin [9004-07-3], trypsin [9002-07-7], thymidine phosphorylase [9030-23-3], uridine phosphorylase [9030-22-2], thymidylate synthetase [9031-61-2], cytosine nucleoside deaminase [9025-06-3], dihydrofolate reductase [9002-03-3], malate dehydrogenase [9001-64-3], glutamate dehydrogenase [9001-46-1], glyceraldehyde-phosphate dehydrogenase [9001-50-7], and lactate dehydrogenase [9001-60-9], were formulated in 13 equations correlating chemical structure with inhibiting potency. Two types of regions in enzymes were defined by means of π and molar refractive consts. The correlation equations showed that substituent effects are additive to a 1st approximation Examples are given of use of the equations in comparing structural features of different systems.
 IT 18704-92-2
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (α -chymotrypsin inhibition by, correlation anal. in relation to)
 RN 18704-92-2 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(phenoxyacetyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



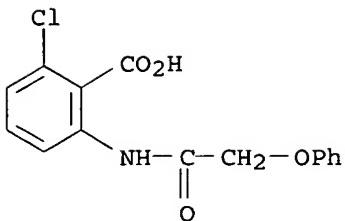
L9 ANSWER 67 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1972:514078 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 77:114078
 TITLE: 2-Amino-6-amidobenzoic acids
 INVENTOR(S): Sanwa Chemical Laboratories
 SOURCE: Fr., 20 pp.
 CODEN: FRXXAK
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: French
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
FR 2095112		19720310	FR 1971-20913	19710609

ED Entered STN: 12 May 1984
 GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.
 AB The title compds. (I) were prepared by condensation of 2,6-XRCOCONHC₆H₄CO₂H (X = Br, Cl, iodo) with R₁NH₂. About 60 I (R = alkyl, furyl, Ph, substituted phenyl; R₁ = alkyl, Ph, substituted phenyl) were prepared
 IT 35137-80-5P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of)
 RN 35137-80-5 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(phenoxyacetyl)amino]-6-(phenylamino)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 38792-56-2
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (reaction of, with aniline derivs.)
 RN 38792-56-2 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-chloro-6-[(phenoxyacetyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L9 ANSWER 68 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1972:72237 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 76:72237
 TITLE: 2-(Acylamino)-6-(arylaminobenzoic acids
 INVENTOR(S): Fujimura, Hajime; Suzuki, Kenji; Asai, Masaru; Asano, Osamu
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sanwa Chemical Laboratories
 SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 20 pp.
 CODEN: GWXXBX
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: German
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
DE 2128381	A	19711216	DE 1971-2128381	19710608
DE 2128381	C3	19791129		
DE 2128381	B2	19790405		
JP 48017267	B4	19730528	JP 1970-49666	19700609
US 3867437	A	19750218	US 1971-145468	19710520
NL 7107358	A	19711213	NL 1971-7358	19710528
SE 366542	B	19740429	SE 1971-7336	19710607
GB 1320484	A	19730613	GB 1971-19492	19710608
CH 555806	A	19741115	CH 1971-8576	19710608
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1970-49666	A 19700609

ED Entered STN: 12 May 1984

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

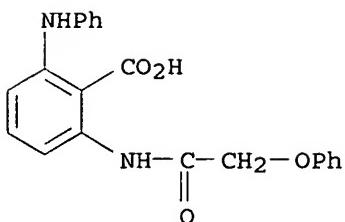
AB Title compds. (I) were prepared by reaction of N-acyl-6-haloanthranilic acids with corresponding amines RNH₂ and used as purgatives. Thus, 2,6-I(BzNH)C₆H₃CO₂H reacted with PhNH₂ in aqueous DMF in the presence of K₂CO₃ for 3 hr on a steam bath to give 80% I (R = R₁ = Ph) (II). Similarly prepared were 39 addnl. I, e.g. (R and R₁ given): Ph, Me, Ph, PhCH:CH; p-MeOC₆H₄, p-ClC₆H₄; Ph, furyl; 2,3-Me₂C₆H₃, Ph. The purgative activity of 40 I was tested in mice, e.g. ED₅₀ of II was 23.0 mg/kg on i.p. administration and 64.0 mg/kg on oral administration. LD₅₀ of II was 810 mg/kg on oral administration.

IT 35137-80-5P

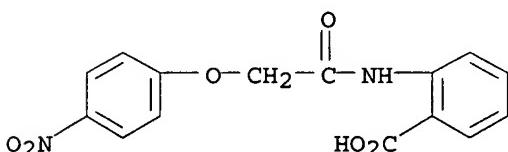
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of)

RN 35137-80-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(phenoxyacetyl)amino]-6-(phenylamino)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L9 ANSWER 69 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1969:28585 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 70:28585
 TITLE: Preparation of secondary aromatic and aliphatic aromatic amines via the Smiles rearrangement
 AUTHOR(S): Solov'eva, I. A.; Guseva, A. G.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Vses. Gos. Nauch.-Issled. Proekt. Inst. Khim.-Fotograf. Prom., USSR
 SOURCE: Zhurnal Organicheskoi Khimii (1968), 4(11), 1973-9
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: Russian
 ED Entered STN: 12 May 1984
 AB The easily accessible amides p-O₂NC₆H₄-OCH₂CONHR [where R is Me, Et, PhCH₂, Ph, α-naphthyl, β-naphthyl, p-PhC₆H₄, o-PhC₆H₄, p-ClC₆H₄, p-O₂NC₆H₄, o-Et₂NC₆H₄, p-HO₂CC₆H₄, o-MeOC₆H₄, o-HO₂CC₆H₄, 2,5-HO₂C(O₂N)C₆H₄, or 4,2-Cl(HO₂C)C₆H₄] undergo Smiles rearrangement and give amines p-O₂NC₆H₄NHR (R as above). Under the same reaction conditions m-O₂NC₆H₄OCH₂CONHR or PhOCH₂CONHR (where R is Me, Et, PhCH₂, or Ph) decompose to m-O₂NC₆H₄OCH₂CO₂H and NH₂R. o-O₂NC₆H₄-OCH₂CONH₂ or p-O₂NC₆H₄OCH₂CONH₂ give only very low yields of the corresponding nitroanilines; the disubstituted amides o-O₂NC₆H₄OCH₂CONRR₁ or p-O₂NC₆H₄OCH₂-CONNRR₁ do not rearrange.
 IT 20916-26-1P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of)
 RN 20916-26-1 CAPLUS
 CN Anthranilic acid, N-[(p-nitrophenoxy)acetyl]- (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L9 ANSWER 70 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1968:464778 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 69:64778
 TITLE: Irreversible enzyme inhibitors. CXXXII. Proteolytic enzymes. 6. Tolerance for polar groups on the phenoxyacetanilide type of inhibitor of α-chymotrypsin
 AUTHOR(S): Baker, B. R.; Hurlbut, Jeffrey A.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Univ. of California, Santa Barbara, CA, USA

SOURCE: Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1968), 11(5), 1054-9
 CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English

ED Entered STN: 12 May 1984

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

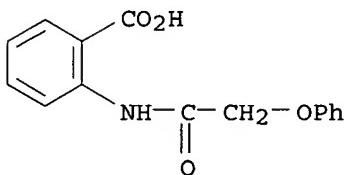
AB Candidate irreversible inhibitors derived from phenoxyacetanilide (I), such as N-[m-(m-fluorosulfonylphenylureido)phenyl]-3-chlorophenoxyacetamide (II), are too insol. in water for enzymic evaluation; therefore, a study was conducted on positioning of polar groups on I that would not interfere with complex formation. Three useful classes of compds. emerged. The first class of compds. consisted of introduction of RCO₂ or CH₂N+H₃ groups on the N-phenyl moiety; this N-phenyl moiety is apparently complexed to a polar region of α -chymotrypsin since no binding was lost. The 2nd class derived from I consisted of introduction of a CO₂- group on the phenoxy moiety, which is complexed in a hydrophobic region. An o-CO₂- group was well tolerated in the complex, and inhibition could be further enhanced by introduction of a 4- or 5-chloro or 4-bromo atom. The 3rd class consisted of a replacement of the phenoxyethyl moiety of I by a quaternized pyridylvinyl or pyridylethyl moiety; only N-methyl-2-pyridylacrylanilide in this class was satisfactory, being complexed to the enzyme .apprx.33% as well as I. The 2-carboxy-4-chlorophenoxy group of III was a suitable replacement for the 3-chlorophenoxy group of II in order to increase solubility; not only was III about 100 times as soluble as II, but irreversible inhibition was readily detected with III at 15% of its maximum solubility 16 references.

IT 18704-92-2

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (reaction of, with α -chymotrypsin)

RN 18704-92-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(phenoxyacetyl)amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L9 ANSWER 71 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1967:473285 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 67:73285

TITLE: Eugenolglycolic acid derivatives

AUTHOR(S): De Souza, Noel J.; Kothare, A. N.; Nadkarny, V. V.

CORPORATE SOURCE: St. Xavier's Coll., Bombay, India

SOURCE: Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1967), 10(4), 741-3
 CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

ED Entered STN: 12 May 1984

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

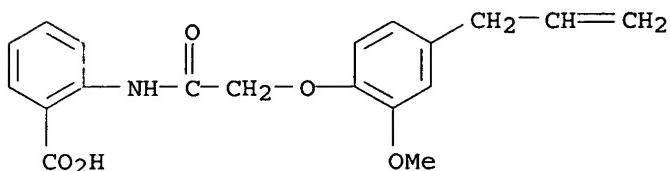
AB Eugenolglycolic acid (I) was used as starting material for the synthesis of compds. of possible pharmacol. interest. The eugenolglycolic acid derivs., amides, thioureas, hydrazides, hydrazone, and a thiosemicarbazide, prepared by conventional methods, were tabulated.

IT 15216-95-2P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of)

RN 15216-95-2 CAPLUS

CN Anthranilic acid, N-[(4-allyl-2-methoxyphenoxy)acetyl]- (8CI) (CA INDEX
NAME)



L9 ANSWER 72 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1967:37670 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 66:37670

TITLE: Herbicidal α -(4-chloro-2-methylphenoxy)propionamides

INVENTOR(S): Brookes, Robert F.; Godson, David H.; Leafe, Edward L.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Boots Pure Drug Co. Ltd.

SOURCE: Brit., 16 pp.

CODEN: BRXXAA

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
GB 1041982	-----	19660907	GB	19630930
DE 1693154	-----		DE	
US 3439018	-----	19690415	US	19640916

ED Entered STN: 12 May 1984

AB Weeds in growing crops are selectively killed by the title compds., 4,2-Cl-MeC6H3OCHMeCONR1R2 (I) which are prepared Thus, a solution of 20.5 g. 4,2-ClMeC6H3OCHMeCOCl (II) in 100 ml. Et2O was added dropwise to a stirred solution of 16.0 ml. PhNH2 in 500 ml. Et2O, the mixture washed with HCl and H2O, dried and evaporated to give I (R1 = H, R2 = Ph) (III) m. 141-2° (EtOH). III can also be made in aqueous solution, using Na2CO3 as acid acceptor;

or by azeotropic distillation of a mixture of PhNH2, 4,2-ClMeC6H3O-CHMeCO2H and xylene. A mixture of 14.5 g. III, 2.7 g. NaH, and 150 ml. PhMe was heated to 110°, cooled, mixed with 9.25 g. 4-O2NC6H4COCl, heated to 50°, for 1 hr., evaporated and mixed with petroleum ether to give 4,2-ClMeC6H3OCHMeCONPhOC6H4NO2-4, m. 162-4°. These methods were used to prepare the following I (R1 = H) (R2 and m.p. given): 2-ClC6H4, 116-7° (EtOH); 3-ClC6H4, 140-1° (MeOH); Me, 122-3°

Et, 102-4°; Pr, 98°; Bu, 103-4°; heptyl, 88.0-9.5°; dodecyl, 76-7°; allyl, 99-100°; PhCH2, 108-9°; 2-ClC6H2, 104-5°; 4-ClC6H4CH2CH2, 106-8°; PhCH2CH2, 104-5°; HOCH3CH2, 87-9°; Me3CH(OH)CH2, 73-5°; HOCH2CH2, 82.0-3.5°; HOCH2CMe2, 102-4°; MeCH2CH(CH2OH), 95-7°; EtOCH2CH2, 92-4°; MeOCH2CMeH, 105.5-6.5°; MeO(CH2)3, 77-8°; Et2NCH2CH2, 67-8°; 2-PIPERIDINOETHYL, 84-5°; HO2CCH2, 127.5-9.0°; HO2CCMeH, 126-7°; Me2CHCH2CHCO2H, 122-6°; PhCH2CHCO2H, 158-61°; EtO2CCH2, 125.0-6.5°; CH2CH2SO3H, 169-74°; NCCH2,

100.5-2.0°; BzCH₂, 113.5-4.5°; 4-MeOC₆H₄COCH₂, 111.5-13.0°;
 4-ClC₆H₄, 150°; 2-BrC₆H₄, 113-14°; 4-FC₆H₄, 122-3°;
 2-O₂NC₆H₄, 80-1°; 3-O₂NC₆H₄, 141-3°; 4-O₂NC₆H₄,
 138-9°; 2-MeC₆H₄, 164°; 3-MeC₆H₄, 134.5-5.5°;
 4-MeC₆H₄, 151°; 2-MeOC₆H₄, 109-10°; 3-MeOC₆H₄,
 104-5.5°; 2-EtOC₆H₄, 69-70°; 3-EtOC₆H₄, 118-19°;
 3-F₃CC₆H₄, 112.5-3.5°; 4-NCC₆H₄, 110-12°; 2-HO₂CC₆H₄,
 139-41°; 3-HO₂CC₆H₄, 204-5°; 4-HO₂CC₆H₄, 207-10°;
 4-EtO₂CC₆H₄, 116-17°; 4-PhO₂C₆H₄, 145-7°; 4-HO₂CCH₂C₆H₄,
 188-90°; 4-AcC₆H₄, 137.0-8.5°; 4-EtCOC₆H₄, 139-40; 4-BzC₆H₄,
 97-9°; 4-AcNH₂C₆H₄, 205-7°; 3-AcC₆H₄ (IV), 108.8-8.5°;
 4-(4,2-ClMeC₆H₃CHMeCO) C₆H₄, 210-12°; 1, naphthyl,
 181.0-1.5°; 4-MeSO₂C₆H₄, 134.0-5.5°; 4-MeC₆H₄SO₂-17.85-
 3.0°. The following I were prepared (R₁, R₂, and m.p. given): Me,
 Me, -, (b1.5 150-2°); Et, Et, 63-4°; Pr, Pr, 41-2°;
 iso-Pr, iso-Pr, 62-4°; Bu, Bu, -, (b0.9 177°); Me, HOCH₂CH₂,
 72-6°; HOCH₂CH₂, HOCH₂CH₂ 90-1°; PhCH₂, PhCH₂, 40-2°;
 Me, HO₂CH₂, 100-2°; Me, Ph, 70.1°; Et, Ph 74.5-5.0°;
 Pr, Ph, 52.0-3.5°; HOCH₂CH₂, Ph, 97.9°; Me, PhCH₂, -, (b1.4
 203-4°). The following I (R₁ = Ph) were prepared (R₂ and m.p.
 given): MeSO₂, 88.5-9.0°; N,N-pentamethylenesulfamoyl,
 103.5-4.5°; 4-MeC₆H₄SO₂, 119.5-21.0°; 4-ClC₆H₄CO,
 91.5-3.5°; MeO₂C, 114-15°; Ac, -, (b1.0 200-10°);
 4,2-ClMeC₆H₃OCH(Me)CO, 89.0-91.5°; N,N-pentamethylenecarbamoyl,
 110-11°; dimethylcarbamoyl, 114-15°, eithylthiocarbonyl,
 125-6°. Other I prepared were (NR₁R₂ and m.p. given): piperidyl,
 47-9°; pyrrolidyl, 74-6°; N,N-hexamethyleniminyln,
 44-5°; morpholinyl, 70.5-1.5°; 2-methylpiperidyl, -, (b1.5
 180-3°). The following derivs. of IV were obtained: oxime, m.
 158-60° (PhMe); phenylhydrazone, m. 144-9° (decomposition), and
 semicarbazone, m. 174-6°. Also prepared were N1-(4-chloro-2-
 methylphenoxy)propionyl-N1-phenylurea, m. 98.9° (petroleum ether);
 the corresponding thiourea, m. 123.0-4.5° (MeOH);
 α-(4-chloro-2-methylphenoxy)propionhydrazide (V), m.
 142.5-3.5° (MeOH) and α-(4-chloro-2-
 methylphenoxy)propionohydroxamic acid, m. 124-5°, which was
 isolated via the Cu complex. A mixture of 9.4 ml. II, 5.7 g. PhHNH₂, 100
 ml. PhMe, and 4 ml. pyridine was heated 2 hrs. at 95°, poured into
 water, and filtered to give N-α-(4-chloro-2-methylphenoxy)propion-N1-
 phenylhydrazide, m. 159-61° (EtOH). Refluxing mixt 11.4 g. V, 3.9
 g. AcCl, 100 ml. C₆H₆, and 3.9 g. pyridine yielded 4,2-
 ClMeC₆H₃OCHMeCONR₃NR₄R₅ (VI) (R₃, = R₄ = H, R₅ = Ac), M. 184-6°
 (decomposition) (aqueous EtOH). The following VI were similarly prepared (R₃,
 R₅,
 and m.p. given): H, Me, Me, 154-5°; Ph, H, Ph, 163-5°
 (decomposition); H, R₄R₅ = (CH₂)₅, 165-7° (decomposition). VI (R₃ = R₄ = H)
 were prepared (R₅ and m.p. given): OHC, 171-3°; H, H, 2-ClC₆H₄,
 170-1°; H, H, 2MeC₆H₄, 158°; H, H, 4-O₂NC₆H₄, 200-2°;
 4,2-ClMeC₆H₃OCHMeCO, 247° (sinters 230-2°); Bz,
 173-4°; PhSO₂, 136-8° (decomposition); MeNHCO, 181-2°;
 EtNHCO, 184-5°; BuNHCO, 176°; 4-MeOC₆H₄NHCO, 204-5°;
 cyclohexylcarbamoyl, 212-13°; MeNHCS, MeNHCS, 175-6°;
 EtNHCS, 172-4°; PhNHCS, 156-8°; C₅H₁₁SO₂C₆H₄NHCS,
 152-3° MeO₂C, 132-3°; EtO₂C, 95.6° (decomposition);
 iso-PrO₂C, 96-8° (decomposition). A mixture of 17.1 V, 12.75 ml. AcH, and
 250 ml. EtOH was refluxed 0.5 hr. and cooled to give 4,2-
 ClMeC₆H₃OCHMeCONR₃N: R₆ = CHMe (VIII), m. 162° (EtOH). The
 following were similarly prepared (R₃, R₆, and m.p. given): H,
 2-furfurylidine, 180-2° (decomposition); H, EtO₂CCH₂CMe, 134-5°
 (decomposition). (NR₃NR₆) pyrazolino, 99-101° (decomposition). Hydrogenation

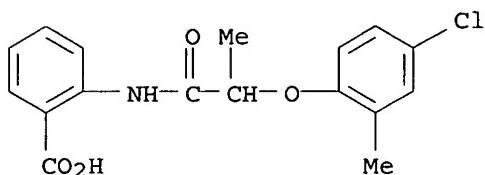
of VIII and IX yielded the corresponding Et, m. 134-6°, and iso-Pr, m. 133-4, derivs. Other compds. prepared were: α-(4-chloro-2-methylphenoxy)propiono-O-methylhydroxamic acid, m. 124-5°; the O-Et homolog, m. 101-2°; O-benzoyl-α-(4-chloro-2-methylphenoxy)propionohydroxamic acid, m. 145-6°, and its O-Ac analog, m. 105-7°.

IT 13791-79-2P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of)

RN 13791-79-2 CAPLUS

CN Anthranilic acid, N-[2-[(4-chloro-o-tolyl)oxy]propionyl]- (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L9 ANSWER 73 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1960:50207 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 54:50207

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 54:9831f-i

TITLE: Some new acid amides: plant growth regulators

AUTHOR(S): Bokarev, K. S.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Plant Physiol., Moscow

SOURCE: Zhurnal Obshchey Khimii (1959), 29, 1358-63

CODEN: ZOKHA4; ISSN: 0044-460X

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Unavailable

ED Entered STN: 22 Apr 2001

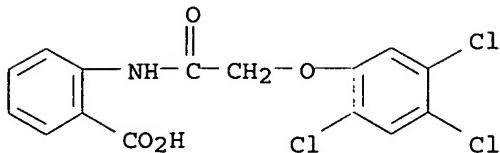
AB Condensation of appropriate acyl chlorides with aminobenzoic acids in aqueous NaOH-C6H6 (or Et2O) gave: 84% 2,4-C12C6H3OCH2CONHC6H4CO2H-4, m. 267°; 74.7% 2,4-C12C6H3OCH2CONHC6H4CO2H-2, m. 219-19.5°; 79% 2,4,5-C13C6H2OCH2CONHC6H4CO2H-4, m. 289-90°; 2,4,5-C13C6H2OCH2CONHC6H4CO2H-2, 76%, m. 278-80°; 86% 2,4,5-C13C6H2OCMe2CONHC6H4CO2H-4, m. 233°; 1-C10H7CH2CONHC6H4CO2H-4, 78%, m. 271-2°; 1-C10H7CH2CONHC6H4CO2H-2, 57%, m. 220°; 2,3,5-I3C6H2CONHC6H4CO2H-4, 76%, decomposed 221°. Refluxing 20.18 g. 3,6-endoxohexahydrophthalic anhydride (I) with 13.71 g. 4-H2NC6H4CO2H (II) in C6H6 12 hrs. and heating the resulting product with Me2NCHO gave a low yield of exo-cis-3,6-endoxohexahydrophthalic acid N-(4-carboxyphenyl)imide, m. 264°. Keeping 16.81 g. I with 13.71 g. II in dioxane 1 hr. at room temperature, separating the resulting precipitate, extracting it with

Me2CO, and treating the insol. portion with Me2NCHO in CCl4 gave exo-cis-3,6-endoxohexahydrophthalic mono-4-carboxyanilide, m. 263°, which heated passed into the imide above. Refluxing PhNCO with 4-H2NC6H4CO2Et in C6H6 gave 93.4% 4-PhNHCONHC6H4CO2Et (III), m. 163°. Similarly, PhNCS gave 4-PhNHCSNHC6H4CO2Et, m. 116°. Refluxing III with KOH in aqueous MeOH gave 98.4% 4-PhNHCONHC6H4CO2H, decomposed

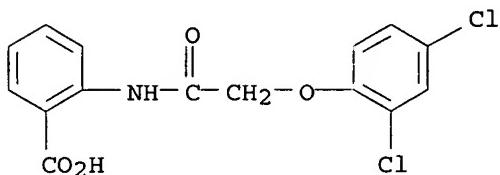
300°. 2,4,5-Trichlorophenoxy-α-isobutyryl chloride, prepared from the acid and SOCl2, b1 140-1°, m. 32°.

IT 69764-11-0, Anthranilic acid, N-[(2,4,5-trichlorophenoxy)acetyl]-
80913-76-4, Anthranilic acid, N-[(2,4-dichlorophenoxy)acetyl]-

(preparation of)
 RN 69764-11-0 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(2,4,5-trichlorophenoxy)acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 80913-76-4 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(2,4-dichlorophenoxy)acetyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L9 ANSWER 74 OF 74 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1957:34886 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 51:34886
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 51:6649f-i,6650a-b
 TITLE: Syntheses in the quinazolone series. IV. Conversion of N-aroylorthanilamides to 2-arylquinazol-4-ones
 AUTHOR(S): Stephen, Henry; Wade, George
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Univ. Witwatersrand, Johannesburg, S. Afr.
 SOURCE: Journal of the Chemical Society (1956) 4420-1
 CODEN: JCSOA9; ISSN: 0368-1769
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: Unavailable
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 51:34886
 ED Entered STN: 22 Apr 2001
 AB N-Aroylorthanilamides (I) were rapidly converted by aqueous NaOH to the corresponding 2-arylquinazolones (II). An alternative synthesis involved the condensation of N- α -chlorobenzylidene-p-toluenesulfonamide (III) with Me anthranilate (IV) and subsequent hydrolysis. Most of the Me N-aroylantranilates (V) were prepared from the acid chloride and IV in the presence of NaOAc in aqueous alc. (method 1) and the others by aroylation in C5H5N (method 2). All esters formed needles from alc. The following were thus prepared (Ar group, method, % yield, and m.p. given): PhOCH2, 1 and 2, 82, 87°; o-MeC6H4OCH2, 2, 84, 85°; m-MeC6H4OCH2, 2, 96, 88°; p-MeC6H4OCH2, 2, 90, 95°; PhCH2, 1 and 2, 55, 58°; p-C6H4OMe, 1, 80, 113°; 3,4-C6H3(OMe)2, 1, 60, 108°; 3,4,5-C6H2(OMe)3, 1, 60, 138°; o-C6H4Me, 1, 83, 114°; m-C6H4Me, 1, 71, 74°; p-C6H4Me, 1, 40, 100°; PhCH:CH, 1, 73, 99°. The following illustrated the preparation of I. V (aroyl = Bz) (44.4 g.) in alc. saturated with NH3 kept at room temperature

14-30

days and the alc. removed gave the corresponding I (aryl = Ph) in 95% yield, m. 218°. A number of V on treatment with NH3 gave mixts. of

I and the corresponding II and no attempt was made to sep. them. The following I were isolated (Ar, % yield, time in days, m.p. given): PhOCH₂, 80, 30, 234°; p-C₆H₄OMe, 25, 30, 209°; o-C₆H₄Me, 20, 30, 185°; p-C₆H₄Me, 15, 30, 218°; PhCH:CH, 15, 14, 237°.

I and the mixts. were converted to the corresponding II by refluxing 0.5 hr. with 5% aqueous NaOH, the alkaline solution filtered into dilute HCl, then decolorized(C), and II precipitated on addition of NH₃. All II crystallized in needles

from alc. or alc.-AcOH. The following II were thus prepared (Ar substituent, % yield, m.p. given): Ph, 90, 236°; PhOCH₂, 91, 209°; o-MeC₆H₄OCH₂, 80, 185°; m-MeC₆H₄OCH₂, 90, 233°; p-MeC₆H₄OCH₂, 70, 235°; PhCH₂, 75, 256°; p-C₆H₄OMe, 98, 247°; 3,4-C₆H₃(OMe)₂, 90, 246°; 3,4,5-C₆H₂(OMe)₃, 56, 255°; PhCH:CH, 90, 246°; o-C₆H₄Me, 89, 236°; m-C₆H₄Me, 63, 212°; p-C₆H₄Me, 80, 241°. III (10.5 g.) in 50 cc. dry Me₂CO added to 13.5 g. IV in 50 cc. dry Me₂CO (there was a slight rise in temperature), the IV.HCl which deposited during 0.5 hr. removed, the Me₂CO filtrate steam distilled, and the residue made alkaline with NH₃ gave

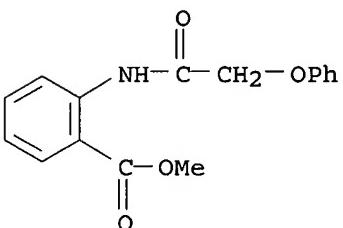
13.7

g. N-(o-methoxycarbonylphenyl)-N'-(p-toluenesulfonyl)benzamidine (VI), needles, m. 146.5°. VI (3 g.) in alc. saturated with NH₃, left overnight at room temperature, and poured into H₂O gave 1.5 g. II (aryl = Ph). II (aryl = Ph) was also obtained by heating 5 g. N-benzoylantranilic acid with 5 g. (NH₄)₂CO₃ 45 min. at 250° and adding small amts. of the carbonate from time to time; the fused mass cooled, macerated, and filtered gave N-benzoylantranilic acid, m. 178°, which was removed, and the acidic filtrate on addition of NH₃ gave 2 g. II (aryl = Ph). This synthesis was not investigated further.

IT 101284-14-4, Anthranilic acid, N-phenoxyacetyl-, methyl ester
(preparation of)

RN 101284-14-4 CAPLUS

CN Anthranilic acid, N-phenoxyacetyl-, methyl ester (6CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



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FILE LAST UPDATED: 01 May 1997 (19970501/UP)

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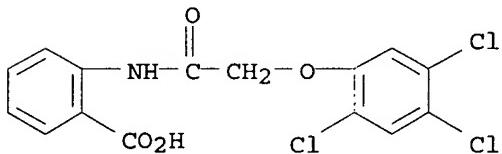
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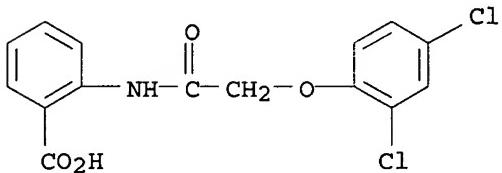
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L15 ANSWER 1 OF 2 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: CA54:9831f CAOLD
 TITLE: acid amides-plant growth regulators
 AUTHOR NAME: Bokarev, K. S.
 INDEX TERM: 6624-09-5 69764-11-0 80913-75-3
 80913-76-4 100541-45-5 100965-54-6 101090-92-0
 101443-99-6 101895-37-8 101895-38-9
 IT 69764-11-0 80913-76-4
 RN 69764-11-0 CAOLD
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(2,4,5-trichlorophenoxy)acetyl]amino] - (9CI) (CA INDEX
 NAME)



RN 80913-76-4 CAOLD
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[(2,4-dichlorophenoxy)acetyl]amino] - (9CI) (CA INDEX
 NAME)



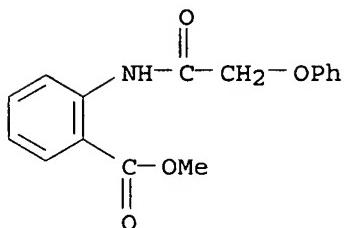
L15 ANSWER 2 OF 2 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: CA51:6649f CAOLD
 TITLE: syntheses in the quinazolone series - (IV) conversion of
 N-acyloylorthanilamides to 2-arylquinazol-4-ones
 AUTHOR NAME: Stephen, Henry; Wadge, G.
 INDEX TERM: 134-20-3 1022-45-3 1152-07-4 4513-27-3 4765-56-4
 4765-58-6 18818-39-8 18818-40-1 18818-41-2 21878-28-4
 36945-45-6 37619-28-6 52910-87-9 52910-88-0 55390-89-1
 55695-68-6 59525-13-2 67836-52-6 75541-63-8 75586-78-6

100880-66-8 101284-14-4 109393-45-5
 109393-46-6 109395-46-2 113510-76-2
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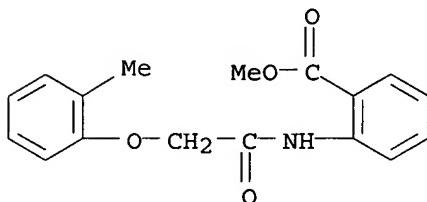
RN 101284-14-4 CAOLD

CN Anthranilic acid, N-phenoxyacetyl-, methyl ester (6CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



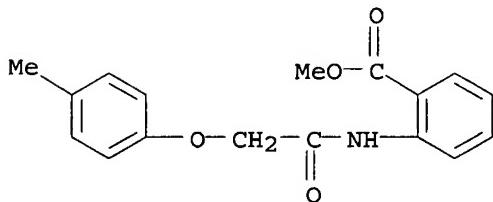
RN 109393-45-5 CAOLD

CN Anthranilic acid, N-(o-tolyloxyacetyl)-, methyl ester (6CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



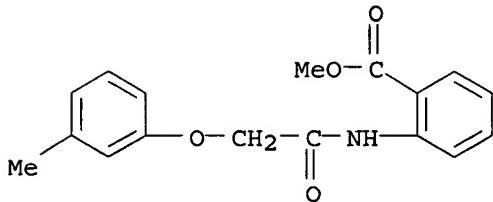
RN 109393-46-6 CAOLD

CN Anthranilic acid, N-(p-tolyloxyacetyl)-, methyl ester (6CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 109395-46-2 CAOLD

CN Anthranilic acid, N-(m-tolyloxyacetyl)-, methyl ester (6CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



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Yevgeny

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(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 16:50:36 ON 09 MAY 2006)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:50:43 ON 09 MAY 2006
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L4 STR L2
L5 24 SEA SSS SAM L4
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L10 5720 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON HEPATITIS/CT (L) C
L11 15624 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (HEPATITIS OR HEP) (W) C
L12 1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L9 AND (L10 OR L11)
D SCAN TI
L13 574735 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON HEPATITIS OR LIVER
L14 1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L9 AND L13
D SCAN TI

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FILE 'CAOLD' ENTERED AT 17:10:10 ON 09 MAY 2006
L15 2 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L8
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FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 17:11:55 ON 09 MAY 2006
D STAT QUE L8

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Yevgeny

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D QUE NOS L12
D QUE NOS L14
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FILE 'CAOLD' ENTERED AT 17:13:28 ON 09 MAY 2006
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D IALL HITSTR L15 1-2

FILE HOME

FILE REGISTRY

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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 8 MAY 2006 HIGHEST RN 883439-06-3
DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 8 MAY 2006 HIGHEST RN 883439-06-3

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* The CA roles and document type information have been removed from *
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* effective March 20, 2005. A new display format, IDERL, is now *
* available and contains the CA role and document type information. *
*

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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 8 MAY 2006 HIGHEST RN 883439-06-3
DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 8 MAY 2006 HIGHEST RN 883439-06-3

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TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH January 6, 2006

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

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* the IDE default display format and the ED field has been added, *
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* available and contains the CA role and document type information. *
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FILE LAST UPDATED: 8 May 2006 (20060508/ED)

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FILE ZCAPLUS

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 9 May 2006 VOL 144 ISS 20
FILE LAST UPDATED: 8 May 2006 (20060508/ED)

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FILE CAOLD

10/682,647

Yevgeny

FILE COVERS 1907-1966

FILE LAST UPDATED: 01 May 1997 (19970501/UP)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification. Title keywords, authors, patent assignees, and patent information, e.g., patent numbers, are now searchable from 1907-1966. TIFF images of CA abstracts printed between 1907-1966 are available in the PAGE display formats.

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